The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 5025.—VOL. XXXIV. SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1853. PRICE, THREEPENCE.

STEAM TO THE HUNTER.

THE ROSE, for Morpeth, This Evening, at 10 P.M. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A. S. N. Company's Wharf, June 25. 10858

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

THE iron steam-ship WARATAH, William Bell, commander, will be despatched, as above, on MONDAY next, the 27th instant, leaving the Wharf at 3 P.M. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A.S.N. Company's Wharf, June 24. Receipt of Goods will commence on Thursday, at 9 A.M. No bonded goods can be received. Passengers' luggage must be on board on Monday before 11 A.M. 10653

STEAM BETWEEN SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, AND ADELAIDE.

Will be despatched on or about Wednesday next, the 29th instant.

THE powerful new first-class screw steamship WEST WIND, 440 tons register, 250 horse power, Walter Wright, commander (late of the ships Trafalgar and Nelson), will be despatched on or about Wednesday next, the 29th instant. The chief saloon accommodations of this splendid vessel are of a most spacious and airy description, with beds and bedding found. The steerage is superior to that of any vessel yet laid on, and intending passengers are invited to call on board, and inspect the arrangements. For freight or passage, apply on board, at the Phœnix Wharf, to YOUNG AND CO., 407, George-street; or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL via THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

The steamship CLEOPATRA will be despatched from the Colonies promptly on the dates undernoted, and may be relied on.

THE magnificent and unrivalled swift new iron Steam Ship CLEOPATRA, 1600 tons, 300 horse power, Francis Cadell, commander; Charles R. Butter, Esq., Surgeon; will sail from

SYDNEY,
On Monday, the 18th day of July.
MELBOURNE,
On Wednesday, the 27th day of July;
ADELAIDE,
On the 31st day of July;

The Cleopatra, while employed in the intercolonial trade, has proved herself to be the fastest steam ship yet arrived from England, having made the shortest passages on record between Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide.

Rates of Passage, including Steward's fees, but not wines and liquors:
Chief Saloon and Cabin .. 100 guineas.
Second Class Cabin ...... 60 do.
Third Class Cabin ...... 40 do.

Beds, bedding, linen, &c., provided by the ship for all passengers (except those in the third cabin); and no expense will be spared to provide provisions, wines, liquors, &c., of the very best quality. The cabin saloons and state rooms are large and elegant, and every improvement in the arrangement, ventilation, &c., has been adopted, to secure the health, comfort, and accommodation of passengers. Music on board; carries an experienced surgeon; and stewardesses attend the ladies' cabin. Is furnished with Phillip's fire annihilator.

For passage, or freight of specie only, apply to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 3455

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ENGLAND VIA SINGAPORE.

(Under Contract with H. M. Government for Conveyance of Mails.)

THE Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's armed Screw Steamship CHUSAN, 750 tons, Captain Down, is expected to arrive here about the 18th instant, and will again be despatched in a few days for Singapore, of which timely notice will be given. The P. and O. Steam N. C. steamer Formosa, 700 tons, Captain Christian, is expected to arrive here with the English May mail about the 13th July, and will leave this port for Singapore on the 20th July, touching at Port Phillip, Adelaide, King George's Sound, and Batavia, in conjunction with the Company's steamers from Singapore to England via Egypt.

For rates of passage money, and freight of treasure only, to ports in Australia, Java, China, India, or England, with information on all subjects connected with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, apply to J. S. SPARKES, Superintendent.

Moore's Wharf, 9th June.

Under present arrangements, a steam ship of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company may be expected from Singapore about the 13th of every alternate month, to return on the 20th of the same month.

G. S. S. S. COMPANY'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE new screw steamship, ARGO, 1800 tons, Scales, commander, belonging to this Company, sailing from England at the end of April, may be expected to arrive the first week in July, and will be despatched for England immediately after the discharge of her inward cargo. The Argo is to be followed by the JASON, CRŒSUS, and GOLDEN FLEECE, each of 2500 tons, belonging to the same Company, at intervals of two months. DONALDSON AND CO. June 20. 10170

STEAM to Australia and New Zealand, via Panama and the Pacific. The Australasian Pacific Mail Steam Packet Company have now in course of building for this service, the following Iron Screw Steam Ships, viz.—

	Tons.	Horse Pr.	Commanders.
Kangaroo	1550	300	Captain Johnson, R.N.
Dinornis	1560	300	Captain Stamp.
Emu	1666	300	
Black Swan	1620	300	
Menura	1560	300	

The first named of which will be despatched from England for Sydney about July next, the others to follow at intervals of one month.

CHAMPION WETTON, Secretary.
50, Moorgate-street, London. 3385

STEAM TUG FOR THE HUNTER.

THE undersigned beg to inform Shipowners, Captains, and inhabitants on the Hunter and neighbouring colonies, that having, in common with others, long felt the want of a Steam Tug plying on the Hunter, and at Newcastle in particular, they therefore, at a very great expense, concluded arrangements with Messrs. Malcolm and Newton, the well known ship-builders on the Manning River, for the building of a boat of a superior description; and that they have arranged with Messrs. George Russell and Company, Engineers, Sydney, for the construction of two powerful engines of eighty horse power, together with boilers, &c., of the best description, and combining all the modern improvements. As the boat and engines are in a forward state, it is expected to have her running in the course of a few weeks. She is principally intended for the purpose of towing vessels of all sizes in and out of Newcastle, and plying on the Hunter when not so employed.

Further particulars in a future advertisement.

JAMES AND ALEXANDER BROWN AND CO., Newcastle. 10743

FOR MORPETH.

THE schooner ELLEN is now loading, and will sail on Saturday afternoon. GEORGE D. CRAIG, Brodie and Craig's Wharf. 80721

BELLA VISTA FOR MORETON BAY.

SHIPPERS by the above are requested to send in their bills of lading for signature by noon this day; and all passengers must be on board by 11 A.M., (Sunday,) to-morrow morning. W. U. HARRIS. 10889

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE splendid clipper-built brig THOMAS AND HENRY, 235 tons register, J. H. Nickson, commander, having a portion of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, with separate cabins for ladies, beds, bedding, wines, beer, spirits, &c., found free of extra charge, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. No Bonded Goods can be received. 10527

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Going to the Wharf, without lightering a Package.

THE fine first-class barque STAR, 183 tons register, Captain Verney, having much of her cargo engaged will have immediate despatch. For freight or cabin passage, having excellent accommodations,—beds, bedding, wines, beer, spirits, &c., found,—apply on board at Deloitte's Wharf, Miller's Point; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 9360

SARAH ANN FOR MELBOURNE.

Clears at the Customs this day.
Going up to the Wharf without lightering a package.

NOW fast loading, has still room for freight or a few passengers, with superior accommodations, beds, bedding, wines, beer, spirits, &c. Apply to Captain W. Watt, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 8711

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Going up to the wharf without lightering a single package.

THE splendid clipper barque ACACIA, 229 tons register, J. Smith, commander, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, beds, bedding, wines, beer, spirits, &c., found free of extra charge, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 10200

FOR MELBOURNE.

A chartered vessel.

THE fine A 1 clipper schooner NONPAREIL, (late Major Eastland), 185 tons register. This superb vessel goes to the wharf, Melbourne, without lightering, and will have room for about 50 tons goods, with splendid accommodation for passengers. For freight or passage, apply on board, at Circular Quay, or to THORNTON AND CHURCH, Macquarie-place. 9026

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

For Passengers only.

THE magnificent packet ship MONARCH, R. M. Jackson, commander, having all her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. Passengers are requested to inspect the spacious saloons of this first-class vessel. Beds, bed linen, &c., found in the cabin, free of extra charge. For passage only apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 10 31

FOR MELBOURNE,

Landing all her cargo on the Wharf without lightering a package.

THE clipper brig WANDERER, 200 tons, George Boggis, commander, is now fast loading, and will positively sail on Tuesday next, 28th instant. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, — beds, bedding, wines, and spirits, being found in the cabin free of extra charge,—apply on board; or to HENRY CLARKE, Union Wharf. 10667

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

A regular trader.

THE fine fast-sailing brig SWAN, 200 tons, Laurenson, commander, is now loading, and will be quickly despatched. For freight or passage, having superb accommodations (with separate cabins for ladies, beds, bedding, &c., found free of extra charge), apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). N.B.—No credit must be given on account of the Swan, unless by written authority of the Agent. 10778

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Going right up to the Wharf without lightering a package.

THE splendid clipper barque EMMA, 191 tons, Kelly, commander, clears at the Customs this day, and sails first fair wind after. Shippers will please pass their entries and forward bills of lading for signature at once. Passengers are requested to pay their balances, or the berths will be re-let and deposits forfeited. Has still room for a few tons of light freight, for which or passage, having splendid accommodations, wines, beer, spirits, &c., found in the cabin, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 10776

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

Going right up to the wharf without lightering a single package.

THE clipper barque AMELIA, 191 tons, Birkenshaw, commander, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will be quickly despatched. For light freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 10777

SOUTHERN CROSS LINERS.

Shippers to Melbourne,
Up to the Wharf without lightering.

THE favourite packet barque BONNIE DOON, Captain Tutty. Shippers are sending their freight down to this fine vessel so fast that any parties desirous of securing room for a few tons light freight, are requested to arrange for same immediately, otherwise they will be shut out: more than two-thirds being already engaged, she will sail immediately the weather changes. Passengers, either cabin or steerage, are requested to inspect her accommodations: her splendid saloon and ladies' cabin, together with her intermediate arrangements, are worthy of notice. Apply to Captain Tutty, alongside Flour Wharf; or to HENRY FISHER, 480, George-street, agent Southern Cross Liners. 10886

FOR GEELONG DIRECT.

To follow the Spitfire.

THE splendid clipper brig ECLIPSE, 200 tons, Cross, commander, now loading, and having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will be quickly despatched. For freight or passage, having first-rate accomodations, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 10779

THE EMMA, for Hobart Town, has still room for two cabin and three steerage passengers, and will positively sail on Tuesday morning. Apply to the Captain, on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street. 19785

FOR GEELONG DIRECT.

Hourly expected.

THE clipper brigantine MARGARET, Captain Spence. This favourite regular trader has a great portion of her cargo engaged, and will have immediate despatch. Apply to ANDREW WILSON, 474, George-street. 10792

SHIPPERS TO LAUNCESTON.

Final Notice to Shippers.

THE fine first-class brig FREAK, 245 tons register, Henry Burns, commander, at Queen's Wharf. Has room for twenty tons light freight if shipped at once. The vessel positively clears at the Custom House on Monday. Has room for two cabin and four steerage passengers. Apply directly to HENRY FISHER, 480, George-street. June 25. 10887

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT,

Warranted first vessel.

THE fine fast-sailing schooner ELIZA, 160 tons, Hardy, commander, now loading, and having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will be quickly despatched. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). N.B.—For sale ex the above vessel, about 1500 bushels prime wheat. Apply as above. 10774

FOR HOBART TOWN.

(To follow the Emma, and will sail on Wednesday next.)

THE well-known brig WILD IRISH GIRL, 170 tons, Ogilvie, commander. At the request of shippers, this vessel is laid on for the above port, and, as her freight is nearly all engaged, she will sail as above. For freight of about 20 tons, and passage, having accommodations replete with comfort, apply on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street. 10754

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

A regular Trader.

THE A1 clipper barque ASA PACKER, 400 tons, Elliott, commander, clears at the Customs on Monday, and positively proceeds to sea on Wednesday. Shippers are earnestly requested to complete their engagements at once. For light freight or passage, having superb accommodations for cabin, intermediate, and steerage passengers, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent, Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 10775

FOR HONOLULU DIRECT.

To sail on the 4th July.

THE A 1 British barque, ORKNEY LASS, John Martin, master. For freight or passage apply to HUSSEY, BOND, and HALE, 22, Macquarie-place. Consignees of Goods from California by this vessel are notified to take immediate delivery, otherwise they will be stored at their risk and expense. HUSSEY, BOND, and HALE, Agents. 10632

FOR CALCUTTA VIA SINGAPORE DIRECT.

THE A1 clipper ship PRINCE ALBERT, 700 tons register, R. B. Durham, commander, will sail as above, on the 1st July proximo. This ship has excellent accommodations, and offers a highly favourable opportunity for passengers to India. Apply to Captain Durham, on board, at Campbell's Wharf; or to GEORGE WERE, Circular Wharf. 10599

FOR LONDON,

To sail positively on the 10th July, with her usual punctuality,

THE well-known Aberdeen clipper-built barque PHŒNICIAN, J. Jamison, commander. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.; or MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO., Spring-street. 643

FOR LONDON,

THE new teak-built ship CHILDE HAROLD, A1, 600 tons, W. H. Prynn, commander, has the bulk of her cargo stowed, and only room for a limited quantity of wool. Has very superior poop accommodation. Apply to GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, AND CO., Exchange Buildings. 0988

FOR LONDON,

THE well known A1 clipper barque ANNA MARY, 302 tons register, D. Stephen, commander, will commence loading so soon as discharged, and have quick despatch. Apply to GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Exchange-buildings. 10797

FOR GOLD.

THE PELHAM offers decidedly the best conveyance. Shippers will oblige by weighing during the day. GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Exchange-buildings. 10798

SURGE, FOR LONDON,

THE above ship, having the whole of her crew engaged, will sail positively at daylight on Tuesday morning next, the 28th inst. The gold will be taken on board from the Circular Wharf on Monday, at twelve o'clock noon precisely. Captain Maurice is in attendance daily for the purpose of weighing. MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO. Spring-street, June 24. 10786

EMIGRATION REMITTANCES
BY THE
EAGLE LINE OF PACKETS
FROM
LIVERPOOL TO AUSTRALASIA.

THE Undersigned will receive Deposits from or make arrangements with, parties desiring to bring their friends to any of the Australasian Colonies, for providing passages by the line of packets belonging to Messrs. GIBBS, BRIGHT, AND CO., of Liverpool, of which the following splendid Ships form part:—The

Great Britain, screw steam-ship, 3500 tons, Captain Mathews

Eagle	Capt. Boyce	1065	tons register.
Falcon	„ Taylor	1106	„
Albatross	„ Geves	1085	„
Condor	„ Underwood	911	„
Petrel	„ Chapman	848	„
Osprey	„ Honeyman	768	„
Zetland	„ Brown	1283	„
Salacia	„ Brown	811	„
Bloomer	„ Simonds	887	„

And other vessels.

The provisions are of the best quality, supplied under the inspection of her Majesty's Emigration Agent.

A Surgeon, approved of by the Government Medical Inspector, accompanies each ship.

No commission will be charged on payments made here, and advices of the same will be transmitted through the friends of the undersigned in London, Liverpool, or Bristol, to parties on whose account they are made in any part of the United Kingdom.

For further particulars apply to CRAWLEY AND SMITH, Campbell's Wharf.
July 23. 421

FREIGHT TO CHINA.

WANTED, conveyance for 80 tons Sandal Wood, from Sydney to Hongkong. Apply to HENRY MOORE, Moore's Wharf, June 17. 9950

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE first-class fast-sailing ship SIR BEVOIS, 495 tons register, H. T. Appleton, commander. Apply to DONALDSON AND CO. 8890

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE Dutch barque EVERDINE ELIZABETH, 600 tons, Captain Tonjes. Apply to WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO. 10087

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

THE fine fast-sailing A1 barque ARABIA, J. J. Davis, commander. For terms apply to THACKER AND CO., 641, George-street.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, OR CHARTER.

THE fine first-class brig CORSAIR, 131 tons register, built at Moulmein, of teak, will be open for sale, freight, or charter, on arrival from Geelong—now daily expected. Apply to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 10623

SCHOONER HENRY.

TENDERS are invited for sundry repairs to the schooner HENRY, now lying off Dawes' Point, to include caulking and coppering. For particulars apply on board, off Dawes' Point; or to SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 480, George-street. 10667

WANTED to charter.—A vessel of about 200 tons, to load for Melbourne or Adelaide, either at Sydney or Newcastle. Also three or four smaller vessels to load coal at Morpeth for Sydney. Apply to JAMES MALCOLM, 507, George-street. 10006

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

THE rate of freight to Melbourne will be 60s. per ton, for dead weight and measurement goods. FREDERICK TERRY, Assistant Manager. A. S. N. Company's Wharf, June 25. 10859

FOR HOKIANGA (New Zealand).—Four cabin passages and a small quantity of freight can be taken for the above port by an A1 American ship, to sail on the 30th instant. Apply to S. WILKINSON, JUN., AND CO., Macquarie-place. 10561

SHIP MALVINA VIDAL, FROM LONDON.

CONSIGNEES of goods by the above vessel are requested to pass entries immediately for Towns' Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for cargo left on the wharf. R. TOWNS, Agent. 10803

BARQUE ANNA MARY, from London.—Consignees of Goods by this vessel are requested to take notice, that she will commence discharging at Campbell and Co.'s Wharf at once, and that entries must be passed immediately, and the Goods removed as landed. Entries will be passed for any packages obstructing the discharge of the cargo as they come to hand, and the ship will not be responsible for any loss of, or damage to, Goods after being landed. GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Agents. 10799

BRIG ANN AND MARIA, from London.—Consignees of Goods by this vessel are requested to take notice, that she will commence discharging at Campbell and Co.'s Wharf at once, and that entries must be passed immediately, and the Goods removed as landed. Entries will be passed for any packages obstructing the discharge of the cargo as they come to hand, and the ship will not be responsible for any loss of, or damage to, Goods after being landed. GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, AND CO., Agents. 10800

DUTCH SHIP ZEEPAARD.—All accounts against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate by noon, this day, to GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Exchange-buildings. 10801

DUTCH SHIP PICTURA. — All accounts against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate by noon, this day, to GILCHRIST, ALEXANDER, and CO., Exchange-buildings. 10802

SOUTHERN CROSS LINERS.

SHIPPERS by the above line are respectfully requested to pass entries for their Goods on shipment, to avoid unnecessary delay in clearing the vessels. HENRY FISHER, 480, George-street. 1068

TO CAPTAINS AND SHIP AGENTS.—The undersigned is a cash purchaser of ships' water casks, and oil butts.
JOHN WILLIAMS, Cooperage,
4797 Macquarie place.

WESLEYAN MISSIONS.

THE Anniversary Services of Prince-street Branch of the Wesleyan Missionary Society, will be held as follows:—

On Sunday next, June 26, 1853 (D.V.), two Sermons will be preached—in the morning, at 11 o'clock, by the Rev. John Eggleston; and (owing to the smallness of Prince-street Chapel) in the evening at York-street, at half-past 6 o'clock, by the Rev. R. Young, the deputation from the British Wesleyan Conference.

The Missionary Meeting will be held in Prince-street, on Wednesday, June 29,—the chair to be taken at half-past 6.

The Adjourned Auxiliary Missionary Meeting will be held in York-street, on Monday, June 27,—the chair to be taken by G. Allen, Esq., M.C., at half-past 6 o'clock.

The Rev. R. Young, the Rev. W. B. Boyce (General Superintendent), and other Ministers and Gentlemen, are expected to address the Meetings.

Collections will be made after each service, in aid of the funds of the Wesleyan Missionary Society. 10667

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY,
353, Pitt-street, Sydney.

LOANS granted on security of city and suburban property, at a moderate rate of interest, and may be repaid by instalments, including principal and interest, over a period of from three to ten years.
9215 WILLIAM PERRY, Secretary.

AUSTRALASIAN FREEMASONS' HALL.—Notice is hereby given, that a further call is made of £1 15s. per share, the same to be paid on or before the 1st day of July next, into the Commercial Bank, George-street, Sydney. By order of the Directors, WILLIAM MAGUIRE, Secretary. 24th June, 1853. 10817

SYDNEY CHESS CLUB.

MEMBERS are reminded that the Club meets regularly every Monday and Thursday evening at Toogood's (late Entwisle's) Hotel, York-street. Gentlemen seeking admission to the Club may obtain information from the Honorary Secretary, by applying at 523, George-street.
10781 J. I. MARK3, Hon. Sec.

THE Gentleman who borrowed of me, more than quarter of a year ago, the 7th Volume of Jarman's Conveyancing, containing Precedents of Purchase Deeds, is requested to return the same. W. W. BILLYARD, Macquarie-street North. 10764

LIFE PROSPECTUS.

THE UNITED GUARANTEE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital £100,000, fully subscribed, with power to increase the amount to £500,000.

DIRECTORS.
THE RIGHT HONOURABLE LORD ERSKINE, Chairman.
JOSHUA P. BROWN WESTHEAD, Esq., M.P., Vice-Chairman.
GEORGE BARBER, Esq.
JOSHUA BATES, Esq.
JOHN FIELD, Esq.
THOMAS CARLYLE HAYWARD, Esq.
JAMES IVYLEAFE, Esq.
CHARLES PODMORE, Esq.
DANIEL SHARS, Jun., Esq.
RICHARD SWIFT, Esq.
THOMAS WINKWORTH, Esq.
JAMES KNIGHT, Esq., Secretary.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

LIFE ASSURANCES are effected according to Tables calculated expressly for this office, and sanctioned by the experience of the most eminent authorities.

TABLE OF ANNUAL PREMIUMS

For insuring £100 payable upon the Decease of any party, or at a given age, say 60.

Age.	One year.			Seven years.			Whole Life. Without profits.			Whole Life. With profits.			Payable at 60.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
15	0	15	3	0	16	9	1	10	4	1	15	1	2	3	9
16	0	16	6	0	17	1	1	11	1	1	15	10	2	5	1
17	0	17	0	0	17	3	1	11	9	1	16	9	2	6	6
18	0	17	2	0	17	3	1	12	6	1	17	7	2	7	11
19	0	17	3	0	17	5	1	13	4	1	18	6	2	9	4
20	0	17	5	0	17	6	1	14	1	1	19	5	2	10	11
21	0	17	5	0	17	9	1	14	11	2	0	5	2	12	8
22	0	17	5	0	18	4	1	15	10	2	1	5	2	14	6
23	0	17	5	0	19	3	1	16	10	2	2	7	2	16	4
24	0	17	6	1	0	3	1	17	10	2	3	9	2	18	5
25	0	17	8	1	1	4	1	18	10	2	4	11	3	0	7
26	0	18	2	1	2	4	2	0	0	2	6	2	3	2	11
27	0	19	1	1	3	4	2	1	2	2	7	6	3	5	4
28	1	1	5	1	4	3	2	2	4	2	8	11	3	7	11
29	1	4	2	1	4	10	2	3	6	2	10	3	3	10	8
30	1	4	10	1	5	1	2	4	7	2	11	6	3	13	4
31	1	5	2	1	5	5	2	5	9	2	12	7	3	15	0
32	1	5	2	1	5	8	2	6	10	2	13	9	3	18	8
33	1	5	2	1	6	3	2	8	2	2	15	0	4	1	9
34	1	5	2	1	7	5	2	9	6	2	16	5	4	5	0
35	1	5	3	1	8	6	2	11	0	2	17	9	4	8	7
36	1	6	0	1	9	10	2	12	6	2	19	3	4	12	6
37	1	6	9	1	11	3	2	14	2	3	0	10	4	16	9
38	1	7	6	1	12	8	2	15	10	3	2	6	5	1	7
39	1	9	3	1	14	0	2	17	7	3	4	2	5	6	5
40	1	12	0	1	15	11	2	19	4	3	5	11	5	11	11
41	1	13	11	1	15	11	3	1	2	3	7	11	....		
42	1	15	5	1	16	3	3	2	11	3	9	11	....		
43	1	15	11	1	16	6	3	4	10	3	12	0	....		
44	1	16	6	1	16	6	3	6	10	3	14	3	....		
45	1	16	6	1	16	6	3	8	11	3	16	7	....		
46	1	16	6	1	16	6	3	11	2	3	19	1	....		
47	1	16	6	1	16	6	3	13	8	4	1	10	....		
48	1	16	6	1	16	6	3	16	4	4	4	10	....		
49	1	16	6	1	17	6	3	19	5	4	8	2	....		
50	1	16	6	1	19	4	4	2	0	4	11	11	....		
51	1	16	6	2	1	10	4	6	5	4	16	0	....		
52	1	17	5	2	5	2	4	10	6	5	0	5	....		
53	1	19	11	2	9	6	4	14	6	5	5	0	....		
54	2	1	0	2	15	2	4	18	11	5	10	0	....		
55	2	4	2	3	1	0	5	3	9	5	15	4	....		

PREMIUMS may be paid either quarterly, half-yearly, or annually, at the option of the assured.

SURRENDER OF POLICIES.—Policies may be surrendered at any time, either by the Company making a payment in money, or issuing a new Policy for a more limited amount, dependent upon the value of the original Policy, or by allowing the Assurer to substitute another approved life in his stead.

POLICIES are INDISPUTABLE except in cases of palpable fraud, and One-Fourth of the sum assured is payable TEN days after the production of satisfactory proof of death.

COLONIAL RISKS are undertaken on liberal terms. No extra premiums for Australia, the North American Colonies, or the Cape.

POLICY STAMPS paid by the Company.

PROFITS.—Three-fifths, Sixty per cent., of the entire profits divisible among the Assured.

By order of the Court of Directors,
JAMES KNIGHT, Secretary.
36, Old Jewry, Cheapside.
LOUIS BARBER, AND CO.,
Macquarie-place,
10747 Agents for Sydney.

MATHEMATICAL AND CLASSICAL ACADEMY, Goulburn-street, between George and Pitt streets.

MR. J. H. CLARKE begs to acquaint the public that the above school will be re-opened on Monday next, the 27th instant. Mr. J. H. C. has accommodation for a few additional boarders. 10756

MR. H. A. MOORE begs to apprise Parents and Pupils that his Classes will re-assemble on Monday, July the 4th, terms may be known by applying at Mr. M.'s private residence, 48, Castlereagh-street South, St. Lawrence's Grammar School. 10757

MRS. CLAPHAM begs to intimate that she has vacancies for a limited number of young ladies. The duties of her establishment will recommence July 18th. Lancaster House, Parramatta. 10741

LADIES' SEMINARY.
Burwood, Parramatta Road.

MRS. LOVE respectfully announces to her friends that the duties of her establishment will be resumed on Tuesday, 5th of July.

TERMS—£30 per annum, including washing. Accomplishments extra. 10758

LADIES' SCHOOL.—Madame LUBECKI and Mrs. GRIFFITH beg to inform the parents and guardians of their pupils that the duties of the school will be resumed on Monday, 18th July. They have vacancies for three young ladies as boarders. GOUGH HOUSE, Church-street, Parramatta. 13746

EDUCATIONAL. — Educational establishments of a high order are confessedly too few in the Australian colonies to meet the growing wants of rising communities.

To supply in some measure this deficiency, a school, designed as preparatory to the University of Sydney, has been opened at Cook's River, near Sydney, with the name of

BRASENOSE HALL,

and under the conduct of the head master, the Rev. W. J. R. HILLYAR, B.A., late scholar of Brasenose College, and graduate in honours, Oxon.

Brasenose Hall is most admirably adapted for a scholastic institution; it is situated in the most healthy suburb of Sydney, about 5 miles distant from the city—an omnibus passing twice every day, and within a quarter of an hour's walk of St. Peter's Church.

The apartments are large and lofty, the grounds extensive, and salt water bathing can be enjoyed on the premises.

With respect to character and competency, the Rev. Mr. Hillyar is authorised to refer to the Rev. John Woolley, D.C.L., classical Professor in the University of Sydney; the Rev. F. Wilkinson, M.A., colonial chaplain, incumbent of St. John's, Ashfield; and the Rev. Thomas Steele, L.L.D., incumbent of St. Peter's, Cook's River.

Cards of terms may be procured in Sydney, by applying to Mr. Piddington, bookseller, George-street; Messrs. Ford, booksellers, George-street; Mr. Waugh, bookseller, Hunter-street; and Mr. Pinhey, chemist and druggist, Parramatta-street.

The duties of the school will be resumed after the June vacation on Monday, 4th July.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—To ensure parties who have purchased Box and Stall Tickets for the Grand Concert, on Monday Evening, having such Boxes and Stalls retained for them, Mr. SLOPER will attend *personally* (with efficient assistance) in the body of the Theatre, to conduct visitors to their seats. 10793

MONDAY'S GRAND CONCERT.—Victoria Theatre.—In consequence of the great demand for tickets for this attractive entertainment, Mr. SLOPER has determined upon throwing open the Gallery of the Theatre. 10794

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

MR. EVANS SLOPER'S GRAND CONCERT.

Under the patronage of the Right Worshipful the Mayor of Sydney.
MONDAY, JUNE 27.

PROGRAMME.
PART I.

Overture—De Lame Blanche—Messrs. Rainer, White, Brower, Bryant, Foans, and Moran
Chorus—We're the Boys for Pleasure ...... Company
Off for Baltimore (original) ..... Foans
Belle of Tennessee .... Moran
Old Folks at Home .... Brower
See, Sir, See—La Sonnambula .. Rainer
Dere He Goes, and Dat's Him .. Moran
Virginia Rosebud (or Lost Child) White
Swiss Refrain, with Tyrolean Imitations by Foans .... Brower
Grand Finale - Phantom Chorus —La Sonnambula ...... Company
[A few Minutes' Interval for Change of Costume.]
Solo—Flutina .... Bryant
Song—Ben Bolt, with Banjo Accompaniment .... White
Solo—Characteristique Banjo .... Moran

PART II.
CLASSICAL CHAMBER MUSIC.
Piano Accompanyist and Conductor—Mr. J. Howson.
Glee—Norse Melody—Norwegian National—Miss Flora Harris, Mr. F. Howson, Mr J. Howson, and Mr. Evans Sloper
Duett—Deh Conte—Norma—Cornopean and Horn—Mr. A. Durant and Evans Sloper
Song (second time of performance)—When we recall those Happy Scenes Balfe—Mr. J. Howson
Descriptive Song, Man the Life Boat—Henry Russell—Mr. Evans Sloper
Duett Grand Scena, from Opera Matilda—W. V. Wallace—Miss Flora Harris and Mr. Frank Howson
Solo—Saxe Horn—The Light of Other Days—Balfe—Mr. Evans Sloper
Song—The Grecian Daughter's War Song—J. M. Harris—Miss Flora Harris
Grand Scena—Opera of Nino—Verdi—Mr. F. Howson
Buffo Song—Matrimony—John Parry—Mr. John Howson
Glee—Forresters, Sound the Cheerful Horn—Ensemble
Grand Performance upon the National Instrument of Tyrol, in full national costume,

THE ZEITER,

as played before Her Majesty Queen Victoria, August 7, 1852—M. Rahm

After which (first time of performance) the Celebrated Negro Opera OH HUSH! or NEGRO ASSURANCE, with New Scenery, Decorations, &c., &c. Cuff, a Boot Black, Moran; Samuel Johnson, Esq., a Master Boot Black, White; Peter Williams, John Silsbee, Tom Lincoln, journeymen boot blacks, Brower, Rainer, and Bryant, Miss Dinah Rose, a very coquettish young lady, very pretty, very bustling, and fond of having two strings to her bow—J. M. Foans.

Plan of arrangements to be seen at Messrs. Henry Marsh and Co.'s, 490½, George-street, where tickets may be obtained, and stalls and boxes reserved; also at Messrs. Woolcott and Clarke's, George-street; Messrs. W. S. Johnson and Co., Pitt-street; Messrs. D. Buist and Sons, Bridge-street; and of Mr. Curran, Parramatta-street.

Carriages may be ordered at half-past 10 o'clock.

N.B.—The Theatre will be thoroughly warmed, good fires being kept constantly burning throughout the whole of Monday.

Doors open at half-past 6 o'clock, performance to commence at half-past 7 o'clock. Dress circle and stalls, 5s.; upper boxes, 3s.; gallery, 2s. 10791

ROYAL HOTEL.

Second Night of the Nigger in the Bag, Which was received with unbounded applause on the occasion of the benefit for the sufferers of the steamer Monumental City.

RAINER'S Original Ethiopian Serenaders, from America, Messrs. Rainer, White, Brower, Bryant, Foans, and Moran.

THIS EVENING, 25th June.
Change of Programme.

PROGRAMME.
PART I.

Overture .. ..Bryant and Company
Opening Chorus—Hither we come (from the Enchantress) ...... Company
I'm off for Charleston .... Moran
Strike, Boys, Strike! .... Brower
Dinah Crow .. .. Foans
As I now view (from La Sonnambula) .... Rainer
Rosa Lee .... White
Bowling Green .... Moran
Oh, Boys! carry me 'long...... White
Picayune Butler (new style) .... Foans
Grand Finale to Part I.—The Phantom Chorus, from Sonnambula .... Company.

PART II.
MISCELLANEOUS OLIO.
Solo, Flutina .... Bryant
Ballad, Ben Bolt, with Banjo accompaniment .... White
Solo, Banjo, — with Oddities, Absurdities, Comicalities, Profundities, Contradictories, Incongruities, Improbabilities—hoping that all will show their infirmities to patronise his Disquisition on Sheep Meat, Pig's Meat, and every other kind of meat that you shall feel meet to listen to withal .... Moran
Duet—Flutina and Banjo ...... Moran and White
Song and Paraphrase .... Moran and White.

The merits of this extraordinary composition cannot be described: it must be heard to be appreciated.

PART III.

THE NIGGER IN THE BAG!!! Miss Fanny Bloomer, Foans; Charles Squash, Esq., in love with Fanny, White; Cuff, the Nigger Postman, and the rival of Squash, Moran.

The Evening's Entertainment to conclude with a PLANTATION JIG! by F. Moran.

Musical Director ...... Mr. J. C. Rainer

Cards of admission—reserved seats, 4s.; middle seats, 3s.; back seats, 2s.; to be had of H. Marsh and Co., music sellers, 490, George-street, and at the Royal Hotel, from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. Doors open at 7, Concert commences at 8 o'clock.

The next Concert will take place on Monday evening. E. TOTTEN, Agent. 10734

MASONIC BALL.—A Meeting of the Committee will take place this evening, at the Victoria Hotel, Pitt-street, at seven o'clock. H. HOGHTON, Secretary. 10871

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

Notice—No persons will be admitted to the Dress Boxes unless they are suitably attired.

THIS EVENING, (SATURDAY,) JUNE 25.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

NEW YORK SERENADERS.—Third Grand Glee and Ethiopian Musical Soirée. The New York Serenaders beg respectfully to announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Sydney that their Third Grand GLEE and ETHIOPIAN MUSICAL SOIREE will take place at the Royal Victoria Theatre, THIS EVENING (Saturday) June 25, when the following Programme will be presented.

PROGRAMME.
PART I.
WHITE FACES.

Glee, The Mariner .... Messrs. Nash, Kitts, Pierce, and Reading.
Quartette, Beware! Beware! Messrs. Nash, Kitts, Pierce, and Reading.
Quartette, Napoleon's Grave Messrs. Nash, Reading, Kitts, and Pierce.
Glee, Hail smiling Morn.... Messrs. Pierce, Reading, Kitts, and Nash.
(Intermission of fifteen minutes, for change of costume.)

PART II.
ETHIOPIAN.

Introductory Overture ..... Company
Opening Chorus, Ever be happy, (Music from the Enchantress) .... Company
Picayune Butler ...... Mr. Pierce
The Dandy Broadway Swell Mr. Kitts
Jenny get your hoe cake done Mr. Reading
Virginia Rose Bud; or, The Stolen Child. (Music from the Bronze Horse) .... Mr. Nash
Trio, Darkey Schoolmaster Messrs. Kitts, Nash, and Pierce
Come Back Steben .... Mr. Pierce
Would I were a Boy again.. Mr. Nash
Way down in Cairo ...... Mr. Reading
We am de Serenaders ...... Mr. Kitts
Stop dat Knocking ... Mr. Pierce
(Intermission of ten minutes.)

PART III.

Duet, Flutina and Guitar .. Messrs. Pierce and Nash
Ballad, Sing me an English Song, (Concertina accompaniment by Mr. Pierce).. Mr. Nash
(Intermission of ten minutes.)

PART IV.

Medley Overture and Chorus Company
Black eyed Susannah ...... Mr. Nash
Camptown Races .... Mr. Pierce
Julianna Johnson .... Mr. Reading
Whose dat Nigger a peeping, (Music from Fra Diavolo) Mr. Kitts
Dearest Mae (by request) .. Mr. Nash
Duet, Come to the Old Gum Tree .... Messrs. Pierce and Kitts
Old Grey Goose .... Mr. Lee
Sally White: Music from "Don Pasquale" ...... Mr. Nash
Niggers from the South (laughing chorus, as arranged by the New York Serenaders).... ...... Mr. Pierce.

The whole to conclude with the Virginia Breakdown! by Messrs. Reading and Lee.

Tickets and Boxes may be secured at Mr. Torning's, Box Office, Victoria Hotel; and tickets may be obtained of Mr. Moffitt, Stationer, Pitt-street. Dress Circle, 4s.; half-price, 2s. Upper Circle, 3s.; half-price, 2s. Pit, 2s.; half-price, 1s. Gallery, 1s.; no half-price.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, performances to commence at half-past seven precisely. 10835

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

MR. and Mrs. STARK for FOUR NIGHTS. On Tuesday Evening, June 28, First time of Bulwer's play of

RICHELIEU.
Cardinal Richelieu .... Mr. Stark
Julie de Mortemar......... Mrs. Stark
With a fine cast.

To conclude with ROGERS WORRIED BY F. HOWSON.

On Wednesday Evening, THE STRANGER, and the beautiful Comedy entitled, FAINT HEART NEVER WON FAIR LADY.

(See small bill of the day.)
10883 F. HOWSON, Stage Manager.

SALES BY AUCTION.

ROYAL HORSE REPOSITORY,
Pitt-street.
Saturday's Regular Sale.

MR. W. CLEMENTS, M.R.C.V.S., will sell by auction, THIS DAY,
Several country horses
Heavy cart horses, warranted
Gig horses
Saddle horses
Carts, drays
Harness
Saddles, bridles, &c.. &c. 10896

THE STOCK OF A GENERAL DEALER, WITHOUT RESERVE,

Consisting of Prints, Looking Glasses, Candlesticks, and a variety of Goods.
No reserve.

C. ADRAIN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, King-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,

45 pieces prints, 3 dozen looking glasses, 45 double bridles, 8 pieces de laine, reel cotton thread, braces, combs, assorted, and a large variety of goods too numerous for insertion. After which will be sold one cask vinegar, one quarter-cask and one jar of pickled cucumbers, furniture, clocks, watches, jewellery, 2 hogskin saddles. Also, at the risk of the *former purchaser*, a lot of pumpkins. 10917

FURNITURE, GROCERIES, AND A VARIETY OF GOODS.

C. ADRAIN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, King-street, on MONDAY 27th June, at 11 o'clock,

2 wash stands, 1 table, 2 sets counter scales and weights, 2 bedsteads, 3 candlesticks, tea, sugar, rice, soda, starch, spice, ginger, cloves, mustard, loaf sugar, pickles, salad oil, cigars, clothes line, and a variety of goods. 10916

POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE OF Household Furniture and Effects.

THE Messrs. MOORE have received instructions from the proprietor to sell on the premises, Coach and Horses, Cumberland-street, on MONDAY Morning, July 27th, at eleven o'clock,

The whole of the household furniture comprising

Sofas, chairs, chests drawers, cheffoniers, washstands, toilet table, toilet glasses, bedsteads bedding, kitchen utensils, &c., with numerous sundry goods.

Terms cash. 10864

DRAUGHT HORSES.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at the Bull's Head Horse Repository, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday June 25, at 11 o'clock,

35 Head of Horse Stock, comprising
6 heavy draught horses
8 good gig horses
4 town hacks, with saddles and bridle complete
17 other horses, fit for various purposes
English-built carriage
2 gigs
3 light carts
2 spring carts
2 drays
2 sets of cart harness
1 set of silver-mounted gig harness
Saddles, bridles, &c.

Terms at sale. 1083

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PARRAMATTA.

COURT OF PETTY SESSIONS. — Before Mr. Forbes, P.M., and Mr. Fearon, J.P. — John Barrett, a trooper attached to the escort police, in charge of Captain Battye, was arraigned for stealing a £1 note, the property of David M'Culloch, of the Parramatta mounted police. Constable Flanders apprehended the prisoner on the Kissing Point Road, and informed him that he was apprehended on a charge of stealing a one pound note, and also committing a rape; prisoner made reply—as to the one pound note, he knew he took it, and would make it all right with M'Culloch. The prosecutor deposed that prisoner slept in the same room with him, and during his absence for about half an hour prisoner took the money and went off. Prisoner was remanded as another charge was preferred against him.

RAPE ON A CHILD FOUR YEARS OLD.—John Barrett appeared before Messrs. Forbes and Fearon, J.P.'s, to answer to the above charge. From the evidence adduced it appeared that the father of the child is a poor man, a widower, residing in Campbell-street, named William Blake. Whilst absent from home, prisoner came to the house; and on Blake's return, a woman named Oxley, who was at the house, hearing the child scream, went in and took her from the bed. Blake coming in at the time dragged the prisoner out of the house; he was the worse for liquor, but could walk away. Doctors Greenup and Bassett were examined, whose evidence with other, not fit for publication, clearly proved the case. Prisoner made no defence, and was committed to take his trial at the Supreme Criminal Court, to be held at Sydney on the first August next. Mr. J. M. Gould appeared on the part of the prisoner, but made no defence. The same prisoner was also committed to take his trial for stealing the £1 note as stated above.

WATER WORKS. — More than ordinary delight and gratitude is expressed by a great number of the inhabitants in Parramatta, at the interest exhibited by Mr. Holroyd and his honorable co-adjutors, in bringing before the House the affairs of the Parramatta Water Works. Such gratuitous and disinterested services merit our warmest thanks, and it is only to be hoped that the matter will be investigated to its very foundation, in order that something really definite and beneficial to Parramatta may be the result. How truly inexplicable is our condition. Here we are with every facility for obtaining what we really stand in need of, for nature has favoured the spot with its butments of solid rocks, materials of stone for all purposes, a vast basin to contain the supply of water, our Council has placed money at our disposal, and yet here we are still at every fall of rain permitting torrents of water ty go to waste. How long are the quiet inhabitants of our daily improving town to be pointed at with the finger of scorn, for allowing such a state of things to exist? How ever are we to help it? The Governor has appointed the members of the committee for the supervision of the works, and the people have no power to influence them either way. We have done all that we could constitutionally, and as good townspeople do, in the way of petitioning and remonstrance, and now we trust and hope that whilst our own member has allowed our afflictions to continue without pity or relief, that our sympathising and noble hearted neighbours in the metropolis, who have taken up our cause, will meet with good success, and to them we say with all becoming reverence "God speed them."

MR. FORBES' MOTION.—The Committee of the Water Works met at the District Council Chambers agreeable to adjournment, on Thursday evening last, and after the minutes of the meeting had been read, Mr. Forbes stated his desire to move the resolution of which he had given notice last meeting. The chairman expressed his wish, in conjunction with Messrs. Payten and Houison, that the motion might stand over until the regular monthly meeting to take place in about a fortnight. A long discussion ensued between the chairman and Mr. Forbes, the latter urging the necessity of proceeding with the work. Mr. Byrnes pleaded the apparent indelicacy of proceeding with the motion whilst the papers were on the table of the Legislative Council, and probably would be read by Mr. Nichols, who had offered to do so. Mr. Forbes consented to postpone his motion upon the consideration that something definite and practical should be agreed upon at the next meeting. Mr. Pye asked Mr. Byrnes whether ever he had opposed the members of the Road Trust, as Mr Oakes had stated in Council the other day? Mr. Byrnes replied no, he did not remember that Mr. Pye had done so. The meeting adjourned to the first Wednesday in July.

WOLLONGONG.

JUNE 23.—THE MYSTERY SOLVED.—With reference to the paragraph in our last communication, headed "Mysterious as yet," in which we stated that a settler named Patrick Halpin, was supposed to have been drowned in a creek near his own house, having disappeared since Monday evening, the 13th instant, we have now to state that our supposition proved but too true, for the body of the unfortunate man was found on Saturday morning in the position indicated. The mystery was solved!—the man was drowned, and drunkenness was the cause!

THE LAND SYSTEM.—Matters remain in the local commissioners' office in *statu quo*. No instructions about the sale of the lands already surveyed no information—no explanation—the old game,—when the Commissioner writes, his communications are still politely "acknowledged." We shall have to get up a case for Mr. Charles Cowper, and solicit that most useful member's interference. How long are the interests of the public to be sacrificed? Why delude people with a belief that they may obtain land by applying for it? It is too bad. It is a "mockery" and a "snare."

THE WEATHER.—From the time stated in our last, the rain ceased; in the mornings and evenings, however, the winds are chill and piercing; a few miles from the sea coast there are sharp frosts, and sometimes ice of a morning; but on the whole, notwithstanding, the atmosphere is quite invigorating.

BRAIDWOOD.

JUNE 14.—In my last I mentioned the death of Captain Coghill, on Thursday; his remains were interred in the private burial ground on the family estate. Upwards of 100 persons paid the last tribute of respect to the memory of him who had so long occupied an important position in the district. The service was performed by the Rev. William Ross, Presbyterian Minister of Goulburn, who delivered at the grave a suitable and impressive exhortation. Captain Coghill having long presided on the bench as a judicious and upright magistrate. The Court on Thursday, after being opened *pro forma*, immediately adjourned. The large gathering at the funeral comprised individuals from every grade and class in the district.

For the last ten days or fortnight we have had a succession of frosts, sharper than were ever remembered in the district. The thermometer has been 9 degrees below freezing point on more than one occasion, in an exposed situation; I am told it sunk one morning to 18°. I was amused a day or two ago, about half-past 7 A.M., on looking at the Fahrenheit hanging in a verandah, to see it had not been graduated lower than 20°, and the mercury was not visible, and about an hour it began to show itself. This thermometer work was, I suppose made for New South Wales, and that there anything lower than 25° would ever be required would perhaps even now be ridiculed as a traveller's tale. However, we have done for a time with frosts, for since Saturday evening, it has been raining incessantly, with every prospect of continuance. So heavy and so constant is the rain, that some are beginning to read a recurrence of the severe floods of last year. These showers, or rather torrents, will prevent work at all our diggings for a time. Great expectations are formed of the richness of the gold field now found to exist on the Bendervale estate. But for this change in the weather, no doubt some would have been at work on this property; at present all labour there must be deferred to an indefinite period. Upwards of 650 licenses have been issued this month. Of these about 50 have been taken out at the Mongarlow River, and the rest are about equally divided between Major's Creek, Araluen, and the private property on Bell's Paddock and Creek. It is to be hoped that the difficult questions connected with the management of our gold fields will now be thoroughly settled. The names of those to act on the committee seem, on the whole, to be of men of the right stamp, who will avoid the two extremes of extreme subserviency and rampant radicalism.—Where "doctors differ," and so many wiser men than myself hold different opinions, it may be almost deemed presumptuous for me to utter my crude notions on the agitated question of the license fee. I must, however, declare I have not yet met with argument strong enough to persuade me that it would be safe to relinquish it. It is a matter of grave consideration whether, as Mr. Wentworth puts it, "giving free access to the gold fields would not tend to the ruin and destruction of other pursuits," and although this may smack a little of protection, we must not be frightened by the bug-bear of a name, and must also remember that gold digging is a matter so completely *sui generis*, that what were inadmissible in other cases may be safely adopted here. Again, the end of abolishing the license fee is, I imagine, that thus emigration may be encouraged. Be it so. Are we prepared for the influx of thousands of immigrants of all countries, all colours, all creeds? Is this to be desired, is it "desirable" again to quote Mr. Wentworth, "that this country should enjoy a seeming prosperity, accompanied by profligacy, extravagance, and debauchery." I waive the reference to Victoria of the learned member's remarks, the general observation, however, deserving of serious attention. The Colonial Secretary looks at the question very properly in a financial point of view, and tells the Council that if they abolish the license fee, "they must take some steps to provide for the corresponding deficiency in the revenue which would ensue." He might have added, provide also for the increased demand on the public purse to meet the large additions to our Police force (to name only one item of expenditure) which would almost certainly be required. It will be a question for the Committee to consider whether by abolishing the fee or tax (if tax it is to be called) in the case of the gold diggers, they will not thus indirectly render it necessary to levy additional taxes on the other members of the community. Thus would be presented something in the shape of a premium to gold digging. A fear of prohibition, on the one hand may, it is just possible, lead to the opposite evil. Writing from a gold district where for nearly two years we have been quietly digging, and not a whisper has been heard against the license system, or at the most, but a whisper, I certainly will not take upon me dogmatically to say that the license fee should not be abolished, but I will at least very frankly acknowledge that I cannot discover any benefits to be derived from its abrogation at all commensurate with the inconveniences, to say no more, that will almost inevitably ensue. Our gold fields may pay *some £5000 or £6000*; what if these numbers are multiplied by ten or twenty, and what if disappointment ensue, and men be maddened into violence and goaded to revenge? What if it be blazoned to the world that we invited men to come and gather our riches, and when they came it was found we had no riches to give them? Is this idea ridiculed as preposterous? Is it averred that our riches are almost inexhaustible, at any rate incalculable. Then surely we violate no principles of justice or of generosity, either while we send forth our invitation we couple with it the terms in which the invitation is presented, especially when our terms are after all, say what the cavillers may, so reasonable and so easy. Barely sufficient to meet all the additional charges on the public revenue, and to maintain that position of public credit and public importance too, which our teeming wealth allows, yes, and compels us to assume. These are some of the phases under which the subject has presented itself to me, no doubt many others will suggest themselves to wiser heads than mine. There are different matters of detail on which I will not enter. This matter of license will be the main subject for careful consideration. I would ask why is the half-monthly license system to be discontinued. Here at least it has worked well, and has been gratefully received by the diggers as a concession in their favour.

You will see that in actual news from the diggings I am unusually bare. If this weather continues, (and at present there is no likelihood of alteration) we shall have but little to report for some time to come. Yet it will be seen some sturdy determined ones still stick to the work, a plain proof that even under the most disadvantageous circumstances there is some profit to be derived from gold digging.

At the Araluen we are glad to hear the gold diggers are erecting a suitable building for the celebration of Divine worship. On Sunday last, funeral sermons for the late lamented bishop were preached on the Turon and on Myer's Creek, by the officiating clergymen.

OVENS DIGGINGS.

SPRING CREEK, JUNE 14.—Several new patches have been opened during the past week, all of which bear evidences of a considerable deposit of the precious metal. In each case there was a rush, and, as a natural consequence, all the supposed available ground has been marked out, but whether every claim will be worked is a question which seems very doubtful. In nearly all these rushes it is fashionable for parties who may be doing very well, to go and mark out fresh claims with very little intention of working them. They adopt what is called the system of "shepherding;" or in other words they make a practice of keeping possession of the new claim, until they see what the holes adjacent are likely to turn out. Possession is generally secured by taking a spit off once within every twenty-four hours, which enables the owners to say that they are actually working their claims, without which they could not keep them in accordance with the regulations. Having waited until the adjacent shafts have been put down they compare the results with those of the holes they are already working, and at once agree either to work the new claims or to abandon them altogether, according as the prospects are either favourable or otherwise. One bad consequence of this system is that a few parties who may be entitled to no more than two or three claims each manage to secure and keep possession of some five or six, to the exclusion of new comers and those who may be really in need of fresh claims. Disputes, moreover, are constantly occurring, which, in nine cases out of ten, end by calling in the commissioner, who, though evidently disposed to do justice, very frequently gives a wrong decision owing to his ignorance of that species of monopoly to which I have alluded.

The last rush took place on Friday last, the new point of attraction being a flat near the water, in close proximity to the first diggings on Spring Creek. The first hole was bottomed on Friday afternoon, and within twenty-four hours afterwards the whole of the new ground was marked out. The best prospect as yet taken was a quarter of an ounce to the bucket, and the worst, a pennyweight to the pan. The sinking is rather shallow, being from fifteen to eighteen feet, and as the ground for the most part is soft, a shaft can be put down in two or three days. The old hands on Spring Creek speak very highly of the new flat, and hint at the probability of its yielding even pounds weight to the load. How far this will be the case remains to be proved. Some parties in marking out new claims have taken in old deserted holes, with a view of tunnelling in from them to that part of the ground which is supposed to be good. This will save the time and labour of sinking new shafts, but it will not be altogether devoid of danger, as the sides of the old holes, in consequence of their exposure to the winds and rain, are continually falling in, sometimes in such masses as to fill up nearly half the depth.

The new ground in the deep sinking to which I alluded last week is turning out remarkably well, although, as usual, there have been several blanks. One or two parties are netting as much as eleven and twelve ounces to the load, while the majority are realising from two to three ounces. Some of those claims which were deserted under the impression of their being blanks, have been gone into by other parties, and found to pay well after two or three feet of tunnelling. Instances of this kind occur almost every day, and show more forcibly than anything how foolish it is to abandon a claim before it has been properly tested by driving. The bed rock here, in relation to the stratum containing the deposit of gold, has some peculiarities which do not pertain to it in any of the other diggings on this Creek. In one hole it may be a soft granite, and in the next a hard schist; in one hole the washing stuff lies on the bed rock, and in another on a stratum of soft drift sand and pebbles immediately above the bed rock; in one hole the bed rock is pierced by springs, and in another it is perfectly dry. All these changes may be found in a space of ground not exceeding fifty feet square. It is also worthy of remark, that the underlying stratum of sand and the springs most frequently, if not invariably, accompany the granite bed rock. This sand contains gold, but in such small quantities that it would be unprofitable to wash it. The presence of this sand, moreover, is generally considered a sure sign that there is no gold on the bed rock; and such being the case, it is customary here to go down no farther than the regular vein of washing stuff. In the absence of another stratum rich in the precious metal, the laying bare of the bed rock can give no advantage whatever, whilst it generally opens the way to springs, which are always very troublesome.

The diggings on the Red Hill have just received an impetus from some new hands who have lately set in there. A few of the claims are still yielding handsome profits, and are likely to do so for some time. The gold seems to be pretty equally distributed on this hill, for it has been found in abundance in nearly all parts of it. Some of the new claims recently sunk towards the top of the hill are yielding upwards of six ounces to the load, which is equal to the average obtained from some of the best holes near the base. As I stated in a previous communication the washing stuff in the new claims is somewhat peculiar from its deep red colour, and its extreme hardness. The latter quality is particularly felt in the cradling or tomming, which is a work of time and difficulty, so much so that it would not pay unless the stuff was unusually rich.

I have nothing more to communicate with respect to the progress of mining affairs at Reed's Creek. The sluice companies have it all their own way, and are continuing to net large profits. Labour is still a desideratum, and so long as the dry diggings preserve their present attractions it is not likely the demand will be readily supplied.

Nine mile creek is still the chief point of attraction. Instances of extraordinary success are constantly occurring, but as I have stated in a previous communication the gold is distributed in patches, and consequently the number of failures is out of all proportion, were it not that the sinking is shallow, which admits of a large number of holes being sunk in a comparatively short space of time, the bulk of the population would not be able to make wages. The recent discoveries have induced many of the population to devote a considerable portion of their time to prospecting, and I am credibly informed that one or two new gullies have recently been opened with fair prospect of success. The Five Acre Company, whose operations I have alluded to before, is still progressing favourably, though none of the applications of these companies have as yet been granted. The fact is, both the Government and the Commissioner appear to be in a fog as to the precise meaning and tendency of the regulation guide, which these claims are assigned. It is now some weeks since the matter was referred to the Executive Government, and although I believe an answer has been received, yet it is nevertheless true that no definite conclusion has been arrived at, and so far the regulations remain a dead letter. In the course of last week the Resident Commissioner paid a visit to Nine Mile Creek, and whilst inspecting the operations of Mr. Rielly's company, he was asked whether the Government intended to allow these companies to carry on their operations. The Commissioner replied, that so far as the Government were concerned no obstacle would be offered, but he could not promise them any protection should private parties think proper to step in and work their ground. It is altogether unnecessary to add anything by way of comment to language such as this. It reveals a state of things, the absurdity and injustice of which must be obvious to every one.

I regret to say that a most disgraceful scene took place at Nine Mile Creek on Tuesday last, the consequences of which threatened to be serious. The attention of the police was attracted by observing a large crowd in the centre of the diggings, and on going up to the spot they found the cause of excitement to be a regular organised prize fight, which was then going on between a man named Reilly, and a person whose name I have not learned. For some reason or other the police did not interfere until about twenty rounds had been fought, and on proceeding at length to apprehend the delinquents, they were met with general resistance. The man Reilly was particularly boisterous, and repeatedly threatening (at the same time putting his hand on his revolver) to shoot the first policeman who ventured to pass into the ring for the purpose of apprehending him. Both the offenders, however, were subsequently apprehended, and their case is now undergoing investigation before the local Bench of magistrates.

A somewhat singular case of stealing was disposed of by the local court in the course of last week. The prisoner was charged with stealing twelve loads of washing stuff, estimated to yield about eighteen ounces of gold. It appears that a man had been seen some time previously stealing the stuff. The owner cautioned him not to repeat the offence, otherwise he would take legal proceedings against him. A few days after some more of the washing stuff was missed, and the owner having been informed of the parties concerned, he immediately proceeded to the creek, and found the prisoner busily employed in cradling his stuff. From the explanation that followed, it appeared that the prisoner had purchased the stuff from the man whom the owner first detected stealing it, but whether he was cognizant of the theft or not was a point which did not clearly appear in the evidence, though it was undoubtedly a case of strong suspicion. The Bench dismissed the case, on the ground that a felonious intent had not been proved, though in the opinion of most people sufficient evidence was adduced to make out a *prima facie* case, and to warrant the Bench in committing the prisoner to take his trial. The offence is one which has become very prevalent at these diggings, and ought to be put down by the strong hand.

The memorial to the Lieutenant-Governor, with reference to the refusal of the Post Office authorities to convey parcels of newspapers, has been forwarded through the hands of the Resident Commissioner. An official acknowledgement has just been received from the Colonial Secretary, but of course no step has yet been taken in the way of redress. The memorial was signed by 400 miners.

The Sydney Escort is expected in to day, and will leave immediately with about 3,000 ounces. A party of the escort was despatched to-day to Nine Mile Creek, for the purpose of collecting, &c., and a considerable amount was expected. The Government Escort for Melbourne will start at noon, with 2291 ounces.

The price of gold at the Bank of New South Wales is £3 12s. 6d.

The last three days and nights have been very rainy, but to-day there is a gleam of sunshine, with a prospect of fine weather.

The case against the man Reilly, who appears to have been chiefly concerned in the riot, was dismissed. The information was under the vagrant act, and charged him with simply using threatening language.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 4, 1853.

MY COUNTRYMEN,—It is a relief to feel that no heart but my own can know the personal regret and bitter sorrow, over which I have been borne to a position, so suitable for others, rather than desirable for myself.

The circumstances under which I have been called, for a limited period, to preside over the destinies of the Republic, fill me with a profound sense of responsibility, but with nothing like shrinking apprehension. I repair to the post assigned me, not as to one sought, but in obedience to to the unsolicited expression of your will, answerable only for a fearless, and diligent exercise of my best powers. I ought to be, and am, truly grateful for the rare manifestation of the nation's confidence; but, this, so far from lightening my obligations, only adds to their weight. You have summoned me in weakness; you must sustain me by your strength. When looking for the fulfilment of reasonable requirements, you will not be unmindful of the great changes which have occurred, even within the last quarter of a century, and the consequent augmentation and complexity of duties imposed, in the administration both of your home and foreign affairs.

Whether the elements of inherent force in the Republic have kept pace with its unparalleled progression in territory, population, and wealth, has been the subject of earnest thought and discussion on both sides of the ocean. Less than 63 years ago the Father of his Country made the then "recent accession of the important State of North Carolina to the Constitution of the United States" one of the subjects of his special congratulation. At that moment, however, when the agitation consequent upon the revolutionary struggle had hardly subsided, when we were just emerging from the weakness and embarrassments of the Confederation, there was an evident consciousness of vigour, equal to the great mission so wisely and bravely fulfilled by our fathers. It was not a presumptuous assurance, but a calm faith, springing from a clear view of the sources of power, in a Government constituted like ours. It is no paradox to say, that, although comparatively weak, the new-born nation was intrinsically strong. Inconsiderable in population in apparent resources, it was upheld by a broad and intelligent comprehension of rights, and an all pervading purpose to maintain them, stronger than armaments. It came from the furnace of the revolution, tempered to the necessities of the times.

The thoughts of the men of that day were as practical as their sentiments were patriotic. They wasted no portion of their energies upon idle and delusive speculations, but with a firm and fearless step advanced beyond the governmental landmarks, which had hitherto circumscribed the limits of human freedom, and planted their standard where it has stood, against dangers, which have threatened from abroad, and internal agitation, which has at times fearfully menaced at home. They proved themselves equal to the solution of the great problem, to understand which their minds had been illuminated by the dawning lights of the revolution. The object sought was not a thing dreamed of—it was a thing realized. They had exhibited not only the power to achieve, but what all history affirms to be so much more unusual, the capacity to maintain. The oppressed throughout the world, *from* that day to the present, have turned their eyes hitherward, not to find those lights extinguished, or to fear lest they should wane, but to be constantly cheered by their steady and increasing radiance.

In this, our country has in my judgement thus far fulfilled its highest duty to suffering humanity. It has spoken, and will continue to speak, not only by its words but by its acts the language of sympathy, encouragement, and hope, to those who earnestly listen to tones, which pronounce for the largest rational liberty. But, after all, the most animating encouragement and potent appeal for freedom will be its own history, its trials, and its triumphs. Preeminently, the power of our advocacy reposes in our example; but no example, be it remembered, can be powerful for lasting good, whatever apparent advantages may be gained, which is not based upon eternal principles of right and justice. Our fathers decided for themselves, both upon the hour to declare, and the hour to strike. They were their own judges of the circumstances, under which it became them to pledge to each other "their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honour," for the acquisition of the priceless inheritance transmitted to us. The energy with which that great conflict was opened, and, under the guidance of a manifest and beneficent providence, the uncomplaining endurance with which it was prosecuted to its consummation, were only surpassed by the wisdom and patriotic spirit of concession, which characterized all the counsels of the early fathers.

One of the most impressive evidences of that wisdom is to be found in the fact, that the actual working of our system has dispelled a degree of solicitude, which, at the outset, disturbed bold hearts and far-reaching intellects. The apprehension of dangers from extended territory, multiplied States, accumulated wealth, and augmented population, has proved to be unfounded. The stars upon your banner, have become nearly three-fold their original number, your densely populated possessions skirt the shores of the two great oceans, and yet this vast increase of people and territory has not only shown itself compatible with the harmonious action of the States and the Federal government in their respective constitutional spheres, but has afforded an additional guarantee of the strength and integrity of both.

With an experience thus suggestive and cheering, the policy of my administration will not be controlled by any timid forebodings of evil from expansion. Indeed, it is not to be disguised that our attitude as a nation, and our position on the globe render the acquisition of certain possessions, not within our jurisdiction, eminently important for our protection, if not in the future, essential for the preservation of the rights of commerce and the peace of the world. Should they be obtained, it will be through no grasping spirit, but with a view to obvious national interests and security, and in a manner entirely consistent with the strictest observance of national faith. We have nothing in our history or position to invite aggression, we have every thing to beckon us to the cultivation of relations of peace and amity with all nations. Purposes, therefore, at once just and pacific, will be significantly marked in the conduct of our foreign affairs. I intend that my administration shall leave no blot upon our fair record, and trust that I may safely give the assurance that no act within the legitimate scope of my constitutional control will be tolerated, on the part of any portion of our citizens, which cannot challenge a ready justification before the tribunal of the civilised world. An administration would be unworthy of confidence at home or respect abroad, should it cease to be influenced by the conviction, that no apparent advantage can be purchased at a price so dear as that of national wrong or dishonour. It is not your privilege, as a nation, to speak of a distant past. The striking incidents of your history, *replete* with instruction, and furnishing abundant grounds for hopeful confience, are comprised in a period comparatively brief. But if your past is limited, your future is boundless. Its obligations throng the unexplored pathway of advancement, and will be limitless as duration. Hence, a sound and comprehensive policy should embrace, not less the distant future, than the urgent present.

The great objects of our pursuit, as a people, are best to be attained by peace, and are entirely consistent with the tranquillity and interests of the rest of mankind. With the neighbouring nations upon our continent, we should cultivate kindly and fraternal relations. We can desire nothing in regard to them, so much as to see them consolidate their strength and pursue the paths of prosperity and happiness. If, in the course of their growth, we should open new channels of trade, and create additional facilities for friendly intercourse, the benefits realised will be equal and mutual. Of the complicated European systems of national polity we have heretofore been independent. From their wars, their tumults and anxieties, we have been happily almost entirely exempt. Whilst these are confined to the nations which gave them existence, and within their legitimate *jurisdiction*, they cannot affect us, except as they appeal to our sympathies in the cause of human freedom and universal advancement. But the vast interests of commerce are common to all mankind, and the advantages of trade and international intercourse must always present a noble field for the moral influence of a great people.

With these views firmly and honestly carried out, we have a right to expect, and shall under all circumstances require, prompt reciprocity. The rights which belong to us as a nation, are not alone to be regarded, but those which pertain to every citizen in his individual capacity, at home and abroad, must be sacredly maintained. So long as he can discern every star in its place upon that ensign, without wealth to purchase for him preferment, or title to secure for him place, it will be his privilege, and must be his acknowledged right to stand unabashed even in the presence of princes, with a proud consciousness that he is himself one of a nation of sovereigns, and that he cannot in legitimate pursuit, wander so far from home, that the agent, whom he shall leave behind in the place which I now occupy, will not see that no rude hand of power or tyrannical passion is laid upon him with impunity. He must realise, that upon every sea, and on every soil, where our enterprise may rightfully seek the protection of our flag, American citizenship is an invoilable panoply for the security of American rights. And, in this connexion, it can hardly be necessary to re-affirm a principle which should now be regarded as fundamental. The rights, security, and repose of this Confederacy reject the idea of interference or colonization, on this side of the ocean, by any foreign power, beyond present jurisdiction, as utterly inadmissable.

The opportunities of observation, furnished by my brief experience as a soldier, confirmed in my own mind the opinion, entertained and acted upon by others from the formation of the government, that the maintenance of large standing armies in our country would be not only dangerous, but unnecessary. They also illustrated the importance, I might well say the absolute necessity, of the military science and practical skill furnished, in such an eminent degree, by the institution, which has made your army what it is, under the discipline and instruction of officers not more distinguished for their solid attainments, gallantry, and devotion to the public service, than for unobtrusive bearing and high moral tone. The army, as organized, must be the nucleus, around which, in every time of need, the strength of your military power, the sure bulwark of your defence—a national militia—may be readily formed into a well disciplined and efficient organization. And the skill and self-devotion of the navy assure you that you may take the performance of the past as a pledge for the future, and may confidently expect that the flag, which has waved its untarnished folds over every sea, will still float in undiminished honour. But these, like many other subjects, will be appropriately brought at a future time to the attention of the coordinate branches of the Government, to which I shall always look with profound respect, and with trustful confidence that they will accord to me the aid and support which I shall so much need, and which their experience and wisdom will readily suggest.

In the administration of domestic affairs, you expect a devoted integrity in the public service, and an observance of rigid economy in all departments, so marked as never justly to be questioned. If this reasonable expectation be not realized, I frankly confess that one of your leading hopes is doomed to disappointment, and that my efforts, in a very important particular, must result in a humiliating failure. Offices can be properly regarded only in the light of aids for the accomplishment of these objects; and as occupancy can confer no prerogative, nor importunate desire for preferment any claim, the public interest imperatively demands that they be considered with sole reference to the duties to be performed. Good citizens may well claim the protection of good laws and the benign influence of good government, but a claim for office is what the people of a republic should never recognize. No reasonable man of any party will expect the administration to be so regardless of its responsibility, and of the obvious elements of success, as to retain persons, known to be under the influence of political hostility and partisan prejudice, in positions which will require not only severe labour, but cordial co-operation. Having no implied engagements to ratify, no rewards to bestow, no resentments to remember, and no personal wishes to consult, in selections for official station. I shall fulfil this difficult and delicate trust, admitting no motive as worthy either of my character or position, which does not contemplate an efficient discharge of duty and the best interest of my country. I acknowledge my obligations to the masses of my countrymen and to them alone. Higher objects than personal aggrandisement gave direction and energy to their exertions in the late canvass, and they shall not be disappointed. They require at my hands diligence, integrity, and capacity, wherever there are duties to be performed. Without these qualities in their public servants, more stringent laws for the prevention or punishment of fraud, negligence and peculation, will be vain. With them, they will be unnecessary.

But these are not the only points, to which you look for vigilant watchfulness. The dangers of a concentration of all power in the general government of a confederacy so vast as ours, are too obvious to be disregarded. You have a right, therefore, to expect your agents, in every department, to regard strictly the limits imposed upon them by the constitution of the United States. The great scheme of our constitutional liberty rests upon a proper distribution of power between the State and Federal authorities; and experience has shown that the harmony and happiness of our people must depend upon a just discrimination between the seperate rights and responsibilities of the States, and your common rights and obligations under the general government. And here, in my opinion, are the considerations which should form the true basis of future concord in regard to the questions which have most seriously disturbed public tranquillity. If the Federal Government will confine itself to the exercise of powers clearly granted by the Constitution, it can hardly happen that its action upon any question should endanger the institutions of the States, interfere with their rights to manage matters strictly domestic according to the will of their own people.

In expressing briefly my views upon an important subject, which has recently agitated the nation to almost a fearful degree, I am moved by no other impulse than a most earnest desire for the perpetuation of that Union, which has made us what we are,—showering upon us blessings, and conferring a power and influence, which our fathers could hardly have anticipated, even with their most sanguine hopes directed to a far-off future. The sentiments I now announce were not unknown before the expression of the voice which called me here. My own position upon this subject was clear and unequivocal, upon the record of my words and my acts, and it is only recurred to at this time because silence might perhaps be misconstrued. With the Union my best and dearest earthly hopes are entwined. Without it, what are we, individually or collectively? What becomes of the noblest field ever opened for the advancement of our race, in religion, in government, in the arts, and in all that dignifies and adorns mankind? From that radiant constellation, which both illumines our own way and points out to struggling nations, their course, let but a single star be lost, and, if there be not utter darkness, the lustre of the whole is dimmed. Do my countrymen need any assurance that such a catastrophe is not to overtake them, while I possess the power to stay it? It is with me an earnest and vital belief, that as the Union has been the source, under Providence, of our prosperity to this time, so it is the surest pledge of a continuance of the blessings we have enjoyed, and which we are sacredly bound to transmit undiminished to our children. The field of calm and free discussion in our country is open, and will always be so, but it never has been and never can be traversed for good in a spirit of sectionalism and uncharitableness. The founders of the Republic dealt with things as they were presented to them, in a spirit of self sacrificing patriotism, and, as time has proved, with a comprehensive wisdom which it will always be safe for us to consult. Every measure tending to strengthen the fraternal feelings of all the members of our Union has had my heartfelt approbation. To every theory of society or government, whether the offspring of feverish ambition or of morbid enthusiasm, calculated to dissolve the bonds of law and affection which unite us, I shall interpose a ready and stern resistance. I believe that involuntary servitude, as it exists in different States of this Confederacy, is recognised by the Constitution. I believe that it stands like any other admitted right, and that the States where it exists are entitled to efficient remedies to enforce the constitutional provisions. I hold that the laws of 1850, commonly called the "compromise measures," are strictly constitutional, and to be unhesitatingly carried into effect. I believe that the constituted authorities of this republic are bound to regard the rights of the South in this respect, as they would view any other legal and constitution right, and that the laws to enforce them should be respected and obeyed, not with a reluctance encouraged by abstract opinions as to their propriety in a different state of society, but cheerfully, and according to the decisions of the tribunal to which their expositions belongs. Such have been, and are my convictions, and upon them I shall act. I fervently hope that the question is at rest, and that no sectional, or ambitious, or fanatical excitement may again threaten the durability of our institutions, or obscure the light of our prosperity.

But let not the foundation of our hope rest upon man's wisdom. It will not be sufficient that sectional prejudices find no place in the public deliberations. It will not be sufficient that the rash counsels of human passion are rejected. It must be felt, that there is no national security but in the nation's humble, acknowledged dependence upon God and his overruling providence.

We have been carried in safety through a perilous crisis. Wise counsels, like those which gave us Constitution, prevailed to uphold it. Let the period be remembered as an admonition, and not as an encouragement, in any section of the Union, to make experiments where experiments are fraught with such fearful hazard. Let it be impressed upon all hearts, that beautiful as our fabric is no earthly power or wisdom could ever reunite its broken fragments. Standing as I do, almost within view of the green slopes of Monticello, and, as it were, within reach of the tomb of Washington, with all the cherished memories of the past gathering around me, like so many eloquent voices of exhortation from Heaven, I can express no better hope for my country, than the kind Providence, which smiled upon our fathers, may enable their children to preserve the blessings they have inherited.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

To the Widow (if any) and next of kin of John Urie late of Sydney in the colony of New South Wales Shipping Agent and Broker deceased

GREETING:

WHEREAS it hath been represented unto our Supreme Court by the Proctors of Frederick Ford a creditor of the said deceased that the said John Urie late of Sydney in the colony of New South Wales Shipping Agent and Broker departed this life on or about the fifteenth day of May last past (leaving at the time of his death goods chattels and credits in the colony aforesaid) intestate We do therefore hereby peremptorily cite you and each of you to appear personally or by your Proctor duly constituted before our said Court at the Court House in King-street Sydney on the thirteenth day of July next at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon of the same day and there to abide if occasion shall require during the sitting of the said Court and then and there to accept or refuse letters of administration of all and singular the goods chattels and credits of the said deceased or otherwise to show sufficient cause (if you or either of you have or know any) why the same should not be committed to the said Frederick Ford a creditor of the said deceased on giving sufficient security And further to do and receive as to law and justice shall appertain under pain of such letters of administration being granted to the said Frederick Ford as a creditor of the said deceased

Witness the Honorable Sir Alfred Stephen Knight Chief Justice of our said Supreme Court at Sydney the twenty-second day of June in the seventeenth year of our reign.

For the Prothonotary.
D. B. HUTCHINSON, (L.S.)
First Clerk of the Supreme Court.

RODD AND DAWSON, Proctors for the said FREDERICK FORD, 360, Pitt-street Sydney 10484

IN THE SUPREME COURT
IN EQUITY

Between John Dunsmure........Plaintiff
And
Her Majesty's Attorney-General and Clark Irving. Defendants

PURSUANT to a decretal order made in the above cause the creditors of John Sells late of George-street in the City of Sydney Boot and Shoe Maker deceased (who died in or about the year 1847) are forthwith to come in and prove their debts before Samuel Frederick Milford Esquire Master in Equity of this Honorable Court at his Chambers Court House King-street Sydney or in default thereof they will be excluded the benefit of the said order.

Dated this twenty-first day of June, A.D. 1853.

SAMUEL FREDERICK MILFORD
Master in Equity
CHARLES STAFFORD
Plaintiff's Solicitor
325 Castlereagh-street Sydney. 10456

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.

In the Will of Joel John Cohen late of Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales Jeweller deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof application will be made to the Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction that probate of the last will and testament of the abovenamed Joel John Cohen deceased may be granted to John Brown of Sydney aforesaid Esquire and Frank Cohen of same place Jeweller the executors in the said Will named.

Dated this sixteenth day of June A.D. 1853.

THURLOW, DICK, AND BROWN,
9810 Proctors for the said Executors

NOTICE.—Whereas frequent irregularities in the conduct of business transactions by Brokers having lately been brought under the notice of this Chamber, and of a nature tending to produce misunderstandings, litigation, and want of good faith,—it is hereby recommended, with a view of obviating the irregularities referred to, that on and after this day Merchants, Commission Merchants, and others will make it a practice NOT to pay the charge for Brokerage unless the services of the Broker have been actually engaged by them.

By order of the Committee,
WM. DAWES, Secretary.
Sydney Chamber of Commerce, June 2.
7889

MR. F. H. STAMMERS, 3, Short-street, Surry Hills, receives a select number of Day Pupils on the following terms: The classics, writing, English reading, composition and style, elocution, arithmetic, algebra, geometry, geography, history, the elements of natural philosophy, and bookkeeping, £3 3s. per quarter. French, £1 1s. Drawing, £1 10s. Hours of attendance, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. The quarter commences from the day of entrance. 10604

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

COPIES of the above can be obtained every morning, at the undermentioned places, viz.:—Mr. W. T. Pinhey, Chemist, Parramatta-street. Mr. Lusty, Brickfield Hill. Mr. Wilshire, Draper, Surry House, South Head Road. T. Dudgeon, Grocer, William-street, near Baker's Hotel, Woolloomoloo. Mr. B. Lowe, Grocer, Miller's Point. Mr. J. J. Glassop, Balmain. Mr. Yuill, Tobacconist, opposite the Royal Hotel, George-street. Mr. E. Mason, Stationer, Parramatta. Laban White, Windsor. C. Cottrell, Penrith. Mr. J. Cram Turon. Mr. W. H. Roper, Reid's Creek, Ovens Diggings. Messrs. Peter Robertson, Bailey, and Co., News Agents, Collins-street, Melbourne.

MONUMENTAL CITY RELIEF FUND.

IN pursuance of a resolution passed at the public meeting held at the Royal Hotel, on Tuesday, the 31st May, the following gentlemen have consented to receive subscriptions in aid of the above fund, viz.:—

The Right Worshipful the Mayor of Sydney
The American Consul
The Port Master
The Superintendent of Police
Alexander Campbell, Esq.
Charles Kemp, Esq.
Thomas Woolley, Esq.
John Alger, Esq.
Thomas S. Mort, Esq.
James Sheppard, Esq.
John Arkins, Esq., J.P.
Captain Fox
E. C. Weekes, Esq., C.C.
George Alfred Lloyd, Esq.
Henry Parkes, Esq.
J. G. Raphael, Esq.

JAMES SHEPPARD, Hon. Sec.
Sydney, June 1. 753

MASONIC BALL.

In Celebration of the Festival of St. John.

THE Committee have to announce that a Full Dress Ball will take place at the Royal Hotel, on MONDAY, 27th instant, when, by the kind permission of the Colonel and Officers, the Band of H.M. 11th Regiment will be in attendance. Brother E. Paris has kindly consented to act as Master of the Ceremonies.

Applications for Tickets must be made in writing, stating names and address of applicants, directed to the Committee, at Brother Torning's, Victoria Hotel, Royal Hotel, and Brother Aldis', George-street.

Members of the order are expected to appear in Masonic costume.

Gentlemen's Tickets 21s., ladies' tickets 15s. each, which are not transferable.

No Tickets will be issued after Friday, the 24th. Gentlemen not members of the Order will be admitted.

10310 H. HOGHTON, Secretary.

GRAND CONCERT.
ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General and the Honorable Mrs. Keith Stewart.

MR. COLEMAN JACOBS (Pianist to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Gloucester) has the honour to announce to the gentry, his friends, and the public of Sydney, that his FIRST GRAND CONCERT will take place at the Victoria Theatre, on THURSDAY Evening, June 30, 1853.

Mr. J. will be assisted by all the available talent in Sydney on this occasion.

Herr Viet Rham, the celebrated Zither-player and Singer will appear at this Concert.

The following Eminent Artists are already engaged:—

VOCALISTS.
Madame Sara Flower.
Madame Carandini.
Miss Flora Harris.
Mr. John Howson.
Mr. Frank Howson.
Herr Viet Rham.

INSTRUMENTALISTS.

Pianoforte	Mr. Coleman Jacobs
Cornet à Piston	Mr. Henri Durant
Violin	Signor Caranzini—first Violinist to the King of Sardinia
Sax Horn	Mr. Evans Sloper
Zither	Herr Viet Rham
Flute	Mr. Bayly
Pianist and Conductor	Mr. Henry Marsh

In the course of the evening Mr. Jacobs will have the honour of introducing a Grand Morceaux De Concert for

SIX PIANOFORTES.

And will be performed on this night only.

Private boxes, stalls, &c., for which immediate application is requested, may be had of Henry Marsh and Co.; Woolcott and Clarke; W. J. Johnson and Co.; D. Buist and Sons, Bridge-street; and of Mr. C. Jacobs, William-street, Woolloomooloo, next door to the William-street Hotel. 10713

ILLAWARRA TURF CLUB RACES, 1853. 12th, 13th, and 14th July.

STEWARDS:
W. W. Jenkins, Esq., J.P.
Edward Palmer, Esq., J.P.
Robert Davison, Esq., J.P.

JUDGE AND TREASURER:
Charles Newnham, Esq.

CLERK OF THE COURSE:
Mr. Thomas Maher.

FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, 12th July.

FIRST RACE.

The County Stakes, 50 sovereigns, for all horses; heats twice round the course. Entrance £5.

SECOND RACE.

The Maiden Plate of 20 sovereigns, for all horses that never won a prize above £10; heats once round All maidens at the time of entrance allowed 5lbs. Entrance £2.

THIRD RACE.

The Farmer's Purse of 20 sovereigns, for all horses that never won a prize above £10, the *bonâ fide* property of persons residing between Bulli and Jervis Bay, and known to have been in their possession three months previous to the races; heats twice round. Entrance £2.

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, 13th July.

FIRST RACE.

A Hurdle Race of 15 sovereigns, for all horses; twice round the course, over six leaps 3 feet 9 inches high. Entrance £1 10s.

SECOND RACE.

The Hurry Scurry Stakes of 15 sovereigns, with a sweepstake of one sovereign each added, for all horses three year olds carrying 8 stone, 4 year olds 9 stone, 5 year olds and upwards 10 stone, the winner of the County Stakes excluded. Heats once round and a distance. Post entrance.

THIRD RACE.

A Hack Race of 10 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of £1 each added, for all hacks; heats once round; entrance £1. The winner to be sold by auction immediately after the race for £15. All surplus to go to the funds. Remainder of the day for matches

THIRD DAY, THURSDAY, 14th July.

FIRST RACE.

The Ladies' Purse of 40 sovereigns, for all horses, to be handicapped by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint; heats twice round. Entrance £4.

SECOND RACE.

The Trial Stakes of 15 sovereigns, for all two year olds; once round the Course. Entrance £1 10s.

THIRD RACE.

The Welter Stakes of 20 sovereigns, for all horses carrying welter weights. Any winner of a welter to carry 7lbs. extra. Heats twice round. Entrance £2.

Handicap weights will be declared from the stand at noon on Wednesday, the 13th July. Entrance money to be returned to those parties not accepting, if declared between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock on the said Wednesday evening to the Secretary.

RULES:

The Australian Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.

In every Race three entrances will be required.

Qualification for County Stakes and Ladies' Purse £3; all other Races £2, with the exception of the Hack Race, which will be £1.

Publicans' booths, £2 2s.; grand stand, £3 10s.; fruit carts and cake stalls, 10s. 6d. each.

All entrances to be addressed under cover to the Hon. Secretary, "Sportsman's Arms," Wollongong, on or before the 11th July, to be closed and declared at 6 o'clock P.M.

To start at 12 o'clock each day.

No gambling tables or dogs allowed on the course.

ALEXANDER ELLIOTT, Hon. Sec.
Wollongong, May 20. 6931

THE SAND HILLS.

IT is hereby notified, that Loam or Manure of any description excepting night soil, may be deposited on the Sand Hills, at the end of Botany-street, south of Darlinghurst Gaol, and the sum of sixpence will be paid for every load of manure deposited in that place. S. H. PEARCE, C.C.L. 9765

THE AUSTRALIAN DIRECT STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, VIA PANAMA.
Provisionally registered.

Capital £1,000,000, in 40,000 Shares of £25 each, with power to increase the same to the extent allowed by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Deposit £2 per share.

A portion of the Shares is intended to be reserved for the Australian Colonies.

It is intended to apply for a Charter of Incorporation, or an Act of Parliament, limiting the liabilities of the shareholders to the amount subscribed.

DIRECTORS:
With power to add to their number.
Chairman, pro tem.—Sir John Campbell, 10, Harley-street, Cavendish-square.
George Barber, Esq., of the Firm of Barber and Barker, 50, Mark lane.
Captain Thomas Bulkeley, Clewer Lodge, Windsor, Director of the Great Western Railway.
Captain Andrew Snape Hamond, R.N., Freshwater, Isle of Wight.
John Gilmore, Esq., 10, George-yard, Lombard-street.
George Herring, Esq., of the Firm of G. and A. Herring and Co., 12, Old Broad-street.
James J. Macintyre, Esq., Sydenham Park, late Merchant in Mexico and Sydney.
Arundell Mackenzie, Esq., Allhallows Chambers, Lombard-street.
Henry Simonds, Esq., Reading, Director of the Great Western Railway.

DIRECTOR OF NAUTICAL DEPARTMENT:
Captain Andrew Snape Hamond, R.N., Freshwater, Isle of Wight.

CONSULTING ENGINEER:
Alexander Gordon, Esq., M. Inst. C. E., 22, Fludyer-street, Westminster.

BANKERS:
Messrs. Prescott, Grote, Cave, and Cave, Threadneedle-street.

SOLICITORS:
Messrs. Maples, Maples, and Pearse, Frederick-place, Old Jewry.

BROKERS:
Messrs. Mullens, Marshall, and Daniell, 3, Lombard street.
Messrs. Robins and Barber, 20, Threadneedle-street.

SECRETARY, pro tem.:
Archibald Dunlop, Esq.
Temporary Offices:—6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry.

The object of this Company is to meet the urgent requirement for accommodation caused by the increasing tide of emigration to Australia, the transmission of specie, and the growing importance of the Australian colonies, by the establishment of a direct and more expeditious line than any that at present exists, via the Isthmus of Panama, where the railroad now in the course of construction will, it is confidently expected, be completed next September.

For this purpose it is proposed to construct steam ships of adequate capacity and power, combining all the improvements in their hull and machinery, which skill and science can effect.

These will, at stated periods proceed direct to Chagres, whence their cargo and passengers will be conveyed by railroad to Panama, to be embarked on board another of the Company's ships, in readiness to convey them to Sydney and Port Phillip, coaling at Otaheite or other convenient station, and accomplishing the whole distance, whether to or from England, in about fifty days.

Though the route of Panama at present offers the most rapid means of reaching Australia, in the manner proposed, it is not the intention of this Company to confine themselves to it, should a more desirable means of transit across any other section of Central America be hereafter established.

The Directors think it unnecessary to advert to the extraordinary increase of general traffic that has sprung up, wherever proper facilities of intercourse by steam have been given, or to dwell upon those well-known statistical facts relative to the growing traffic between the mother country, the Australian Colonies, and the Pacific generally, or to the important accession to be anticipated, to their projected line, of passengers, specie, and freight, coming from the west coast of South America and California, as also from the line now being established between Panama and China.

But they confidently assert their belief that this will be a good and remunerative commercial enterprise; whilst in the calculations they have made as to results, based upon approved data, it is fully expected a liberal dividend will be ensured to the shareholders, and a margin left for the creation of a *reserve* fund in order to maintain and to perpetuate the stock of the Company.

Bearing out these views, the attention of the public is respectfully called to the subjoined extracts from a letter of an experienced naval officer to the *Times*, dated November 28th, 1850, and to the remarks of that powerful journal on the importance of his suggestions.

"The navigation from Suez to Ceylon is, of course, already well known. That from Point de Galle to Swan River is open to this objection, viz.—the frequency of hurricanes, which at certain seasons sweep over the Indian Ocean, between the Isle of France and the west side of New South Wales, with frightful violence, and through which, as I can testify, from experience, numbers of our finest ships have at various times suffered serious damage, while not a few have been totally lost.

"From the Swan River to King George's Sound and Adelaide, and, indeed, along the whole southern coast of New South Wales, violent winds almost constantly prevail from the westward, causing a prodigious sea to arise, which nearly precludes any navigation in that direction, and which, I am of opinion, would be found a cause not only of frequent irregularities in the arrivals and departures of the vessels between those ports, but of annoyance and discomfort of the passengers.

"That by the Cape of Good Hope, which at present forms the ordinary mode of transit.

"The principal, and, indeed, only objections to it that I know of, are the high seas and boisterous weather, which are the almost constant attendants upon those high latitudes between the Cape of Good Hope and Sydney. The gales of wind, nearly without any variation throughout the year, from N.W. to S.W., render the return passage between those ports a matter of very great uncertainty, and prove a source of exceeding discomfort to everybody on board, while, in spite of the finest vessels, and best nautical skill, they further cause frequent delays and irregularities in the voyages.

"The last line to be examined is that by the Isthmus of Panama.

"Throughout the entire range of this route across the vast Pacific Ocean, both going and returning between Panama, New Zealand, and Sydney, fine weather, smooth seas, and a pleasant temperature, almost everywhere prevail; and the trade winds, generally speaking, blow with such gentle force and constant regularity, that the seaman acquainted with them is enabled, even at the present time, to shape his course from port to port with certainty and confidence; thereby enabling him, even without the advantage of steam, to calculate upon his arrival with accuracy and precision.

"In looking upon the advantage of establishing a line of steam communication to New South Wales by the Panama route, the important point must not be overlooked of its being a resource in the event of any interruption to our communication with India by the Isthmus of Suez; a point, indeed, which I consider ought to form matter of the highest consideration.

"The distance by this line is likewise a consideration. It is shorter than that by any of the others, being only 12,850 miles."

Extract from the Times of Wednesday, December 11, 1850.

"The letter in *The Times* to-day on the various steam routes to Australia, has attracted attention from the practical nature of its statements. It tends to confirm all the arguments that have lately been put forward with regard to the complete superiority of the Western line from Panama to Sydney, and has increased the unfavourable feeling with which the leading persons interested in the welfare of Australia have long regarded the strange want of decision shown by the Government on this important question. While the attention of the whole world is turned to the Pacific Ocean, and to the vast commercial benefits that are destined to arise from the extension of enterprise in that direction, the sole object with our Ministers seems to have been to carry the route through the Indian Seas (where the development of our traffic calls for no extraneous aid) at an alleged additional cost as compared with the Pacific route of at least 12 days in time and 100 per cent. in the charges for freight and passage, besides unnecessary risk and inconvenience."

The Directors beg to add that they have the strongest expressed support to this undertaking of many eminent Firms in London, Manchester, and Glasgow, and throughout the manufacturing districts, who are connected with the Australian, South American, or China trade.

Should a sufficient amount of Capital for conducting the intended business of the Company not be subscribed for, the Deposits will be returned, after deducting the preliminary expenses incurred.

Application for Shares to be made to
LOUIS BARBER AND CO.,
Macquarie-place.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARE
To the Directors of the Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company, via Panama.

GENTLEMEN,—I request you will allot me ———— Shares of £25 each in the above Company, and I engage to accept the same or any smaller number that may be allotted to me, and to pay the Deposit of £2 per Share thereon, upon the allotment, and to execute such Deed or Deeds of Settlement as may be allowed by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Dated this day of 1853.
Name ....
Residence ....
Profession or Trade ....
Reference ....

EXTRACTS FROM THE NEWSPAPER PRESS Relative to The Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company via Panama.

Extract from the Times, of 14th January, 1853.

The Prospectus has at length been issued of a steam company to run direct from England to Australia, via Panama or any part of Central America that may ultimately be found more desirable. It is to be called "The Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company," and the nominal capital is to be £1,000,000, in shares of £25 each, on which £2 per share is to be paid. The Board of Directors consists of persons both of nautical and mercantile experience, connected with the trade of Central America, Australia, and the East, and it is calculated that by this route, coaling at Otaheite, or some other convenient station in the Pacific, the entire passage from England to Sydney may be regularly accomplished within 50 days.

Its convenience and safety, as well as its facilities for speed, have long been urged by almost all parties interested in the welfare of the colonies, and every attempt to develope its capabilities will be regarded with favourable anticipations.

Extract from the Morning Post, 18th January, 1853.

The Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company via Panama have introduced their scheme to the public, which is certainly respectably supported.

The propositions enumerated in the prospectus offer an opposition to the Australian Pacific Steam Navigation Company, which company we had understood was already considerably advanced in the arrangements they have long since contemplated.

The stock of the company is to represent, in the first instance, a capital of one million sterling, but it appears that the directors have reserved to themselves the power of increasing it, reserving a fair proportion for the citizens of Australia generally.

The services of Captain Hamond, R.N., are insured as the director of all nautical matters.

Extract from the Morning Chronicle, 15th January, 1853.

An intended extension of steam communication between England and the Australian colonies has been announced under the title of "The Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company." It is proposed to run large and powerful steamers from England to Chagres direct, from whence both goods and passengers will be conveyed by railroad to Panama, to be from thence embarked on board other of the company's vessels, and conveyed to Sydney and Port Phillip, coaling at Otaheite; and it is expected that by means of this route the whole distance to or from England will be accomplished in about 50 days. The capital required for this purpose is £1,000,000, in shares of £25 each, deposit £5 per share, and it is intended to apply for a Charter of Incorporation, or an Act of Parliament, to limit the liability of the shareholders.

Extract from the Globe, 15th January, 1853.

Another and very important Company for extending Steam Navigation to the Australian Colonies, but by the Eastern route, across the Isthmus of Central America, is before the public, under the title of the "Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company," with a proposed capital of one million. It was supposed some time ago that the Cunard Company would have commenced this route. The importance of shortening the communication with the now important Australasian Colonies cannot be doubted. We have frequently had quicker intelligence from Australia by sailing vessels, arrived at the Chilian and Peruvian ports, than via the Cape or the East Indies; and with good vessels, and suitable coaling stations, there is little doubt the distance by the Western route may be regularly accomplished in 50 days as professed.

Extract from the Standard, 15th January, 1853.

The gold-finding in Australia has come most opportunely for our free-trade policy, and equally fortunately for stimulating the industry of this country, and extending the intercourse and commerce of the world. The effects are everywhere in operation, and whilst many speculative and visionary schemes for "gold finding" are brought forward, other and substantial undertakings are in progress. Amongst the latter will be found described in our advertising columns, the prospectus of a Company for establishing a direct steam communication with Australia via Panama, by ships of adequate capacity and power, containing all the improvements in their hull and machinery which skill and science can effect. These vessels are to proceed at stated periods direct to Chagres, whence their cargo and passengers will be conveyed by railroad (now constructing, and confidently expected to be completed next September) to Panama, where they will be embarked on board another of the Company's ships in readiness to convey them to Sydney and Port Phillip, accomplishing the whole distance, whether to or from England, in the comparatively short period of about 50 days.

This Company has been originated, and will be conducted, by parties of known respectability, practically acquainted with steam navigation, and interested in the trade and prosperity of the Australian Colonies. The promoters wisely do not confine themselves to the railway by Panama, should the Chiriqui Road, or any other more desirable means of transit across Central America, be hereafter established.

From the Standard of the 24th January, 1853.

A prospectus of the Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company has been issued for some days. This company, if successfully established, proposes to take the Panama route to the southern colonies, the advantages of which, in point of time, convenience, and economy, are universally acknowledged. The required capital is £1,000,000, part of which it is proposed to raise in Australia, and a Charter of Incorporation or Act of Parliament will be applied for, to limit the liability of shareholders. The vessels of the company, it is intended, shall combine every improvement which skill and science can suggest and by proceeding from hence to Chagres, and making use of the Panama Railroad for the goods and passengers and at Panama reimbarking in another steamer, the ultimate destination of the steamer in our Australian colonies will be reached in about 50 days on the average. The uncertainties and delays incident to the Cape route have been too recently exemplified to require argument in condemnation of that, or to show the necessity of finding another, in cases where despatch, as the mail service, is requisite; and certainly it cannot be questioned but that the route via Panama appears to be the best that can be at present adopted, the only disadvantage being the necessity for transhipment. The completion of a ship canal will, however, do away with that inconvenience; and ere many years have elapsed, the tedious and dangerous passages round the Capes will cease to be followed. The present undertaking is sanctioned by names of high respectability, and as a project of national importance has a large claim on public support.

Extracted from the Plymouth Journal, February 3, 1853.

We have much pleasure in directing attention to an advertisement that appears in our columns to-day, of the Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company, which has been formed of persons of great respectability, for the purpose of building steam-ships, and sailing them from Plymouth to the Australian colonies by a direct route, via the Isthmus of Panama.

A well-perfected scheme of this kind ought at once to have the attention and support of our townsmen, who should show the interest they feel in the progress of the port, and in the extension of their own trade, by giving to the measure all the pecuniary and personal assistance that is in their power. The commercial world regard with great interest all attempts to reach our flourishing Australian colonies by the shorter route of Panama; and we doubt not that in an age of rapid progress like the present, the scheme now placed before the public will meet with universal support. We are the more desirous that there should be a *local* interest established in the Company, so that hereafter we may not, from any neglect on our part, or from any other cause, hear of the Company resorting to Milford Haven or any other place, other than that upon which they have first determined. Much of the success that has attended the Port of Southampton has resulted from the very great spirit of enterprise which its inhabitants have exhibited in supporting all schemes calculated to benefit their rising and flourishing community.

The Australian Direct Steam Navigation Company receives the support of the Associated Railway Company.

We have seen a letter from Mr. Saunders, the Secretary of the Great Western Railway Company to the Shareholders, recommending the undertaking to their special support, as one well calculated to benefit the line of Railway, over which all the traffic connected with it would have to pass. Let the inhabitants of this locality, who are more interested in the scheme than any Railway shareholders can be, also do the best they can to foster the undertaking. 717

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTION, SYDNEY
PRINCIPAL—The Rev. J. MILNER, B.A., late Scholar of Queen's College, Oxford.
VICE-PRINCIPAL—JOHN C. WILLIAMS, Esq., of Queen's College, Cambridge, and late Mathematical Master in the York and Ripon Diocesan Training College.
GERMAN MASTER—Mr. HORNING, late of Lübeck.
FRENCH MASTER.—M. BOQUET.
DRAWING MASTER.—Mr. FAIRLAND.

THE General Education in this Institution, which will be opened in July, will be carried on in two departments, viz.,—
I. The Upper School.
II. The Lower School.

The course of instruction in the UPPER SCHOOL (intended to prepare Pupils for the Universities and the learned professions), will correspond with that adopted in the large Public and Foundation Schools in England. In the LOWER SCHOOL (for general and mercantile pursuits), the course of instruction will comprise the Latin, German, and English Languages; Trigonometry, Algebra, Euclid, Arithmetic, and Bookkeeping, &c.

The German Language will also be taught in the Upper School, without any extra charge.

Further particulars may be learnt on application to the Rev. J. MILNER, Bedford House, Hyde Park, Sydney. 8648

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTION.

THE Rev. J. MILNER begs to announce that he has taken a large and commodious House, containing 22 rooms, for the reception of Boarders for the Schools, and such Undergraduates of the Sydney University as may require a comfortable residence, together with effective assistance in preparing for the University Lectures and Examinations.

N.B.—TEN can be accommodated with separate bed-rooms; in the larger dormitories TWO or THREE, but in no case more than FOUR; so that every attention may be paid to their comfort. 8649

THE UNITED GUARANTEE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned is the Agent of the above Company, and will receive proposals for Life Policies.

The necessary forms can be had on application.

LOUIS BARBER,
1654 Circular Quay.

SYDNEY BRANCH.
ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

THE undersigned issue Policies at the reduced rates of premium.

THACKER AND CO.,
452 541, George-street.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ALLIANCE Life and Fire Insurance Company, Bartholomew-lane, London. Established by Act of Parliament, 1824.

Capital, £5,000,000 sterling.

The undersigned holds a Power of Attorney from the Presidents and Directors of this Company, and will effect insurances on approved lives to the extent of £2000 sterling.

GEORGE WERE.

N.B.—The personal attendance of applicants is necessary.

Offices, Circular Wharf, Sydney. 8807

TRAFALGAR ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
CAPITAL, £250,000.
OFFICE, 40, PALL MALL, LONDON.

THIS Association has been established for the purpose of providing Annuities to the Share and Policy holders, in the event of pecuniary misfortune, incapacity, or old age; which are not liable to forfeiture in cases of bankruptcy, insolvency, or failure of any description; and also securing *Education, Apprenticeship Fee*, or *Endowments*, to their children.

Combination Policies payable in the event of casualties of any kind, totally disabling the assured, or death, are issued at moderate rates.

This important addition to the principle of Assurance deserves the serious consideration of persons in all positions of life.

All policies are indisputable, whereby the power on the part of the Office in resisting a claim, under any circumstances whatever, is removed.

The general business of this Association embraces:—

Granting policies from £50 upwards.
Loans in connection with Life Assurance.
Immediate and Deferred Annuities, on favourable terms.
Endowments, and every risk contingent on life.

Independently of the premiums arising from policies, the transactions of the Association are guaranteed by a subscribed capital of £250,000, by nearly 1,100 shareholders, whose names and addresses are published with prospectus, assuring thereby most perfect responsibility.

Detailed prospectuses, containing the rates of premium, explanation of the system, &c., &c., may be had on application to

CONSTABLE AND CO.,
Agents for the Australasian Colonies
2674 542, George-street.

THE LONDON CHARTERED BANK OF AUSTRALIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
CAPITAL—£500,000,
(With power to increase to £1,000,0000.)
LOCAL BOARD:
Thomas Walker, Esq.
Alexander Campbell, Esq.
Henry Moore, Esq.
MANAGER.
Robert Napier, Esq.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Branch of the Corporation will be opened on 1st of July next, in those premises, in George-street, situated between Jamison-street and the Commissariat Office, for the transaction of the usual Banking business.

CHARLES FALCONER, Inspector.
Sydney, June 21.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES
Established 1817.
Incorporated by Legislative Enactment 1850.
Paid up Capital £400,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.
Head office, George-street, Sydney.
BRANCHES.
Moreton Bay—W. Richardson, Manager.
Maitland and Newcastle—Alexander Stuart, Manager.
Newcastle—H. W. Oliver, Accountant.
Melbourne—J. Badcock, Manager.
Geelong—R. Woodhouse, Manager.
LONDON BOARD.
William Walker, Esq. | Robt. Campbell, Esq.
Robert Tooth, Esq. | D. Larnach, Esq.
AGENCIES.
London—The London Joint Stock Bank, and the Union Bank of London
Glasgow—The Western Bank of Scotland
New York—Duncan Sherman and Co.
South Australia—The South Australian Banking Company
Van Diemen's Land—The Commercial Bank
India and Ceylon—The Oriental Bank
China—Messrs. Jardine, Matheson, and Co.
Manila—Messrs. Russell and Sturgis
Singapore—Messrs. Ker, Rawson, and Co.
Batavia—Messrs. M'Laine, Watson, and Co.
Sourabaya—Messrs. Fraser, Eaton, and Co.
Bahia—Messrs. S. S. Davenport and Co.
J. BAILLIE,
Secretary and Inspector of Colonial Branches.

AUSTRALIAN WASHING ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to the above Association are requested to pay the respective amounts due by them, to Mr. Williams, on the production by him of the Secretary's receipt, countersigned by himself. All parties neglecting or refusing to immediately do so will be forthwith proceeded against.

All claims against the Association to be forwarded to the Secretary, at Mr. Denny's Office, York-street.

By order of the Committee,
WILLIAM GIBBES,
Hon. Secretary.

Tenders for the Fittings, Utensils, &c., at the Ultimo House, and for the lease of the same, to be left with the Secretary at any time previous to 3 P.M., on Saturday. The Premises can be viewed any morning between 10 A.M. and noon. 10552

AUSTRALIAN WASHING ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.—The Shareholders of this Association are particularly requested to attend a Special General Meeting, to be held at the Royal Hotel on Saturday, the 25th instant, at 3 P.M.

By order of the Committee,
WILLIAM GIBBES,
10551 Hon. Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE half-yearly General Meeting of the shareholders of the Sydney Exchange Company will be held here on Monday, the 4th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors and the electing of a Director in the place of one to retire on that day.

By order of the Directors,
W. DAWES, Secretary.
Sydney Exchange Company, Exchange Rooms, June 10. 8824

TO UNITARIANS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting will be held at the Unitarian Chapel, Macquarie-street, on Wednesday, the 29th instant, at 3 o'clock, P.M., to adopt measures to enable the (shortly expected) Minister appointed by the British and Foreign Unitarian Association to enter upon his ministerial duties in connection with this congregation immediately on his arrival; and to afford Unitarians, more particularly those not at present in communication with the Society, an opportunity of securing sittings in the Chapel. W. JAMES, Hon. Sec. 10192

SOFALA, TURON AGENCY.

MR. JONATHAN CRAM has been appointed AGENT for the *Sydney Morning Herald* for the above district, in the room of Mr. R. R. Hughson, who has resigned.
10485 KEMP AND FAIRFAX.

NOTICE.
LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE COMPANY,
Established 1843.

THE undersigned is prepared to accept Risks (covered by Protecting Policies at Lloyd's, and other Insurance Companies in LONDON) by the Steamships of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, the Australian Royal Mail Company, or the General Screw Steam Company, either by the OVERLAND ROUTE, or via CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, to ENGLAND, FRANCE, and to any Port in INDIA or CHINA, and Intermediate.

The interest in the Protecting Policies is assigned to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company for the purpose of their becoming the medium of payment in the event of loss.

For Rates of Premium, and other information, apply to J. S. SPARKES, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, June 8. 8760

SYDNEY GOLD ESCORT COMPANY.

THE Board of Directors will despatch an Escort for the Ovens Gold Fieds on Monday next. Persons desirous of making remittances by this opportunity are respectfully informed that Parcels will be received to 3 P.M., on that day.

CHARGE FOR CONVEYANCE:
Bank notes, ½ per cent.
Gold coin, 1 per cent.
Silver coin, 2 per cent.
10520 RD. GARRETT, Secretary.

SYDNEY GOLD ESCORT OFFICE.

CONSIGNEES of Gold Dust, or Money, which arrived from the Ovens yesterday, are requested to present their receipts at the Office, and pay for the conveyance, this day, or any subsequent day, in banking hours.

Gold dust or money not taken away within 30 days after arrival in Sydney will be chargeable with a small store rent.

RICHARD GARRETT, Secretary.
22nd June. 10431

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
MAITLAND AND NEWCASTLE BRANCHES.
ALEX. STUART—Manager.
Local Director at Newcastle—C. SIMPSON, Esq., J.P.
Resident Accountant ditto—H. W. OLIVER.

BRANCHES of this Bank are now open at West Maitland and Newcastle, for receiving deposits, discounting approved bills, and negociating drafts on the head office, Sydney, and the various branches and agencies of the bank in the colonies and London, and for the transaction of all other ordinary banking businesses.

J. BAILLIE,
Secretary and Inspector of Colonial Branches.
Sydney, June 15. 10040

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.

DRAFTS on London, Melbourne, and Geelong, bought and sold by this Bank, at the current rates of exchange. Sola Drafts on London, of £5 each, payable on demand, may be obtained on application at the Bank Offices, 397, Pitt-street North, Sydney.
6087 ALEXANDER HART, Manager.

HUSSEY, BOND, AND HALE
Agents and Commission Merchants
San Francisco, Melbourne, and Sydney.
REFERENCES:—

Messrs Sampson and Tappan, George B. Upton, Esq.	Boston
Messrs. Birckhead and Pierce, John Clarke, Esq.	Baltimore.
Messrs. Bucklin and Crane, Oliphant and Sons, Foster, Elliott, and Co.	in New York.
George Peabody, Esq.	London.
Messrs. Fred. Huth and Co. Brown, Shipley, and Co.	Liverpool.
Joseph Hobson, Esq. Messrs. A. Hemengway, and Co.	Valparaiso.
Maxwell, Wright, and Co.	Rio Janeiro.
Kirchner, and Co. J. H. Baillie, Esq., Bank New South Wales	Sydney.

22, Macquarie-place.

COMMISSIONS FOR GEELONG.

THE undersigned will be happy to receive consignments of goods, colonial produce, and merchandise generally, for sale on commission, and to execute, with punctuality and despatch, any orders that may be entrusted to them in the above branch of business; or for the purchase of any goods that may be required by those who may wish to avail of their services.

References may be made as to respectability, to Messrs. P. N. Russell, and Co., Sydney.

EDWARD WALTON AND CO.,
late C. J. Dennys and Co., Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, Market Square, Geelong. 5787

BEAUTIFUL HAIR.—The successful results of the last half century have proved beyond question that ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL is endowed with singularly nourishing powers in the growth and restoration of the human hair, and when every other known specific has failed. It insinuates its balsamic properties into the pores of the head, nourishes the hair in its embryo state, accelerates its growth, cleanses it from scurf and dandriff, sustains it in maturity, and continues its possession of healthy vigour, silky softness, and luxurious redundancy, to the latest period of human life. In the growth of whiskers, eyebrows, and mustachios, it is also unfailing in its stimulative operation. When regularly applied to the head of infancy it ensures a growth of rich luxuriant hair.

Price 3s. 6d. and 7s.; or family bottles (equal to four small) at 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s. Caution.—On the wrapper of each bottle are the words "Rowlands' Macassar Oil," in two lines. The same are engraven on the back of the wrapper nearly 1,500 times, containing 29,028 letters. Sold by C. M. Penny, H. Mace, A. Foss, P. F. Morgan, and J. Row, chemists; Robinson and Pearson, hairdressers; Messrs. Hamburger and Sons, George-street; Richard Macdonald, 438 George-street; Mr. Joseph Marshall, Chemist and Druggist, William-street, Woolloomooloo and wholesale by Daniel Cooper, jun., Sydney.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—Mr. MECHI, 4, Leadenhall-street, London, begs to claim the attention of the merchants, traders, and storekeepers of Sydney to his position as manufacturer and exporter of every description of dressing-cases for ladies and gentlemen, either for home use, or of the compact description adapted for travelling. As an illustration of what may be effected in portability, a leather case is made containing two razors, strop, comb, tooth, nail, and shaving brushes, the size of an ordinary pocket-book. Writing desks, in leather and wood; work-boxes for ladies, in extensive variety, from the simplest, at a few shillings cost, to those of the richest and most gorgeous character.

For papier mâché articles Mechi's Emporium is unrivalled. This fabric is decidedly the cheapest and most "taking" article of the present day; it is manufactured into table inkstands, folios, hand skreens, writing desks, knitting boxes, tea caddies, tea trays, and a variety of other articles, combining utility with artistic beauty, at a cost within the reach of all.

Clasp and bowie knives for the diggings, razors, pen and pocket knives, needles, scissors, and table cutlery of every description, all made from "Mechi's peculiar steel." Magic razor strops and paste, which have attained a world-wide notoriety. Leather, knitting, and crochet cases for ladies, chess and backgammon tables. Also his renowned folding bagatelle tables, varying in length from 6 to 10 feet when open.

Mr. Mechi trusts that his long established reputation will be considered a guarantee that every article shipped will be the best that can be manufactured at the price charged. All orders he may be favoured with will meet with instant attention, and the goods be despatched in a few days. Remittances must accompany the order, with instructions whether the conveyance is to be per steamer or sailing vessel.

MECHI, 4, Leadenhall-street, London, near the India House. 6943

ADVICE ON DISEASE OF THE EYE.—Dr. CAMPBELL, Physician, Surgeon, &c., late of Glasgow, has to intimate that he has commenced the practice of his profession, at Mrs. Cousens', 84, Elizabeth-street, corner of Liverpool-street, Race-course, South. Dr. C. has the honour to be a pupil of Dr. Mackenzie, Oculist to her Majesty. Advice gratis from 8 to 10 A.M. 9625

WE have this day established ourselves in business as Merchants and Commission Agents, in connection with Messrs. Moore, Phillips, and Co., Birmingham; Phillips, Moore, and Co., at Hongkong and Manila; and J. S. Moore and Co., Cape Town and Melbourne. Mr. J. W. Lewis is authorised to sign the Firm by procuration.

PHILLIPS, MOORE, AND CO.,
Temporary Offices, 472, George-street.
June 8, 1853. 9010

JOHN RIDLEY begs to inform Ship Owners, Merchants, and the Commercial community generally, that he has retired from the sea, after twenty years' experience as a Master Mariner and Trader, principally between London, India, and the Australian colonies, where he has acquired a general knowledge of commerce, and has established himself in Sydney as a General, Commercial, and Shipping Agent, and begs respectfully to solicit the patronage of Ship Owners, Merchants, and others connected with these colonies, and to assure them that no effort on his part shall be wanting to give the utmost satisfaction to those parties who may please to honour him with their confidence.

Mr. R. trusts that, from his long experience as a nautical man, and his general knowledge of these colonies and the commerce thereof, that he may be of use and advantage to Captains, Owners, and others trading to Sydney and the Australian colonies, who may confide their interest to his care.

Advances made on Tallow, Wool, Gold, or other Colonial Produce, consigned to his Agents in London, H. D. and James Blyth and Greene.

LONDON REFERENCES.
Messrs. H. D. and James Blyth and Greene, Philpot-lane, Fenchurch-street.
H. H. Toulmin, Great St. Helens, Bishopgate-street.
A. Ridley, Esq., Queen's-square, Bloomsbury.
MAURITIUS.
Blyth, Brothers, and Co.
CALCUTTA.
Harris Chunder Bhose, Esq.
MADRAS.
D. M'Kenzie, Esq., firm of Bainbridge and Co.
SYDNEY.
Gilchrist, Alexander, and Co.

Temporary Offices, Church Hill, corner of Gloucester-street. 9096

FLUTINAS, ACCORDEONS, CONCERTINAS, Musical Boxes, Looking Glasses, Engravings, &c.

J. BERNASCONI, Carver, Gilder, Looking-glass Frame Maker, Pitt-street, opposite the Labour Bazaar, begs to inform his friends and the musical public generally, that he has had imported to his order an invoice of superior Flutinas, Accordeons, Concertinas, and Musical Boxes; also a large quantity of superior Japanned Trays, per the Katherine Stewart Forbes, which for richness and sweetness of tone, and excellent finish, are not to be equalled in the colony. Musical Boxes, playing sets of quadrilles, waltzes, &c.

J. B. has also received, ex Harriet, complete suites of English made drawing-room Furniture, now landing, and will be unpacked in a few days.

Several very superior Engravings, from paintings by Turner, Creswick, Wilkie, Etty, Mulready, Landseer, and other eminent artists.

Looking glasses re-silvered, and picture frames, in every variety of wood and gilding, made on the shortest notice, and most moderate terms. Swing dressing-glasses in great variety.

Also, on sale, Hancock's Improved Accordeon Preceptors.

Observe the address—
J. BERNASCONI,
Carver, Gilder, Picture-frame Maker,
Pitt-street,
10293 Opposite the Labour Bazaar.

THE FIRST OF JULY.—Hotel, inn, and restaurant proprietors, new arrivals, and others about to furnish, are respectfully informed that they can be supplied with the well known and universally approved Cooking Apparatus, various sizes, to burn either coal, wood, or charcoal; also, every article for culinary purposes, of the best quality, at reasonable prices. CHARLES YOUNGER, Manufactory, No. 320, Pitt-street, near King-street, Sydney. 10495

LAND AGENCY OFFICE.
J. RYAN BRENAN and WILLIAM RUSSELL, Solicitors, &c.,
No. 77, King-street West, Sydney.

THE above firm have, at the request of many parties, established a Land Agency Office, upon the same system as professional men in London and Dublin conduct them, to facilitate the sale, purchase, and letting of lands and houses, stations, with or without stock, and borrowing money on mortgage, &c.; as also for the receipt of rents and interest on moneys lent in the city of Sydney and its neighbourhood, for parties absent from the colony, or those whose avocations require such agents.

A book is kept for entering the description of the properties for sale or security, &c.; and it is advisable that full particulars should be communicated. Office hours from nine to four o'clock.

CHARGES.

The only charge, professional or otherwise, for entering the description of the properties for sale or purchase, or money to be lent or borrowed, will be 2½ per cent. on the amount realised, should a sale or loan be effected; but no charge will be made if a sale or loan be not effected. If the transaction should amount to a large sum, 1½ per cent. only will be charged for effecting it.

It must be apparent that a general Land Agency, thus conducted, in connexion with general professional business, will afford great facilities for effecting and expediting sales, purchases, borrowing money, &c.

BRENAN AND RUSSELL,
Solicitors, &c.,
9849 77, King-street West, Sydney.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]
TO SADDLERS, COACH-BUILDERS, MERCHANTS, AND OTHERS.

CHARLES GREATREX & SON, Walsall, Staffordshire, England, manufacturers and factors of all descriptions of saddlery and harness, bits, spurs, brushes, and coach ironmongery, carriage lamps, axles, bolts, lace-cloth, nails and screws, leather of all kinds, plated and brass goods, &c. All articles of the best quality, and upon the lowest terms. Any orders will have the best attention, for cash, or for a credit in London. Reference—Messrs. Glyn and Co., Bankers, London. 6941

FUNERALS.—J. HILL, JUNIOR, AND SON, in tendering their best thanks for the liberal patronage they have received, and being determined to merit a continuance of the same, beg to intimate to the public generally that he will in future perform Funerals from One Pound upwards, and to the really necessitous their charges will be merely nominal, without regard to profit.

JOHN HILL, JUNIOR, AND SON,
2570 Undertakers, King-street.

M. BIRNSTINGL, being about to proceed to Europe, informs the mercantile public that he has this day commenced partnership with Mr. Z. INGOLD, who will conduct business in these colonies under the firm of

BIRNSTINGL AND INGOLD.

Consignments will be received and strict attention paid to the interests of their owners.

489, George-street, Sydney, June 1. 7444

COOPERAGE.—The Coopering business will be continued at the residence of the late Mr. J. C. Korff as heretofore. All orders will be punctually attended to. N.B. The coal trade carried on as usual by FREDERICK KORFF, Executor, Church-hill.
June 22. 10649

EDWARD H. JONES (late of 62, Cornhill, London), Working Jeweller and Watchmaker, No. 1, Hunter-street, and first shop from George-street, begs to offer the following list of prices for clocks, warranted.

	£	s.	
American striking clocks	1	16	each
Union pattern ditto	2	6	each
Very elegant inlaid clocks, lever movement	3	5	each
Octagon pattern ditto for office ..	3	0	each
Eight-day office clocks, from	4	0	each

9934

EDWARD H. JONES (late of 62, Cornhill, London), Watchmaker and Working Jeweller, No. 1, Hunter-street, the first shop from George-street, begs to acquaint the inhabitants of Sydney that he has just received from one of the most celebrated London makers the choicest selection of Watches that has ever been imported into the colony.

In submitting the following list of prices, E. H. J. begs to observe that there is no increase upon the London charges, and that each watch is guaranteed for two years.

	£	s.
Double bottomed gold lever jewelled watches	15	15
Ditto with hunting cases	18	18
Double bottomed silver lever jewelled watches	5	15
Ditto with hunting cases	6	6

All watches repaired on the premises by experienced workmen, and at fixed charges.

Watch Glasses fitted at 1s. each. 9935
No. 4.]

READER!!! if you are about to add to the comfort and elegance of your home, and would wish to do so upon sound and economical principles, before purchasing your furniture at any other house, call at the OLD CITY THEATRE, where you will at any time see a stock at least twice as extensive as any other in the colony; in quality and style second to none; and at prices BEYOND ALL COMPARISON.

Mark the address—
☞ DEAN'S Furniture Warehouse,
City Theatre, Market-street,
Importers and Manufacturers of Cabinet Furniture. 10108

PAPER HANGINGS,
PAPER HANGINGS.
At the Old Oil and Colour Shop, 326, Pitt-street, corner of Broughham-place.

JAMES BRAY, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c., &c., begs most respectfully to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has just received a choice lot of English paper hangings, consisting of some very handsome satin paper, which he can sell cheap; also, a large stock of paints, varnishes, japan, gold size, window glass from 10 x 8 to 40 x 34, dry colours all shades, brushware, consisting of brooms, scrub-stone, shoe and horse brushes, paint brushes, sash tools, marking tools, and lining tools.

Sperm, black, and other oils.
Paints mixed ready for use. 10432

PAPER, STATIONERY, AND MUSIC.

MACNAB, HAMILTON, AND CO., are now landing at their Stores, Queen's-place, ex late arrivals,
Writing papers, of every description
Printing ditto, ditto ditto
Double demy, 24 x 36
Ditto, 22½ x 32½
Blotting paper
Drapers' ditto
Coloured ditto
Brown packing ditto
Music ditto
Account books, of every variety
Miscellaneous stationery, consisting principally of—
Envelopes, all sizes
Memorandum books
Copy books
Letter folders, bone and ivory
Pencil cases
Penholders
Porcupine ditto
Presentation pens
Gold slip pens
Steel pens, Mosley's, every description
Ditto, Gillott's, ditto
Ditto, Low's, ditto
Ditto, Hughes' ditto
Ditto, Mitchell's, ditto
Pen racks
Inks, various
Wafers and wax, ditto
Rubber, ditto
Pencils—carpenters' and drawing, of every description
Ivory handled knives
Elastic bands
Book hooks
Playing cards, sporting Moguls
Ditto, floral ditto
Ditto, gold back ditto
Ditto, coloured fancy ditto
Ditto, Highlanders, No. 1
Ditto, ditto, No. 2
Violin strings, of every description
Violin pins, bridges, &c.
Flutes, 4 to 8 keys, various
Musical boxes, ditto
&c., &c., &c.
Queen-street, June 22. 10521

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

IN consequence of some proprietors of minor establishments, and self-styled importers of English goods, having imitated our advertisements, many buyers have been misled, and consequently disappointed; it is therefore necessary that purchasers of

CABINET FURNITURE

should mark well the address,
PETER AND WILLIAM DEAN,
City Theatre, Market-street.
Manufacturers and Importers of Cabinet Furniture.

P. and W. D. beg to intimate to country and other buyers, who may be obliged to entrust their commissions to agents in Sydney, that for the future all goods bought at their establishment will invariably have their name stamped in legible characters, so as to prevent mistake.

Mark the address—
☞ DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE,
City Theatre,
Market-street.
PETER AND WILLIAM DEAN
have no connexion with any other house in the trade, nor any branch establishments, except the
CITY THEATRE.
10106 Market-street, Sydney.

ORNAMENTAL AND FRUIT-BEARING PLANTS.

PLANTS from a most extensive and choice collection may be obtained on application to Francis Ferguson, Camden, comprising, amongst several thousand of other genera, species, and varieties, the following:—

Camellias, well established in pots, in a flowering state, sixty varieties.
Azaleas, Indian and American, twenty varieties.
Pines, Nepal and European.
Cypresses, Chinese weeping, Nepal twisted, European upright, and horizontal.
Araucarias, Norfolk Island and Australian.
Magnolias, Evergreen and Deciduous, nine varieties.
Vibarnum, ditto ditto, ten ditto.
Elms, ditto ditto.
Oaks, ditto ditto.
Roses, Geant des Batailles, Souvenir de la Malmaison, and sixty named varieties.
Berberis macrophylla, Fortuni, and Dulcis.
Mandevilla suaveolens; Paulownia imporialis; Allamanda grandiflora; Cantua pyrifolia; Ceanothus divaricatus; Gelsemium sempervirens; Hoya bella; Taxodiums; Rhododendrons; Junipers, &c., &c., &c.
Very superior worked young Fruit Trees, comprising Apricots, Cherries, Pears, Plums, Peaches, and Nectarines, Oranges, Almonds, Filberts, Loquats, Medlars, Pomegranates, Quinces, Raspberries, Strawberries, Spanish Chesnut, Walnuts, Vines, &c.

Plants securely packed for long sea voyages.
Catalogues to be had on application.
Apply either personally or by letter, to
FRANCIS FERGUSON, Camden.

PATENT Fire Bricks for sale, at the Australian Brewery, in quantities to suit purchasers. 8168

LANGLEY'S LAND AGENCY OFFICE,
316, Pitt-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, some very excellent Family Residences. Also, Allotments of Land in Sydney and suburbs.

Very eligible Allotment at Balmain, water frontages, &c.; and also in other parts of the colony.

Farms for sale and lease near Sydney and various parts of the country.

The splendid property at Balmain, belonging to Robert Blake, Esq., consisting of Houses, Allotments, Marine and Villa Residences.

Money to lend on mortgage, at a reasonable rate of interest, and in sums as may be required.
10311 C. E. LANGLEY.

BANK, and other Shares may always be obtained on application to W. J. LENNON, Stock and Share Broker, 356, Pitt-street. 5438

HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES.

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has succeeded in getting the six cases of the above medicines shipped "in and upon the good ship Zeepaard, whereof is master Captain Giltjes," and that he has instantly supplied the following sub-agents:—

Sydney.—Mr. Cleary, King-street; Mr. Beer, George-street, near *Herald* Office; Mr. Marshfield, Brickfield-hill.
Maitland (East).—Mr. W. Patey Peek.
——— (West).—Mr. Birdman.
Castlereagh.—Mrs. Gorman.
Goulburn.—Mr. Emanuel; Mr. Jones, of the *Goulburn Herald*; Mr. Jacob.
Bathurst.—Mr. Parker, Druggist.
Berrima—Mr. Powell.
Yass—Messrs. Godfrey and Antony; and Mr. Moses.
Paterson.—Mr. Reade.
Grafton.—Mr. Hawthorne.
Wide Bay.—Mr. Palmer.
Cornish Settlement.—Mr. George Hawke.
Murrurundi.—Mr. James Juchau.
Armidale.—Messrs. Mather and Gilchrist.
Morpeth.—Mr. O'Keefe.
Maneroo.—Messrs. S. and H. Solomon; and Mr. Montagu.
Kiama.—Mr. Pike.
Wollongong.—Hewlett and Co.
Richmond.—Mr. W. G. Board.
Orange,—Mr. John Woodward.
J. K. HEYDON,
25 Wholesale Agent

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

FLOOD AND CO. have on sale, at the Brisbane Water Timber Yard, a large and well assorted stock of Building and other Timber, at their usual low prices. 10268

THE ENSUING BALLS.

THOMAS GARTON AND CO. especially beg to call the attention of ladies to their splendid stock of black white, and coloured Brussels' lace dresses. The above are just opened and comprise the choicest lot of lace goods yet imported. Wynyard House, 599, George-street. June 20. 10256

FRENCH RIBBONS.

SEVERAL CARTOONS of the above just opened by THOMAS GARTON AND CO., Wynyard House, 599, George-street. 10257

JUST OPENED.

TWO BALES of choice patterns in Brussels Carpets. THOMAS GARTON AND CO., Wynyard House, 599, George-street. 10259

LONDON HOUSE.
BRANDON'S, 249, Pitt-street.

JUST RECEIVED from Mr. Thomas Brandon, of London, an assortment of velvet, vecuna, and cloth mantles and paletots o the newest styles
Likewise two cases of Dunstable, Tuscany, and fancy bonnets
French plush bonnets, in all the fashionable colours
A splendid assortment of cachmere shawls
Very rich 16-4 French shawls, "pure laine"
Lace dresses, mantles, jackets, vests, and squares, in a great variety. 10582

FANCY DRESS BALL.

FOR SALE, a splendid Dress, complete,—costume of the 13th Century—(Knight of the Garter). Apply to WILLIAM JOINER, (Late Thomas Broughton,) Tailor and Draper, Riding, Full Dress, and French Trousers Maker, 395, George-street, 6 doors from late Establishment, and immediately opposite Royal Hotel. 9812

PARIS FLOWERS, Fans, Bouquet Holders, Gloves, Tablets, Ess. Bouquet, Patchouly, Jockey Club, Jasmine, Verbena, Vervine, and a great variety of other fashionable perfumes, at

HAMBURGER AND SONS,
10425 515, New Buildings, George-street.

TO THE LADIES. PARIS SHOES.

JUST received, by the undersigned, a superior invoice of the best French Shoes, to be sold at a very low price.

J. F. LONCHAMP, 287, Pitt-street,
9918 Next door to the Victoria Theatre.

PINTS, PINTS, PINTS.

400 DOZEN pints of Ale and Stout, consisting of Byass', Marzetti's, Bridge's, Dunbar's, and Allsopp's
500 Dozen quarts of Ale and Stout, consisting of Byass', Marzetti's, and Evans'
Port and Sherry, in pints
Cherry Brandy, and Calcutta Bitters, in pints
Champagne, very superior, in pints.
On sale at
I. O. GLANHAM'S,
561, George-street, opposite Bridge-street, next to the Exchange. 9823

COLONIAL TOBACCO, in kegs of 100 and 150 pounds, at 10d. per lb., upwards, on sale at the Stores, 291, Pitt-street, Sydney, HENRY FERRIS. 5437

KAURI SLABS AND REEKERS.

FOR SALE, at Cunyngham's Wharf, (adjoining Campbell and Co.'s,) a lot of the above, which will be sold cheap, to close the account. Apply to WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort-street. 10634

HORSE-SHOEING.—Public Notice. JAMES JOHNSTON respectfully begs to announce that he has resumed business again at his old stand, as Horse Shoer, corner of Pitt and Liverpool-streets, where all orders that he may be favoured with shall meet with the strictest attention and punctuality.

Sydney, 21st June. 108

FOR SALE, the FAREWELL ADDRESS of the Late LORD BISHOP OF SYDNEY, by W. and F. FORD, Lower George-street, and WILLIAM MOFFITT, Pitt-street. 10569

PARKER'S PRIVATE HOTEL, YORK-STREET.
(LATE ENTWISLE'S.)

FAMILIES and Gentlemen will meet with superior accommodation at the above Hotel. Table d'Hôte at two o'clock. N.B.—Good stabling and coach-house attached. 8941

LUCERNE Seed, White Dutch and Red Clovers, Italian Rye Grass.

N.B.—A quantity of grasses suitable for sowing round homesteads of sheep stations, to make a sward without cultivation to keep sheep clean during the shearing time. Other grasses for lawns and pleasure grounds. Winter and Spring is the proper time for sowing.

HENRY FERRIS,
291, Pitt-street, Sydney.
May 26. 6606

COAL AND WOOD DEPOT.
Flood's Wharf, Miller's Point.

JOHN DUGUID AND CO. have always on hand a large supply of the best Newcastle Coals and well dried Fire Wood.

Shipping, Public Works and Institutions, as well as private families, supplied on the most reasonable terms, at the shortest notice.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1507625

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

June 24.—Diana, Dutch schooner, 184 tons, Captain Mune, from London March 18. G. A. Lloyd and Co., agents.

June 24.—Sarah, brig, 139 tons, Captain Graub, from Port Fairy June 18. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Urquhart and child, Miss Tierney, and 6 in the steerage. Willis, Merry, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.

June 24.—Algerine, for Auckland.
June 24.—Julia Ann, for Melbourne.
June 24.—Zone, for Moreton Bay.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day. — Tenasserim, for Calcutta; Admiral Tromp, for Java; Hendrik, for Batavia; Speed, for San Francisco.

CLEARANCES.

June 24.—Tennasserim, barque, 217 tons, Captain Conry, for Calcutta, in ballast.

June 24.—Algerine, brig, 160 tons, Captain Brooks, for Auckland. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Angroone, Mr. and Mrs. Macdermott, Mr. J. Rooney, Mr. J. Walters, and 6 in the steerage.

June 24—Admiral Tromp, Dutch ship, 732 tons, Captain Van Tubergen, for Java, in ballast.

June 24.—Hendrick, Dutch barque, 320 tons, Captain Van der Horen, for Batavia, in ballast.

June 24.—Surge, barque, 543 tons, Captain Maurice, for London. Passengers—Mrs. Hamilton, family, and two servants, Miss Thacker, Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead, Mr. Sells, Mr. Leath, Dr. O'Reilly.

COASTERS INWARDS.

June 24.—Christopher George, from the Tweed, with 2,000 feet timber; Warlock, from Newcastle, with 64 tons coals; Midas, and Lass O'Gowrie, from Shoalhaven, with 52 tons potatoes, 8 hides, 10 bags maize, 4 bags wheat, 2 kegs 3 jars butter, 1 box eggs; Peacock and Prosperous, from Brisbane Water, with 13,000 feet timber, 10,000 shingles; Elizabeth and Brothers, from Newcastle, with 78 tons coals; Rose, steamer, from Morpeth, with 32 bales wool, 30 casks tallow, 20 bundles sheepskins, 10 bags grain, 30 hides, 12 bundles bacon, 2 cases cheese, 14 boxes eggs, 14 coops fowls, 40 pigs, 4 calves, 20 lambs, 5 horses and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

June 24.—Christopher George, for the Tweed; Sisters, for the Hawkesbury; Brothers and Warlock, for Newcastle, in ballast; Prosperous and Peacock, for Brisbane Water, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

June 24.—Diana, from London: 1 case, Rev. J. Beazley; 120 cases, Willis, Merry, and Co.; 5 cases, Smith, Croft, and Co.; 5 hogsheads brandy, 10 hogsheads beer, 12 hogsheads rum, 160 cases, 82 casks, 5 hogsheads, J. T. Armitage and Co.; 6 cases Constable and Co.; 166 cases, 3 bales, D. Cooper, junior; 5 cases, 10 bales, A. Hordern; 58 cases, 15 bales, 13 trunks, 1 package, Lark and Bennett; 3 packages, Dunsmore; 7 trunks, 2 cases, J. Kerr; 6 cases, Foss and Son; 11 packages, Dawson and Fairfax; 4 cases, 2 bales, 5 trunks, Nicholls Burule; 1 case, S. Goold; 28 tons coals, Australian Gas Light Company; 2 cases plate, O. Blaxcome; 35 casks bottled beer, 12 trunks boots and shoes, 10 cases sardines, 36 cases cheese, 25 casks tongues, 10 cases bacon, 18 cases, 3 bales, 2000 packages, G. A. Lloyd and Co.

June 24.—Per Bolton, from London, additional: 100 hogsheads beer, Young and Co.; 51 packages, D. Cohen and Co. Shipped at Cape Town, 6 cases cabinet ware, 1 case jewellery, 13 packages 28 trunks apparel, 1 case glass, 1 case hats, 25 trunks boots and shoes, De Pass, Ellis, and Co.; 87 boxes raisins, 4 quarter casks, 1 keg wine, A. Roberts.

EXPORTS.

June 24—Algerine, for Auckland: 4 quarter-casks whiskey, 3 puncheons 14 hogsheads rum, 3 hogsheads brandy, 30 cases geneva, 10 quarter-casks wine, 173 bags sugar, 3 bales hops, 50 bags rice, Smith, Campbell, and Co.; 4 hogsheads rum, 8 hogsheads brandy, 10 kegs tobacco, 100 cases geneva, 173 bags sugar, 33 casks bottled 10 hogsheads beer, 8 quarter-casks wine, 10 half-chests tea, 50 bags rice, H. Fisher; 18 packages drugs, E. Youngman and Co.; 50 boxes candles, 20 boxes tin plates, 1 case lamps, 50 boxes glass, 7 casks whiskey, 160 boxes tea, 330 bags sugar, R. Dacre; 40 bags rice, 1 case blacking, 2 cases merchandise, A. Fairfax; 51 bags salt, 4 casks barley, 50 boxes soap, 2 cases blacking, 10 boxes candles, 44 bags sugar, 4 cases 2 casks merchandise, J. Caldwell; 50 bags rice, 40 boxes candles, 117 bags sugar, 40 boxes soap, J. Watkins; 10 bags rice, 8 kegs nails, 15 boxes candles, 10 boxes soap, G. Struth.

June 24. — Surge, for London: 24 bales wool, Thacker and Co.; 73 bales wool, Macintosh and Hirst; 296 bales wool, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 128 bales wool, Montefiore, Graham, and Co.; 225 bales wool, Prince, Bray, and Ogg; 69 bales wool, 630 ingots 214 tiles copper, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 233 bales wool, G. Rees; 76 bales wool, Young and Co.; 30 bales wool, Rossiter and Lazarus; 50 casks tallow, R. W. Robinson; 195 bags kauri gum, W. Wright; 1 case painting, C. Martens; 31 casks tallow, Australian Agricultural Company. Recapitulation: 1160 bales wool, 90 casks tallow, 195 bags kaurie gum, 630 ingots 214 tiles copper, 1 case painting.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post Office as follow:—

For London.—By the American Lass, Pelham, and Surge, this evening, at 6.

For Melbourne.—By the Waratah, on Monday, at 4 p.m.

For Launceston.—By the Freak, this evening, at 6.

For Moreton Bay.—By the Bella Vista, this evening, at 6.

Custom House.—Entered outwards: June 24. Bonnie Doon, barque, 228 tons, utty, for Melbourne; Admiral Tromp, barque, 732 tons, Van Tubergen, for Java.

73 casks gunpowder, per Anna Mary, from London, put down to order, should be to Bogue and Co.

The Julia Ann sailed for Port Phillip yesterday morning early, leaving a large number of her passengers from San Francisco behind, who had come on shore on the faith of the vessel's not going to sea before 8 a.m.

The Jenny Lind, schooner, went out yesterday afternoon, but returned to port shortly afterward in consequence of a south-west breeze springing up.

The Diana has had a good passage of 98 days from London, but brings no later English news. During the voyage she spoke the Vesta, from London, bound to Port Phillip. The Juno, for Sydney, was to leave two days after the Diana.

In the manifest per Ann and Mary, 20 packages consigned to order should be J. W. and S. Thompson.

In the exports per Jenny Lind, for Melbourne, F. Farrar should be A. Farrar, and H. Munday should be Haigh, Munday, and Co. as shippers.

Colonial Produce.—The following colonial produce has been received coastwise during the week:—2224 bushels and 344 bags maize, 95 bushels and 100 bags wheat, 24 bags barley, 30 bushels oats, 270 trusses and 130 tons hay, 135 bags bran, 5608 pumpkins, 58 tons potatoes, 116 bales wool, 6 tons and 5 casks tallow, 65 hides, 23 bundles and 953 sheepskins, 3 tons 14 cwt. and 338 bales bacon, 24 cases eggs, 413 kegs butter, 19 coops fowls, 73 pigs, 3 calves, 3 horses, 127,000 feet timber, 30,0? laths, 2100 palings, 22,000 shingles, 900 bushels shells, 724 tons coals.

Water Police Office.—Yesterday, judgment in a case of wrecked seamen's wages, which involves a question of some interest to owners, masters, and agents of merchant ships was given by the Water Police Magistrate. The case was brought before this bench on Saturday last, and heard from time to time until yesterday, and may be stated as follows:—The colonial registered ship Whitby was wrecked on the coast of New Zealand at the latter end of April last, and the crew made the best of their way overland to Auckland; where the agent and part owner, Mr. Grahame, resided. The crew, having the certificate of the master, as to the amount of the wages due to them, requested to be paid there; but Mr. Grahame said that all that he could do was to supply them with rations for a few days; then pay their passage to Sydney by a vessel about to sail thither, and give them £2 each in money. This arrangement was carried out, but before the seamen sailed Mr. Grahame obtained from each a bill of exchange, drawn in favour of Mr. William Wright, for value received and on account of wages due, in which amount was included the passage money (£5 5s.) of each man to Sydney by the Waterlily. Upon their arriving here the men made their claim (minus the £2 advanced in cash to each of them at Auckland) for the wages due up to the time of the wreck; but this Mr. W. Wright refused to pay, unless the £5 5s. each for the passage money hither was allowed to be deducted. This deduction the men refused, and took proceedings for the recovery of the full balance in the Water Police Court. Upon the first hearing of the case on Saturday last, Mr. Wright, who was undefended, applied after the hearing of evidence, to have it adjourned until Wednesday, in order to have the question of the right of wrecked seamen to be removed from the place of wreck at the expense of the owners, argued by his legal adviser. To this course, Mr. Nichols, who appeared for the complainants, did not object. On Wednesday the case was resumed. There were five claimants under the same circumstances; but it was agreed on both sides, that the decision in the first case should govern the whole. In this case, Mr. Nichols appeared for the seaman, and Mr. Thomson (of Gurner and Thomson) for the owners. Mr. Nichols said, that the question resolved itself into a very narrow compass. The barque Whitby, having taken in cargo at Kiapara, was totally wrecked in attempting to leave that port. All hands were saved, and made the best of their way to Auckland, where one of the owners resided, and from whom (agreeably to the 17th section of the New South Wales Merchant Seamen's Act, 13 Vict., No 28, under whose provisions they had signed articles) they demanded their wages, up to the period of the wreck of the ship. The full amount, Mr. Grahame had refused to pay, but gave each man £2, and on condition of his signing a bill on the Sydney owner, Mr. Wright, on account of wages for £8 11s., paid for his passage to Sydney, by the Waterlily. Now, not one of the men desired to come to Sydney. They were offered at Auckland a high rate of wages as shore labourers, which they would willingly have accepted could they have got the balance due to them from the ship. But as they were referred to the Sydney owner for such balance, they were constrained to take Mr. Grahame's offer, and come on to Sydney by the Waterlily. Here Mr. Wright offered to pay them the amount certified by the master as due to each, less £5 5s. for their passage by the Waterlily, and this deduction the men refused, and as he (Mr. Nichols) contended, very justly. Whether from it being inconvenient to Mr. Grahame to pay them, or from any other cause, the men came to the Sydney owner at the instance of the Auckland one, and consequently ought not to be charged with their passage money. Mr. Thomson, on the part of the owner, contended that inasmuch as the statute which compelled owners to pay the passage of shipwrecked seamen from one civilised country to another, the money advanced to these men at Auckland for such passage ought to be deducted from their wages when paid in Sydney. Mr. Nichols said he quite agreed that the owners would not have been compelled to pay the passage of the wrecked crew had the latter been paid their wages at Auckland, where one of the owners resided; but, as in order to suit the latter's convenience the men had come to Sydney to be paid, neither by law nor equity could their passage money be deducted. Mr. Thomson then said that if the full claim were persisted in, he should make an objection to the information, which he submitted must be fatal to it. By the 17th section of the Act under which this claim was made, it was enacted, that in all cases of wreck or loss of the ship every surviving seaman shall be entitled to his wages up to the period of the wreck or loss of the ship, whether such ship shall or shall not have previously carried freight, provided the seaman shall produce a certificate from the master or chief surviving officer of the ship to the effect that he had exerted himself to the utmost to save the ship, cargo, and stores. Now, no such certificate had been given in evidence, and if the full claim were still demanded, he (Mr. Thomson) would urge this objection. Mr. Nichols maintained that the certificate from the master already given in evidence as to the amount of wages due to each seaman at the time of the wreck, together with the payment on account to him of a small sum by the part owner at Auckland, was, in effect, the very certificate required by the Act. The Bench at once overruled Mr. Thomson's objection; but as Mr. C. H. Chambers required time to consider the equities, the judgment was reserved until yesterday, when the Water Police Magistrate said that himself and his brother magistrate concurred in opinion that each party should pay the half of the passage money from Auckland to Sydney, and an order was made accordingly for the amount claimed minus the said moiety, together with 5s. 2d. court, and £2 2s. professional costs. This judgment (agreeably to the first agreement) to rule in the whole of these cases.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

June		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
25	SATURDAY	7 6	4 58	10 23	10 41
26	SUNDAY	7 6	4 58	11 0	11 20

Moon's last quarter, 4h. 41m., p.m., June 28

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.
SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1853.

'Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I.'

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The Auditor-General's statement the other evening of the financial position of the colony was creditable to himself and cheering to the public. His facts were judiciously selected, clearly put, and forcibly elucidated. And the facts were demonstrations of a measure of prosperity which New South Wales had never before known, and which is all the more valuable, and the more likely to be permanently progressive, because it is calm and steady, unattended with the excitements of wild speculation, based on solid capital and industry, and derived mainly from our old established resources. With a diminution in our gold revenue, there is an increase in every other branch of revenue for the current year; so that it is now confidently anticipated that by the end of the year there will be found an excess of £75,000 over the estimate which was laid before the Council in the last session.

Referring to the proposed abolition of the gold license fee, the Auditor-General shows what amount of revenue would be lost, and what amount of expenditure might be saved, by such a measure. It is more reasonable, however, to take the revenue at the amount indicated by what is now actually coming into the Treasury than the amount assumed in the original Estimates. The Governor-General's Finance Message states the present rate of receipt to be not more than £6000 a month, equal, in round numbers, to £70,000 per annum. The gross sum chargeable upon this increase is estimated at £40,000, leaving a surplus of £30,000 applicable to general purposes. But of this charge one-half only is said to consist of expenses which would cease were the fee given up, namely, the salaries of the Commissioners and their staffs. The other half, which goes to the maintenance of the gold fields police, would, it is alleged, be still indispensable. The result, therefore, would be, that we should give up a net revenue of £30,000, the charge remaining at £20,000; being equivalent to an actual loss of £50,000.

But, in assuming that this loss would really accrue, we must assume also that circumstances would in other respects remain the same, or at least that the population and wealth of the colony would not so increase as to produce an extra revenue from customs. This is the very hinge upon which the question of abolition or retention turns. Those who favour abolition do so because they think that in the long run the revenue, instead of losing, would gain by it. It is not our intention, however, to re-open this discussion at present. We have alluded to the subject here only to remind the reader that the Auditor-General's argument is one-sided. He looks at the loss, but overlooks the probabilites of compensation, and the possibility that the compensation might far *exceed* the loss.

As the new Tariff did not come into operation until August last, the first opportunity of comparing its results with those of the old duties occurred on making up the revenue accounts for the March quarter of the present year. The Abstract published in the *Government Gazette* would not enable us to make the comparison fully and accurately, since it gives only the amounts of duties received, not (with the exception of spirits) the quantities of goods upon which duties were paid. The Auditor-General, of course, had all the facts before him, and could ascertain with precision the difference between the produce of the new Tariff and what, with the same consumption, would have been the produce of the old. He states that under the old, the quarter's revenue from Customs would have been £65,700; but as the quarter's revenue from that source amounted to £85,000, it follows that the new Tariff had yielded an excess of £19,300, or twenty-nine per cent. He specifies the items of which the increase was composed. Rum, upon which the duty had been raised sixpence per gallon, gave an increase of £2,650. Tea, upon which a duty of three half-pence per pound had been substituted for five per cent. ad valorem, gave an increase of £3,948. Sugar, upon which also fixed duties had been substituted for the like ad valorem, gave an increase of £10,600. Wine, with a shilling per gallon substituted for ad valorem, gave an increase of £3,184. Ale and porter, £882. In all, here is a gross augmentation of upwards of £21,000 on the quarter, which, deducting the loss caused by the reduction in the duty on tobacco, and by the abolition of some minor ad valorem duties, leaves the net gain above stated, £19,300.

This, be it observed, is quite irrespective of increased *consumption*, the comparison being based on the supposition that the consumption of the respective quarters had been *precisely the same*. The beauty of the new Tariff is thus strikingly exemplified. By a silent and gentle process of taxation, unfelt and unnoticed by the consumer, an addition is made to the revenue to the extent of between £70,000 and £80,000 per annum.

In his comparison of consumption, the Auditor-General, after giving the figures for the two quarters, states his reasons for attaching more value to a comparison between the first half of last year and the first five and a half months of the present. The results are astonishing. The consumption of tea had increased at the rate of forty two per cent.; of sugar, twenty-seven; of wine, thirteen per cent. Between the first of January and the middle of this present June, we have consumed upwards of two million pounds of tea, nearly eight thousand tons of sugar, and more than a hundred and ninety thousand gallons of wine. The consumption of spirits in that period is not given. We do not see, however, why the honorable gentleman should regard these rates of *consumption* as proofs of "the successful working of the New Tariff Bill." We apprehend the consumption would have been just the same under the former duties. The increase is surely attributable partly to the growth of population, and partly to the enlarged means of the consumers.

Such are some of the leading facts put forth in Mr. Merewether's Budget.

In a previous page we give a full report of the Inaugural Address of President Pierce on assuming the government of the United States—a document not only interesting to the numerous American citizens now residing among us, but to all our readers. Although elected by the democratic party by a spontaneous movement, the new President pointedly draws the attention of his hearers to his being entirely unpledged to any particular course, and having no personal wishes to serve. The address shows that the new President is a man of high talent, and, from his liberal and comprehensive views, we may confidently hope that his government will be a most successful one.

CALIFORNIA.

In continuing our extracts from the San Francisco journals, received by the Julia Ann, we must observe that an awkward mistake occurred in our yesterday's issue, when we intended to give an extract from the *Placer Times* in reference to the fearful explosion of the steamer Jenny Lind, on her voyage from Alviso to San Francisco. We inserted some editorial remarks of our contemporary in respect to some military matters referred to in Governor Bigler's recent message to the local legislature in place of the following observations:—

We are again called upon to give the melancholy details of an explosion on board one of our steamers. We have no heart to dwell upon the particulars of the catastrophe. All the intelligence we could procure is given elsewhere. The haste with which so many of our well-known citizens have been hurried into eternity should arouse the travelling community to a sense of their danger. The United States law is clear upon the subject, and the least the proper authorities can do is to appoint the inspectors demanded by that law. It is time that every steamer on our waters should be subjected to a thorough scrutiny, and those that are unsafe should be prohibited from running.

The reckless disregard, whether of the lives or the comfort of their passengers, exhibited by so many of the owners and masters of American ships is, we are too happy to find, beginning to arrest the most serious attention in every port of America. In addition to the placing old and rotten ships on various of the most important berths, the constant defiance of the American Passengers' Laws, by carrying a far greater number of passengers in steam and sailing vessels, had long been a subject of grievous complaint. We find, however, by the *Placer Times*, that the authorities were determined to put a stop to this unworthy practice.

During the last few months, several suits have been brought in our admiralty courts against vessels for carrying more passengers than allowed by law. Among others, the brig Lombock, which brought an extraordinary number of Chinese passengers from Hongkong, some time ago, was subjected to a prosecution, which resulted in the forfeiture of the vessel. As the offence was of frequent occurence on vessels bound to this port, and as the law had in great measure come to be disregarded, the judgment in this case was regarded by the owners as severe and oppresive. The matter was therefore represented to the President of the U. S., who alone had power to grant relief. We learn that the President has considered the matter and, after learning all the circumstances, has remitted the forfeiture of the vessel, on condition that her owners pay the penalty of fifty dollars for every passenger taken in violation of law. The vessel will therefore revert to her original owners, on payment of 2200 dollars. A similar order has also been granted in the case of the steamer S. S. Lewis, and it is presumed that the same conditions will be extended to the steamers belonging to the P. M. S. S. Co. as well as those of other lines which have frequently taken an excessive number of passengers. If such should be the conditions exacted from the steamers, it will require a large sum to settle the matter probably forty or fifty thousand dollars. The money of course goes into the U. S. Treasury.

Whilst our enterprising American friends are thus exerting themselves to correct existing evils in their means of oceanic communications they are equally as active in promoting its rapid extension. We are told that:—

Arrangements have been consummated for the transmission of a weekly mail between San Francisco and New York. This step has not come a day too soon. In fact, the rising importance of California long since demanded it. But Government moves slowly, and the unexpected speed with which the arrangement under notice has been carried out furnishes matter for congratulation to our citizens, and augurs well for the future. The first steamer to leave under the weekly system is the Columbus, which starts next Saturday. She carries the through and way mails, and touches at Monterey, San Diego, and Acapulco. We are informed by Captain Knight that the weekly mail steamers are to leave San Francisco on the 1st, 8th, 16th, and 20th of each month, and New York on the 5th, 13th, 24th and 28th. The arrangement is permanent, and our readers may expect to be kept constantly advised of what is going on in the Eastern States, without waiting two weeks and then receiving the intelligence by wholesale.

From the various correspondents of the several San Francisco papers, we take the following memoranda of the progress of the miners in the chief gold districts, compiled to the 12th of April:—

From Placerville.—We have before us the *El Dorado News* of the 9th instant, from which we compile the following mining intelligence.

Extensive arrangements are making this season on the South Fork of the American river for an early commencement at mining.

The miners at Missouri Bar are making preparations to turn the river a fourth time. Last year it proved very rich.

Mr. Allen Dodd, who packs his dirt more than a mile to water, found in his diggings, about a mile from Placerville, a piece of pure gold, weighing 14 lbs. 2 ozs. 11 dwts. and 4 grains. He averages 12 dollars per day.

White Rock.—The miners in this vicinity are doing more than usually well. Last Thursday three of our friends took out of their claims 7135 dollars.

Middletown.—Miners here are doing well. Middletown, it will be recollected, is on Hangtown Creek. The diggings have been worked over before, yet miners are realizing, on an average, from 10 dollars to 12 dollars per day.

Smith's Ranch.—This locality is thriving, and yields an average of 8 or 10 dollars per day.

Newtown.—We have advices from this locality that assures us that mining there is in a flourishing condition—that the "town" destined to knock Hangtown into a "cocked hat."

Nigger Hill.—This Hill is literally alive with diggers. Prospects of the most flattering character have been obtained, and the belief is universal that Nigger Hill will surpass all other localities in richness and extent of its mining wealth.

Gambling is rapidly on the decline in Placerville. Many of those formerly engaged as "sporting gentlemen," have been compelled to use the pick and shovel for a livelihood.

From Auburn.—The *Placer Herald* says that miners in the neighbourhood of Gold Hill and Humbug Flat diggings are doing well.

At Spanish Flat, four men took out 912 dollars in one day. Quartz mining near Auburn is prospering. At the hill diggings near Auburn, one of the tunnel companies took out on Wednesday, fourteen ounces and 12 dollars—four men working.

Near Yankee Jim's, the miners have been doing remarkably well.

Oregon Hill is affording more than remunerative wages to these working claims there.

The Editor of the *Placer Herald* has been shown some nutmegs gathered in Bird's Valley, in Placer county.

The Journal of yesterday, says: The Sacramento river falls slowly and reluctantly, the water being in most places above its banks. Nearly every ranch between Sacramento City and Suisin Bay, on both sides, is more or less overflowed. As extensive operations had been commenced for large cropping this season, we have no doubt the loss is very great. Cows and horses upon platforms built for their especial accommodation, and other domestic animals stowed variously about the house, can be seen in a number of places from the river. The fine ranch at the slough opposite Ribb's is entirely under water.

A correspondent of the journal, writing from Shasta, says that rich and extensive diggings have been discovered on Pitt River, about 30 miles from that place.

In respect to commercial affairs the accounts are far from encouraging. The *Times* and *Transcript*, April 9, says—

Probably at no time during the past eighteen months have the prospects of business men in California appeared so gloomy as at present. The rapid accumulation of merchandize in our markets, together with the quantity known to be upon the way hither, renders it quite certain that revulsions must take place—and merchandize depreciate in value. Upon the first discovery of our mines the rush to California was tremendous. Persons came from every quarter of the globe, but supplies came even faster than population. Ships arrived by hundreds, loaded with valuable cargoes. We received in twelve months merchandize sufficient to last our citizens for a series of years. To supply a population of some two hundred thousand souls we had imported enough for a million. The consequences were, that merchandize declined. Almost every commodity fell to one-half or two-thirds of its original value. In numerous instances articles were received which would scarcely pay freight, aside from costs of purchase. Merchandize continued depressed up to the spring of 1852, when the ordinary consumption, together with numerous fires, had swept away the surplus, and goods began to rise. From that time, imports of every description paid enormous profits. Merchants realized beyond their most sanguine anticipations, but unfortunately imports have again greatly exceeded the wants of the country, until we are now upon the verge of another depression, destined probably to be nearly as disastrous as the first. We have overtraded - credited our goods to everybody without due regard to their solvency. Another fruitful cause for evil is found in the fact, that many of our business men have invested too freely in real estate. Instead of keeping their surplus means where it could be made available in a contingency, it has been locked up in unproductive lots. Otherwise, persons who are forced to hire money at six or eight per cent., per month, would be in easy circumstances. Our citizens have been too eager to acquire riches—risking too much upon its uncertainties. But it is useless to descant upon what has now passed. We must turn our attention to the future, and strive to prepare ourselves for what is to come.

The same journal has the following notice in relation to the establishment of a trade between California and Japan:—

Among the novelties of the day we notice the formation of a Japan and California Trading Company in this city. If there ever was a doubt touching the fastness of the universal Yankee nation, this sets the matter at rest. The time is calculated when the American squadron should reach the coast of Japan, an estimate is made of the length of passage between California and the Sealed Empire, and forthwith three of our clipper ships and a bark are put up for Jeddo. The crafts are to sail about the 1st of June, and San Francisco has no kind of idea of allowing any other port to run off with the first fruits to be reaped from the lucrative trade which it is supposed will promptly spring up between Japan and the world. The company is organized for the benefit of such as may wish to embark in the trade with the Japanese. It is stated that the vessels will accommodate about one thousand men. Each passenger will be allowed to take one ton of freight, and the expense of the voyage to Jeddo and back will be 250 dollars on the clippers, and 200 dollars on the bark. We understand that the rules and regulations governing the enterprise are to be published in a few days. It is confidently expected that it will not speak at once.

With reference to some of the important results of Australia's gold fields, the *San Francisco Daily Whig* says,—

The vast quantities of gold produced in Australia is not solely for the benefit of Great Britain, or rather, it will not long remain so. As soon as the Pacific Railroad is completed, the entire current of European eastern trade will flow across the continent, divided perhaps pretty equally between the Isthmus and Continental routes. Diminished rates of fare and freight will as usual increase tenfold the number of persons and the quantities of goods conveyed across the Western Hemisphere. New lines of steamers, and air-ships will centre at San Francisco, in which the entire inter-commerce of Europe, Asia, the South Sea Islands and the two American Continents will be centered. Let us hope for our own sakes the people of Europe may have leisure for a time for industrial pursuits, as beyond all doubt their tranquillity will redound to our profit. The vast increase of wealth that will thereby accrue to us will naturally impart a new life to the agricultural and manufacturing interests of California, and add to present resources new fountains of wealth and new causes for the increase of a permanent population. Is it true that the interests of the great steam-ship lines are opposed to the increase of the trade of San Francisco? The idea is preposterous; the same men and the same capital will be employed in connecting us with Asia that is now conveying produce and population along the shores of the Continent.

American Shingles.—Our attention has been drawn to the fact that, among other Yankee notions, there have recently been imported a number of American shingles. We trust no party will use any of them on buildings in the city or its immediate neighbourhood. They are in the highest degree inflammable, and it is to them that the dreadful fires which occur in North America are to be attributed. They ignite with the smallest spark. In St. John's, Quebec, Montreal, Boston, and New York, the destruction of property from this cause is immense; and if a few houses in any of our crowded streets are covered with the same material, we shall not be long before we have to deplore some great loss of property from a similar cause. In the present scarcity and high price of building materials, the temptations to use materials of any kind are very great, and it behoves the directors of the Fire Insurance Companies to watch the matter closely.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Friday.

The Speaker took the chair at half-past three.

POSTPONEMENT.

Mr. MARTIN, in the absence of Mr. Wentworth, postponed his motion relative to the University of Sydney, until this day week.

GOLD LICENSE FEE.

Mr. HOLROYD begged leave to withdraw his notice of motion on the subject of the gold license fee, explaining that, as he understood the subject was now under enquiry by the Select Committee on the Gold Fields Management Amendment Bill, he did not think it necessary to press the motion. In placing the notice on the paper, he had not been actuated by any intention of discourtesy towards the Committee, having in fact drawn up the resolutions before the bill was referred, but he had wished to test the opinion of the House upon the subject.

Motion by leave withdrawn.

WESLEYAN METHODIST TRUST BILL.

Mr. ALLEN, for Mr. Cowper, postponed for a week his motion for referring this Bill to a Select Committee.

PETITION.—PORT OF NEWCASTLE.

Mr. FLOOD presented a petition from certain inhabitants of the City of Newcastle, and certain owners and masters of vessels trading to the port of Newcastle, praying that the existing regulations applicable to that port be remodelled. Petition received.

BATHURST COPPER MINING COMPANY'S BILL.

Mr. BLIGH moved, 1. That the Bathurst Copper Mining Company's Bill be referred to the consideration and report of a Select Committee, to consist of seven members, exclusive of the mover. 2. That the members of such Committee be Mr. Nichols, Mr. Holroyd, Mr. Darvall, Mr. Flood, Mr. Finch, Mr. Parker, and Dr. Douglass. Carried.

COURT OF REQUESTS TAXATION BILL.

Mr. NICHOLS moved that the House go into Committee on this Bill.

The House went into Committee.

The first clause, repealing sections 39 and 40 of the Act 6 Victoria, No. 15, was passed, and the Chairman reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Friday next.

TENEMENTS BILL.

The consideration in Committee of this Bill was postponed on motion of Mr. NICHOLS till after the adjourned debate on education.

EDUCATION.

The adjourned debate on Education was postponed until after the other orders of the day.

LAW OF LIBEL BILL.

The SOLICITOR-GENERAL, in the absence of Mr. Darvall, postponed the second reading of this Bill. The Bill was postponed for a week.

HACKNEY CARRIAGES BILL.

The second reading of this Bill was also postponed for a week.

LIMITED LIABILITIES BILL.

The House, on motion of Dr. DOUGLASS, went into Committee for the further consideration of this Bill.

Mr. HOLROYD moved the insertion of a clause, (No. 7) limiting the duration of partnership to seven years; which was agreed to.

The SOLICITOR GENERAL moved the insertion of a clause making it compulsory on the part of special partners to see that correct books be kept.

The clause was passed.

The bill was reported with further amendments, and the adoption ordered to stand an order of the day for Tuesday.

CATTLE STEALING PREVENTION BILL.

On motion of Mr. NICHOLS this bill was read a third time, and passed.

TENEMENTS BILL.

The House went into committee *pro forma* on this bill. The preamble was postponed, and Mr. NICHOLS then moved that the Chairman leave the chair, report progress, and ask leave to sit again on Friday next.

EQUITY PRACTICE BILL.

On motion of the SOLICITOR GENERAL, the report of the Committee on this bill was adopted; and the third reading fixed for Wednesday next.

PUBLICANS' LICENSING BILL.

The House went into Committee for the further consideration of this bill.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the insertion of a clause to prevent music and dancing in public-houses, unless by permission in writing from a Police Magistrate, or a Court of Petty Sessions.

Some discussion ensued on the question of removing this matter from the jurisdiction of ordinary Justices; and an amendment was moved by Mr. HOLROYD, which was strongly opposed by the ATTORNEY-GENERAL and SOLICITOR-GENERAL, who defended the Police Magistrates from the imputation of partiality. The amendment was withdrawn, and a verbal amendment was introduced by the Solicitor-General, giving the power of granting permission to two or more Justices, which was agreed to; and the clause was then passed by a majority of 21 to 8.

The SOLICITOR-GENERAL moved the insertion of a clause imposing imprisonment and hard labour, not exceeding three months, for illicit sale of spirits, &c., in addition to the pecuniary penalties now in force. The clause was passed.

Mr. NICHOLS proposed another clause, giving half penalties to the constable suing for pecuniary penalties under the 2nd, 66th, 67th, and 68th sections of the Publicans' Act. He argued that unless a sufficient inducement was held out to constables, they would not exert themselves to put down sly-grog selling.

The INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE opposed the clause, as bringing back a very objectionable principle,—arguing that the effect would be to defeat the chief means of repressing crime, namely, the greatest possible diffusion of information. If the proposed rewards were held out, it would be the interest of every constable, instead of communicating his information, to keep it jealously secret. Besides, constables now received rewards for cases where extraordinary exertion or peculiar activity were proved.

Dr. DOUGLASS cordially agreed with the Inspector-General's view. Mr. NICHOLS said he had brought forward this clause at the urgent request of numbers of magistrates, and argued that, under the present law, scarcely any convictions for sly-grog selling took place, owing to the expense and difficulty attending the following up of offenders, and the want of means on the part of the inspectors to pay for information, for without some degree of *espionnage*, any system of police must be defective. The ATTORNEY-GENERAL supported the clause, as calculated to put down sly-grog selling, which was the prolific parent of all kinds of crime. More than one half the deaths inquired into before the coroners were traceable to intemperance, and the cases of violence and murder were principally owing to the same cause. Mr. ALLEN suggested that constables should not be allowed to be witnesses in the case. Mr. HOLROYD took a similar view. The SOLICITOR-GENERAL did not see the inconvenience which would arise.

Mr. NICHOLS said under the new law of evidence no man could give evidence who had any interest in the penalties to be recovered. The clause was passed.

Another technical clause, providing that penalties shall be recoverable under the Act now in force, was also inserted.

The Chairman reported the bill with amendments, and the adoption of the report was fixed for Wednesday next.

EDUCATION.

On the order of the day being called for the resumption of the adjourned debate on Dr. Douglass's motion on education.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY stated that he believed it was desired by many hon. members that this question should be further postponed, as not only were many honorable members prepared to go into the discussion, but many influential members, including the hon. and learned member for Sydney, were unable to attend from sickness. On this account he should move the further adjournment of the debate till Tuesday next. At the same time he felt bound to state that it had been suggested to him by several leading members of the House, who had not interested themselves in the question of education, that it was desirable that the whole subject should stand over till next session, with the understanding that it was then to be thoroughly discussed. He now moved the debate be further adjourned till Tuesday next.

Mr. COWPER, taking up the suggestion of the hon. Colonial Secretary, agreed with him that when this question was gone into at all, it would be better it should be gone into thoroughly. At present many leading members were absent, some from illness, and it would not be satisfactory to the country to go into the discussion of this all-important subject in their absence. There were many important matters to be considered appertaining to this question, which it was not well the House should treat lightly, and therefore, before the subject of education was approached by the House, he thought that the House should have a more fit preparation for it. If therefore the mover of the amendment should see fit to withdraw that amendment, he (Mr. Cowper) would move the previous question in the original motion,—a course which would not prevent the subject being brought forward even during this session, if found desirable.

Mr. MARTIN having withdrawn his amendment,

Mr. COWPER moved the previous question.

Dr. DOUGLASS found that his motion was to be put aside by one of those little by-plays, which were so frequent in that House. It was not acceptable in the opposition benches, it was not convenient to the Government, and, therefore, it must be shelved. He felt that it was perfectly useless for him to contend against this coalition—and he had only to regret that the great question of public education should be allowed to be kept in abeyance on any such grounds as had been stated. There were at present, as he had before said, 95,000 people in this colony who could neither read or write, and this state of things did not admit of temporizing. He however had done his duty, and the public would judge between him and the House. Like Sempronius, he might deserve success, but he could not achieve it, and he felt in this question, although he was thwarted, he was not defeated.

The previous question was then put and passed.

The Council adjourned at a quarter before six o'clock.

NOTICES OF MOTION AND ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Tuesday, June 28.

Mr. Nichols to move: That the petition of Mr. William Brooks, presented by him on the 23rd instant, be printed.

Mr. Cowper to move, 1. That the Wesleyan Methodist Trusts' Bill be referred to the consideration and report of a Select Committee, to consist of six members, exclusive of the mover. 2. That the members of such committee be Captain Dumaresq, Mr. Flood, Captain King, Mr. Oakes, Mr. Richardson, and Mr. H. Osborne.

Mr. James Macarthur to move, That an address be presented to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed upon the Supplementary Estimate for the present year, the sum of £606 13s., to provide for the payment of arrears of pension to Lady Forbes (widow of Sir Francis Forbes, formerly Chief Justice), from the 1st December, 1841 (the period of his death), to 31st March, 1845, prior to which latter date no payment of pension has hitherto been made to her.

Mr. Flood to move, That an address be presented to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House all correspondence that has taken place between the local authorities at Raymond Terrace and the Executive Government, with reference to the purchase of a punt at that place.

Order of the Day.

Limited Partnerships Bill Reported; Adoption of the Report.

Wednesday, June 29.

Government Business—Orders of the Day.

Law Pleading Bill; second reading.

Estimates of Expenditure for 1853-4; to be further considered in Committee.

Gauge of Railway Bill; to be considered in committee.

Hard Labour Bill; second reading.

Aliens Naturalization Bill Reported; Adoption of the Report.

Equity Practice Bill; third reading.

Publicans' Licensing Bill Reported; Adoption of the Report.

Thursday, June 30.

Government Business—Order of the Day.

Consideration of Governor-General's Message No. 15, respecting the currency in this colony of coins of the United Kingdom.

Other Business—Notice of Motion.

Mr. Cowper to move for leave to introduce a Bill to incorporate the Balmain Steam Ferry Company.

Friday, July 1.

Notices of Motion.

Mr. Wentworth to move for leave to bring in a Bill to enable the University of Sydney to purchase the Sydney College with the land attached thereto.

Mr. Flood to move, That the Petition presented by him on the 24th ultimo, having reference to the port of Newcastle, be printed.

Mr. Nichols to move, That an address be presented to his Excellency the Governor-General, praying,—1. That his Excellency will be pleased to place upon the supplementary estimates for the present year the sum of £1800, for the payment to Mr. William Henry Moore, of the amount recommended to be paid to him by the select committee, appointed on the 7th September, 1852, to take into consideration his claim on the Government for loss of office. 2. That his Excellency will be pleased to take the necessary steps to carry into effect the further recommendation of such committee, to restore Mr. Moore's annual allowance of £300.

Orders of the Day.

Court of Requests' Taxation Bill; to be further considered in Committee.

Law of Libel Bill; second reading.

Hackney Carriage Bill; second reading.

Tenements Bill; to be further considered in Committee.

Tuesday, July 5.

Order of the Day.

Sydney Corporation Bill; second reading.

Thursday, July 7.

Government Business.—Order of the Day.

Sydney Hamlets Police Bill; second reading.

CHARLES NICHOLSON, Speaker.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.—Friday.

In Re W. Parker—William Parker, of Sydney, gentleman, now a prisoner confined at Darlinghurst, under a suit of *Ca. Sa.* from the Court of Requests, forwarded a petition for leave to sequestrate his estate for the benefit of his creditors. The balance sheet shows liabilities £66 19s. 3d.; assets £8; and a deficiency of £58 19s. 3d. Mr. Justice Dickinson ordered that notice be published of petitioner's intention to apply on Monday next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when, unless cause to the contrary be shown, the surrender of his estate will be accepted.

The Mayor's Ball. — Upwards of 1500 cards of invitation to the Fancy Ball have been issued, and we regret to add that not more than about 350 persons have attended to the P.S. at the foot, "An answer is requested." To say nothing of the utter forgetfulness of common politeness to the Mayor, which such neglect betrays; it is unfair to those citizens who would still be furnished with invitations were the gentlemen who have the conduct of the affair assured that the building would conveniently accommodate them. We may add, that those persons who do not wish to attend as guests can receive visitor's tickets, should they so desire, on returning their invitation cards.

Petty Thefts.—The Mayor and Mr. M'Lerie yesterday adjudicated in two cases of larceny with which they were empowered, by the recent Act of Council and the consent of the prisoner, to deal summarily. A man named Flanagan, who is said to be rather "well to do," was charged with stealing a silk necktie, valued at 4s. 6d., from the shop on Brickfield Hill kept by Lewis Moss. Prosecutor deposed that on Thursday prisoner went to his shop, said that he kept a store in the country, and intended to make considerable purchases before leaving Sydney but wished to make himself acquainted with the cheapest market. He inquired the wholesale prices of a great many articles, bought none, but took down and pocketed a silk necktie. Mr. Moss observed his movements, and gave him every opportunity of restoring the article to its proper place, and endeavoured to make him understand as much, but to no purpose; the prosecutor had then to speak plainly on the subject and to send for a policeman. At first Flanagan denied the accusation, then produced the necktie, and offered to pay £5 rather than be given into custody. It was then however too late. He was sentenced to be imprisoned with hard labour for six weeks.—The other case was that of John James, charged with having stolen a blanket of the value of 5s. at Mr. Adrain's auction room on Thursday afternoon. He did not deny the taking, but alleged that having purchased some blankets at the auction he took it by mistake. In order to prove this he requested to be remanded, and he was accommodated.

Narrow Escape.—About 9 o'clock on Wednesday night, Mr. Griffin, of Surry Hills, was fired at near the woolwashing establishment on the South Head Road, while on his way home. About the same time, three men, one of them carrying a gun, were seen walking towards Sydney from the direction of Botany.

Extended Conditional Pardon.—His Excellency the Governor-General directs it to be notified that the conditional pardon granted to William Wood, per Victoria, has been so far enlarged as to enable him to proceed to any part of the world except the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Dungog.—His Excellency the Governor-General directs it to be notified for public information that the line of Parish Road leading from Dungog towards Stroud, [mentioned] in certain Government Notices respectively bearing date the 14th October and the 16th December, 1851, has been formally marked and opened by Mr Surveyor Carmichael, under the authority of His Excellency and the Executive Council, and that the same is now open for public use.—*Yesterday's Government Gazette.*

Supreme Court.—The case of Nowlan v. Eales occupied the whole of yesterday, and will terminate to-day.

Royal Victoria Theatre.—At the close of the summer season of this establishment, we must offer a few words of congratulation to the proprietor upon the flattering success which has attended the appearance at the Victoria Theatre of Mr. and Mrs. Stark. Since their arrival, these gifted *artistes* have sustained, before crowded and applauding audiences, the difficult leading *rôles* in Hamlet, Othello, The Lady of Lyons, The Iron Chest, and The Stranger,—displaying in each character the varied resources of the histrionic art, and, what is far better, invoking high powers of imagination, thought, and feeling. The season recesses of this theatre are usually very brief ones, and we understand that a series of modern dramas, not hitherto attempted here, will be forthwith produced,—Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer's Richelieu, in which Macready created so strong a sensation, being first on the list. We are truly glad to recognise the warm appreciation by Sydney audiences of these brilliant renderings of the classical drama. We are, nevertheless, not about to enlarge upon the beauty of this school of dramatic poetry, because it is a question of taste, and, as such, not a fit subject for argument, particularly when what is commonly called taste consists too often in the borrowed opinions of those who have no power to form an opinion of their own; or else in a fashion which is handed down, which admires the legitimate drama merely because it is called legitimate; or the lyrical, because it has been the custom to admire it. But we, notwithstanding, have observed with gratification that the same audiences who so cordially welcomed Miss Sara Flower in Bellini's lyric tragedy of Norma, have received with equal cordiality Mr. and Mrs. Stark in the highest walks of the tragic muse, and that their applause has seemed to be regulated by these feelings which ought to form the grounds of decision as to all beauty in art.

Stealing in a Dwelling.—Elizabeth Glover, a female not yet seventeen years of age, and not long liberated from a sentence of twelve months' imprisonment for stealing, was yesterday committed to take her trial for having, on Sunday last, stolen from the dwelling of a man named Johnson, four £1 notes, one blanket, one table-cloth, a Savings' bank deposit paper, a razor, a pawn ticket, and a receipt for rent. From the prosecutor's evidence, it appeared that he is the keeper of a den of infamy in Castlereagh-street; that about 4 o'clock on Sunday morning he was knocked up by the prisoner, who wanted a bed; he gave her one, and she remained until about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when she left; soon afterwards he missed a razor, (produced in court,) a blanket, and a table-cloth, which he suspected her of having stolen; on Tuesday morning he missed from a box four £1 notes, a Savings' bank paper, and other papers; he thereupon gave information to the police, and on Thursday night the prisoner was apprehended by Inspector Singleton in King-street. Three £1 notes, with the Saving's Bank paper spoken of had been previously given up to the police by a relative of the prisoner who suspected her of having stolen them. She offered no defence.

Stealing Show Goods.—William Thompson was yesterday committed to take his trial for stealing a coat of the value of 25s., the property of Mr. Scrivener, of George-street, who had exposed the article among others for sale at his shop door. Prisoner alleged that he picked it off the pavement.

Breach of the Toll Act.—John Hanslow, the driver of one of Mr. Jones's stage coaches, yesterday appeared on summons, before the Police Magistrate, to answer the complaint of Mr. Perry, owner and driver of the Great Britain stage coach, for a breach of the Toll Act, he having, on the 11th instant, wilfully prevented the complainant's passage on the Parramatta-road. Mr Nichols conducted the prosecution, and Mr. W. Roberts the defence. Mr. Perry deposed that on the day named he was driving his coach from Sydney along the Parramatta road, and when near the Newtown road heard defendant driving at a good pace behind him, and drew aside so as to leave room for defendant to pass, which he did; after going through the toll-bar defendant drove very slowly—not more than at the rate of 3 or 3½ miles an hour; this pace not suiting him (complainant) he attempted to pass, when defendant drew right across the road, thereby compelling him to pull up or be upset: this was repeated thrice. There were a number of witnesses examined, but the foregoing is the substance of the complaint. Defendant was found guilty of the offence, and sentenced to pay a penalty of £2, with £2 2s. 6d. costs, or in default of payment to be imprisoned for seven days.

Gold Receipts by Mail.—The quantity received by the mails since the 11th instant was as follows:—From Bathurst, 33 ozs.; Armidale, 44 ozs.; Muswell Brook, 32 ozs.; Goulburn, 87 ozs. Total, 196 ounces.

Coroner's Inquest.—Yesterday, an inquest was held before the Coroner at the Three Tuns Tavern, Elizabeth-street, on view of the body of Rose Holand, then lying dead in the Sydney Infirmary. From the evidence of constable Dawley, it appears that he was on duty in Clarence-street about three o'clock on the previous morning, and heard cries for assistance. A man told him that a woman was lying on the jetty at the Flour Company's Wharf, who had fallen into the water. He went thither and found the deceased lying in an exhausted state. Mary Ann Brignell stated that she knew the deceased, who was a prostitute; she was in the habit of staying at Buckley's where Mrs. Lewis died, and upon whose body an inquest was held on Tuesday last. After the inquest witness and deceased, the subject of the present inquest, got drunk, and they went together on board the Monarch, lying in Darling harbour. Shortly afterwards deceased quarrelled with one of the seamen, and attempted to get back to the wharf by the stage. Witness heard a plunge in the water; and it being seen that deceased had fallen in, several of the crew jumped overboard and got her ashore. This was about 1 o'clock in the morning. Deceased was taken to the Sydney Infirmary, and the sailors did everything in their power to sustain her. Mr. Surgeon Houston stated that he saw the deceased immediately upon her being received into the Infirmary. She was treated for congestion of the lungs from which she died this (yesterday) morning. The congestion of the lungs was the cause of death, and might have been produced by immersion in water. Verdict, died from accidental drowning.

Liverpool Road Trust.—His Excellency the Governor-General has appointed Richard Sadlier, Esq., to be a commissioner of the Liverpool Road Trust, in the room of T. Y. Bloomfield, Esq., resigned.

Petty Sessions.—His Excellency the Governor-General has appointed Mr. William Stewart Caswell to be clerk of Petty Sessions at Moruya.

The public are recommended to attend R. Muriel's sales, this day, of valuable effects, choice works, iron bedsteads, waterlights, jewellery, watches, &c., &c., commencing at 11 o'cock.

Purkis and Lambert remind purchasers that they sell, this day, at the Mart, at 11 o'clock, English fire b[illegible]

A Prudent Resolve.—'*Ousemaid.* "Well, Mr. Robert, I suppose you'll be off to the diggings along with the rest of the gentlemen?" *Flunkey.* "Not if I knows it, Mary, my dear, I ain't been accustomed to fizzical exertion; and I don't intend to begin hard work at my time of life."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

June 24.—William and Mary, brig, 214 tons, Captain Jago, from Melbourne June 18.—Passengers—Mrs. Hood, John St.—Gregory, schooner, 143 tons, Captain Donald, from Melbourne 21st instant. Passengers—Mr. Davis and two sons, Messrs. Rawlinson, Parrott, Stoddart, Triphook, Short, and 30 in the steerage. G. L. Lloyd and Co., agents.

June 25.—Glipsy, schooner, 46 tons, Captain Chute, from Twofold Bay 22nd instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs Coyle and family. R. Campbell, agent.

DEPARTURES.

June 24.—William and Mary, from Melbourne: 326 packages wine, Hesketh, Brothers.

June 25.—Sarah, from Port Fairy: 1000 bags wheat, 2 bales wool, Peacock Sellers, 11 Saint Johnspoint, 63 bales, Power, Tooling, and Co.

Shamrock.—Gregory, from Melbourne: 21 reed pickles, 2 cases sandries, 7 cases salmon, 11 Fisher; 1 case handkerchiefs, 18 tons rock salt, Kinchiver and Co.; 16 bales wool, W. C. Wentworth; 1000 boxes tea, Baldock, Bowman, and Co.

The cargo of the Glipsy, from Twofold Bay, consists of 2 bales wool, 1000 kreosals, 300 sklins, 20 bullock hides, and sundries.

The Glipsy passed the wreck of the Prince of Wales, Indian B. 29 S. of Cape Otway, and saw the Peterculter of Cape Schanck, on Tuesday at 11, a.m.

The New Orleans steamer barque, William Wilkinson (London), and a ship (the name unknown) arrived at Melbourne on Sunday last.

The Antelope steamer had not arrived at Melbourne up to Tuesday last.

COUNCIL PAPER.

STEAM NAVIGATION BOARD.

Return to an Address of the Legislative Council, dated 31st May, 1853, requesting that his Excellency the Governor-General will cause to be laid on the table.

"A nominal return of the officers appointed under the New South Wales Steam Navigation Act, 16 Victoria No. 45, showing also the salary or emoluments allowed to each."

YALWAL GOLD FIELD.

Copy of a Letter from the Chief Gold Commissioner to the Colonial Secretary.

Sydney, 15th March, 1853.

Sir,—I have the honour to forward the enclosed that I have received from Mr. Stacky, C. C. Lands in the County of St. Vincent, reporting the discovery of gold in Yalwal Creek, a tributary of the Shoalhaven.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J. HARDY.

C. C. Lands.

The Honorable the Colonial Secretary.

[Enclosure referred to.]

Cloudsworth Grange, near Yerrie Bay, by Shoalhaven, 6th March, 1853.

Sir,—Presuming you to be the proper party to communicate with respecting any new discovery of gold, I deem it proper to transmit you the enclosed sample of both Gold and Platina, which I found the first of two days' progress of two parties from the Shoalhaven, viz., Mr. Duke's party in the Clyde, and myself in the Shoalhaven River. The Clyde party commenced operations on the 3rd instant, and myself on the 4th instant, on the Yalwal Creek, which is the 1st tributary to the Shoalhaven on the South side. The Clyde party proceeded down the Clyde, and myself up the Yalwal Creek (as you may find by the 1st sample I received), a distance of three miles, when we discovered from the dividing range the Shoalhaven and Yerrie Bay, and all of which are of considerable extent. As to the auriferous indications of the Yalwal locality, I can only say, from twelve years' intimate knowledge of it, that for several years back I considered it to develop more mineral indications than I had seen elsewhere; and accordingly, about three weeks ago, I got a gentleman, who had some months' experience at the Turon, to accompany me to Yalwal, and who, at one part of the locality said that, had he been put there blindfolded, he would have declared he was on the Turon ranges. But, from all I can learn, I have reason to conclude that the extent of the Yalwal geology and auriferous indications are more assimilated to those of the Braidwood diggings than any other, as most of its rocks consist of coarse red granite, with a good deal of the "conglomerate" intermixed with pasta, and interspersed with ranges of soft earth, trap rock, and schist, without much quartz, except in one of the creeks where there are considerable rocks of rather a basteard kind. I have often regretted that Mr. Clarke, in his survey of the Shoalhaven, had not his attention particularly directed to Yalwal; should these particulars, and the enclosed samples, induce you to think it worthy of a visit, I beg to add that I would, or any other official or scientific gentlemen, be pleased to give us a call, I having a comfortable cottage and a large cowhouse for their pillow—with ungleazed windows, and houses devoid of comfort. But we of this favoured land and respectable generation do not require much of the comforts of this life,—having been accustomed to good accommodation and decent houses at reasonable prices; which are things not to be dreamt of in Wyndham philosophy. The cedar and mere forcasts residence in the colony have feathered their nests, and are consequently pretty snug; but new comers, and the less fortunate, do not sufficiently benefit by the golden fortunes of their fellow-colonists to enable them to enjoy the wonderous advantages of this city of Aladdin. On the contrary, hundreds, if not thousands, are at least very uncomfortable, and God themselves worse off than they were in England, although not in any danger of actual starvation. And one of the chief causes of this state of things is the enormous rents demanded for residences of all classes; from the plastered cottage of £1 10s. per week to the respectable residence of £300 or £400 per annum. Every one is complaining—every one is dissatisfied. Not that they necessarily grudge the wrong, because grumbling is a privilege always allowed where prices are increased. But as a general rule the increase is not really just. Landlords, as a matter of business, will of course get as much as they can. But the simple question is this—Are the rents demanded out of proportion to the wealth of the greater number of the community? I think they are. Business promises that in England would not fetch £100, let here for £400 or £500 per annum; and small houses with plaster walls, and without stoves, or cupboards, or accommodation of any kind, that would not produce more than £8 or £10 per annum there, are let here for £3 per week. It is true that allowance is to be made for the rapidly increasing population, and that we cannot threaten this colony by the mother country—that "there is reason in boiling an egg"—still it is felt that the present exorbitant rents are unreasonable. I believe that those high rents are now injurious to a large class of the inhabitants—and that they will ultimately be injurious to the interest of trade in Sydney—in fact that—most long hence (other causes combining) there will be "a smash."

I am quite willing to admit that numerous arguments may be fairly used by the landlord; and, also, that he is entitled to an increased rental. It may be fairly urged by him that all articles of food and general consumption, are much dearer; that he, as well as others, must meet increased expenses; that labour being so dear, the rent of houses now built must of necessity be high; that persons have called houses are entitled to obtain rents in proportion to the rental of newly built houses; that as merchants and shopkeepers are making such large profits, they the landlords have a right to participate in the prosperity; that the demand for business premises is so great that it cannot be supplied, and that men eagerly outbid each other, so that £400 per annum is now readily offered for premises for which a short time since tradesmen hesitated at giving £300 per annum.

All this we are ready to admit; and as far as business premises are concerned we can hardly object to the owner obtaining a very high rent; if he can get it,—on the supposition however that the trader obtains such profits as will make it worth his while, or enable him to pay the rent. But in many instances, those of established traders, their business will not support the increased rental, and in such cases the hardship is very great. I will mention one case in point, out of several, within my knowledge. A young but established, and respectable tradesman have has been paying £120 per annum for his premises—he is now called upon to pay £300 per annum, or to give possession. His business is of that kind which will not enable him to meet the increased rental, and yet if he leaves up his house he is (as far as he can see) a ruined man: and this is not a solitary case. True, there are those ready to offer any sum for any kind of premises; but I fear that the present excitement causes many to calculate the future, and those a success of failures, and consequent depression, will be the ultimate result. And I think so, because, in order to meet the now enormous rents (in addition to other general expenses), the tradesman charges unheard of prices for every article of utility and general consumption, which is producing this result; that many families are doing one or the other of these two things; either buying in quantities of wholesale dealers such articles as they conveniently can, or writing to England for such articles as will well pay the carriage out; and this practice will doubtless be extended if the present very high prices are kept up. Again, the market is already beginning to fall as to several items, of general consumption, and when the enormous English and American vessels that are now filling out, arrive here with their cargoes, the market must go low indeed, but the trade still must pay the rent agreed on, and the consequences will probably be such as I have anticipated.

But my remarks were intended to apply more particularly to dwelling houses, especially those of the humbler class. Now, there are hundreds of families who are almost, or altogether straitened in their circumstances, chiefly from the amount of rent which they are compelled to pay. They are not generally extreme or mechanics, but of that class which can only obtain comparatively small remuneration, or are living upon fixed incomes—some higher, some lower, in the scale of society; and further, the hardship bears in a peculiar and severe form upon those who have lately arrived in the colony.

The state of things in Melbourne might possibly be suggested as an unanswerable argument against our views—but that does not alter the case or mend the matter, and spaces forbids me going further into the subject. But it does appear to me that although the landlords are entitled to benefit by the general prosperity of the colony, they are not justified in emptying the pockets of the many in order that their's, the few, may overflow. There are just setting on the farmers and landowners of England noted formerly in keeping corn up at a war price for their own aggrandisement while thousands were starving around them. They, the Sydney landlords, are taking an unfair advantage in exacting their fellow-beings (dwelling next to food being an absolute necessity), and not content with the bringing a proportion of the wealth into the hands of a limited number,—they too beyond all bearing, rich and poor, high and low, together.

I am, Gentlemen, your's, &c.,

SAXON.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—On Saturday, the 11th instant, *I noticed in your paper a letter from the Turon*, signed by W. H. G., casting certain reflections upon myself; but knowing how the writer contrives from some vindictive or envious feeling, I felt at first disposed to treat them with silent contempt; however, on reflection, feeling more interest for the cause in which I am engaged than for any personal attack, I dispose of its pleas in the degree to answer that illiberal chivalrous production, more particularly, as two of the gentlemen are now fortunately in Sydney, who took an active part in getting up the address which Mr. W. H. G. basely asserts to be my own composition. As far as that part goes, I shall leave the author to answer for himself. Mr. W. H. G. also states that I was closely concerned in my stores at Oakey Creek at the time that danger was apprehended, when at the same time I was in the midst of the crowd conversing with Mr. St. Julien, the special reporter for the *Sydney Morning Herald*, which that gentleman perfectly recollects. A still more remarkable occurrence took place and proves beyond a doubt the fallacy of that statement; I called at the commissioners' quarters, and was conversing with the commissioners, Messrs. Green and M'Lain, respecting the working of Thompson's Bar; on leaving there I received a call, when Mr. Green and Mr. Johnson most kindly led me to the next M'Lain's room until I recovered. In the next place, Mr. W. H. G. states that I endeavoured to palm upon myself the merits due to the Rev. Messrs. Palmer and Piddington; in answer to which I shall beg to say that I have long since held the two reverend gentlemen in very high esteem, which was much enhanced by their conduct on that day, consequently I should feel more pleasure in adding one gem to the laurel than in plucking one leaf from the wreath they on that occasion so nobly earned.

The circumstance which I alluded to respecting Mr. Green was not on that day, or even at Solas; on the evening of the first day on which the new regulations were put in force, trooper Hutchison was sitting in my office, when a person came to my store to ask for bills on Sydd, and at the same time evinced great anger; when he was gone Hutchison remarked to me that mischief was intended. I said, yes, much violent excitement was provoked by the measures of that day, and serious plots were contemplated, but which I still hoped, as the feeling subsided, we should be able to prevent. If Mr. W. H. G. will take the trouble to ask trooper Hutchison that part of the affair he will doubtless be satisfied on that point. I recollect when Mr. Maxwell came to Sydney on behalf of the diggers, a letter appeared in the *Herald*, stating that he was not recognised by the general body: at the same time a subscription was made up amongst them to defray his expenses. Mr. W. H. G. answered that letter through the *Bathurst Free Press*, and gave it as his opinion that the writer of the former was evidently one of the disappointed.

Mr. W. H. G. may now (I think) apply that epithet to himself, and I should wish no better satisfaction than to see him engaged in the arduous task that I have undertaken, after witnessing a display of his abilities at Bathurst. The honourable member for that county, who is now taking a lively interest in our cause, will doubtless recollect that at a meeting of his constituents at Mr. Whitton's, W. H. G. came forward and wished to say something on behalf of the diggers, when Mr. Samuels justly observed that the meeting was called for a different purpose; however, a general interest being felt for the interest of the diggers, and expecting (which they did) something important, they made no objection to his addressing the meeting. In the mean time this self-important orator feeling overcharged with his imaginary abilities, relinquished me on the mountain to labour, and when he obtained permission to vent his eloquence, the event was much the reverse,—I managed to splutter out a few sensible remarks, which in reality amounted to nothing, as I shortly finding myself stuck fast, Mr. Samuels asked him if he had anything more to say, when he answered in the negative, so I left the table, evidently blushing at his own ignorance. So much for my excited friend. In labouring (which I really do) in the present cause, I labour not for private or public fame, I have endeavoured to set right a misguided Council, by just and substantial facts; which I defy to be denied; I have endeavoured to serve the diggers because they merit it; I have endeavoured to induce the Government to make the demand for head-money permanent in so great that it cannot be supplied, and that men eagerly outbid each other, so that £400 per annum is now readily offered for premises for which a short time since tradesman hesitated at giving £300 per annum.

All this we are ready to admit; and as far as business premises are concerned we can hardly object to the owner obtaining a very high rent; if he can get it,—on the supposition however that the trader obtains such profits as will make it worth his while, or enable him to pay the rent. But in many instances, those of established traders, their business will not support the increased rental, and in such cases the hardship is very great. I will mention one case in point, out of several, within my knowledge. A young but established, and respectable tradesman have has been paying £120 per annum for his premises—he is now called upon to pay £300 per annum, or to give possession. His business is of that kind which will not enable him to meet the increased rental, and yet if he leaves up his house he is (as far as he can see) a ruined man: and this is not a solitary case. True, there are those ready to offer any sum for any kind of premises; but I fear that the present excitement causes many to calculate the future, and those a success of failures, and consequent depression, will be the ultimate result. And I think so, because, in order to meet the now enormous rents (in addition to other general expenses), the tradesman charges unheard of prices for every article of utility and general consumption, which is producing this result; that many families are doing one or the other of these two things; either buying in quantities of wholesale dealers such articles as they conveniently can, or writing to England for such articles as will well pay the carriage out; and this practice will doubtless be extended if the present very high prices are kept up. Again, the market is already beginning to fall as to several items, of general consumption, and when the enormous English and American vessels that are now filling out, arrive here with their cargoes, the market must go low indeed, but the trade still must pay the rent agreed on, and the consequences will probably be such as I have anticipated.

But my remarks were intended to apply more particularly to dwelling houses, especially those of the humbler class. Now, there are hundreds of families who are almost, or altogether straitened in their circumstances, chiefly from the amount of rent which they are compelled to pay. They are not generally extreme or mechanics, but of that class which can only obtain comparatively small remuneration, or are living upon fixed incomes—some higher, some lower, in the scale of society; and further, the hardship bears in a peculiar and severe form upon those who have lately arrived in the colony.

The state of things in Melbourne might possibly be suggested as an unanswerable argument against our views—but that does not alter the case or mend the matter, and spaces forbids me going further into the subject. But it does appear to me that although the landlords are entitled to benefit by the general prosperity of the colony, they are not justified in emptying the pockets of the many in order that their's, the few, may overflow. There are just setting on the farmers and landowners of England noted formerly in keeping corn up at a war price for their own aggrandisement while thousands were starving around them. They, the Sydney landlords, are taking an unfair advantage in exacting their fellow-beings (dwelling next to food being an absolute necessity), and not content with the bringing a proportion of the wealth into the hands of a *limited number*,—they too beyond all bearing, rich and poor, high and low, together.

I am, Gentlemen, your's, &c.,

SAXON.

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COUNCIL PAPER.

STEAM NAVIGATION BOARD.

Return to an Address of the Legislative Council, dated 31st May, 1853, requesting that his Excellency the Governor-General will cause to be laid on the table.

"A nominal return of the officers appointed under the New South Wales Steam Navigation Act, 16 Victoria No. 45, showing also the salary or emoluments allowed to each."

YALWAL GOLD FIELD.

Copy of a Letter from the Chief Gold Commissioner to the Colonial Secretary.

Sydney, 15th March, 1853.

Sir,—I have the honour to forward the enclosed that I have received from Mr. Stacky, C. C. Lands in the County of St. Vincent, reporting the discovery of gold in Yalwal Creek, a tributary of the Shoalhaven.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J. HARDY.

C. C. Lands.

The Honorable the Colonial Secretary.

[Enclosure referred to.]

Cloudsworth Grange, near Yerrie Bay, by Shoalhaven, 6th March, 1853.

Sir,—Presuming you to be the proper party to communicate with respecting any new discovery of gold, I deem it proper to transmit you the enclosed sample of both Gold and Platina, which I found the first of two days' progress of two parties from the Shoalhaven, viz., Mr. Duke's party in the Clyde, and myself in the Shoalhaven River. The Clyde party commenced operations on the 3rd instant, and myself on the 4th instant, on the Yalwal Creek, which is the 1st tributary to the Shoalhaven on the South side. The Clyde party proceeded down the Clyde, and myself up the Yalwal Creek (as you may find by the 1st sample I received), a distance of three miles, when we discovered from the dividing range the Shoalhaven and Yerrie Bay, and all of which are of considerable extent. As to the auriferous indications of the Yalwal locality, I can only say, from twelve years' intimate knowledge of it, that for several years back I considered it to develop more mineral indications than I had seen elsewhere; and accordingly, about three weeks ago, I got a gentleman, who had some months' experience at the Turon, to accompany me to Yalwal, and who, at one part of the locality said that, had he been put there blindfolded, he would have declared he was on the Turon ranges. But, from all I can learn, I have reason to conclude that the extent of the Yalwal geology and auriferous indications are more assimilated to those of the Braidwood diggings than any other, as most of its rocks consist of coarse red granite, with a good deal of the "conglomerate" intermixed with pasta, and interspersed with ranges of soft earth, trap rock, and schist, without much quartz, except in one of the creeks where there are considerable rocks of rather a basteard kind. I have often regretted that Mr. Clarke, in his survey of the Shoalhaven, had not his attention particularly directed to Yalwal; should these particulars, and the enclosed samples, induce you to think it worthy of a visit, I beg to add that I would, or any other official or scientific gentlemen, be pleased to give us a call, I having a comfortable cottage and a large cowhouse for their pillow—with ungleazed windows, and houses devoid of comfort. But we of this favoured land and respectable generation do not require much of the comforts of this life,—having been accustomed to good accommodation and decent houses at reasonable prices; which are things not to be dreamt of in Wyndham philosophy. The cedar and mere forcasts residence in the colony have feathered their nests, and are consequently pretty snug; but new comers, and the less fortunate, do not sufficiently benefit by the golden fortunes of their fellow-colonists to enable them to enjoy the wonderous advantages of this city of Aladdin. On the contrary, hundreds, if not thousands, are at least very uncomfortable, and God themselves worse off than they were in England, although not in any danger of actual starvation. And one of the chief causes of this state of things is the enormous rents demanded for residences of all classes; from the plastered cottage of £1 10s. per week to the respectable residence of £300 or £400 per annum. Every one is complaining—every one is dissatisfied. Not that they necessarily grudge the wrong, because grumbling is a privilege always allowed where prices are increased. But as a general rule the increase is not really just. Landlords, as a matter of business, will of course get as much as they can. But the simple question is this—Are the rents demanded out of proportion to the wealth of the greater number of the community? I think they are. Business promises that in England would not fetch £100, let here for £400 or £500 per annum; and small houses with plaster walls, and without stoves, or cupboards, or accommodation of any kind, that would not produce more than £8 or £10 per annum there, are let here for £3 per week. It is true that allowance is to be made for the rapidly increasing population, and that we cannot threaten this colony by the mother country—that "there is reason in boiling an egg"—still it is felt that the present exorbitant rents are unreasonable. I believe that those high rents are now injurious to a large class of the inhabitants—and that

PROCEEDINGS OF H.M.S. HERALD, CAPTAIN H. M. DENHAM.

Extracts of a Letter from the Herald and Torch steamers, under the command of Captain Denham, after a protracted passage, arrived at Rio de Janeiro on the 26th of September, on their way to the Fejee Islands, having on their way examined, and laid down accurately on the charts, two distant patches of coral ground, the existence of which had been previously supposed. These patches, about fifteen by ten miles square, in lat. 17°21' S., long. 28° 9' W., and in lat. 9°46' S., long. 28° 9' W., and the other a bank of seventy-two miles by twenty-four hours at, a time, by, whilst the accurate depths, the set of current, and opinions of their surface were obtained. No bottom at 200 fathoms was found between, nor between them and the coast, from which the nearest is 180 miles.

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CAN NOTHING BE DONE TOWARDS STAYING THE PROGRESS OF INTEMPERANCE?

It is a pleasing fact, that the subject of intemperance is at length beginning to engage attention and to awaken alarm. It is indeed high time that it should; and it is matter of surprise and of deepest regret that the evil should have reached such a fearful degree of maturity before anything of consequence should have been attempted with a view to check it. However, "better late than never." We trust the time has now come when something effective will be done towards compensating for past neglect. That a warning voice is being raised in various quarters is well; but so long as there is nothing beyond words, we have no reason to congratulate ourselves. Of what avail are regrets and lamentations, unless they lead to action? The evil in question is a tremendous reality; and in order to deal effectively with it, prompt, extended, and continuous efforts must be made, and to urge to these is the object of this paper.

It is not necessary to say much to show the importance of something being attempted. Evidence of the extent to which intemperance prevails, and of the fearful evils to which it is giving rise, meets us on every hand. What revolting scenes are constantly being witnessed in the streets, and lanes, and suburbs of Sydney! How distressing to observe the numbers of both sexes, of all ages, and of almost all ranks, who are manifestly the victims of intemperance! How fearfully large is the number of unhappy creatures who crowd those haunts of iniquity—those trap-doors to two-fold ruin—the *spirit shops!* And could we follow the miserable multitudes that frequent these as they return to their wretched homes, and view the consequences of their intemperate habits,—could we observe them as they develope themselves in the home of the drunkard, in rags, and filth, and want,—in starving children, and broken-hearted wives, and mothers, in the absence of everything like domestic comfort, in the presence of everything productive of wretchedness and ruin; and could we still further trace the effects of intemperance as they overflow and extend themselves beyond private and family circles, how would our conception of their magnitude be heightened! What is the chief promoter of crime and of consequent wretchedness among us? What fills our gaols, our work-houses, our hospitals, our Benevolent Asylums, our Refuges for the unfortunate? What, in most cases furnishes victims for the gallows, and impels wretches to whom life has become an insupportable burden, to rush, uncalled, into the presence of their Maker? Oh, who can bring to light and adequately expose the misery and mighty evils to which it gives birth? Especially, who can adequately conceive or describe the mental sorrow endured by the wretched drunkard, and by those connected with him? How awful must be the remorse—how bitter the pangs of his wounded spirit—how terrific the lashing of an accusing conscience, when, in its own emphatic language, he wakes up in the "horrors," and despite of these, impelled by a kind of fatal necessity he cries for it again! How near akin to the gnawings of the worm that dieth not must be the sufferings which rend the heart of the miserable victim of intemperance, and drive him to the desperate necessity of purchasing a little temporary oblivion at the tremendous price of an augmented degree of misery already unsupportable! And his prospects for eternity; what shall we say of these? "Drunkards shall not inherit the kingdom of God." We will not attempt to characterise the alternative.

We need not say more to show that the alarm that is now being felt on account of the spread of intemperance is no groundless alarm. It is, alas, but too well grounded. But what is to be done? What can be done? Is not the evil such that man cannot deal with it? Must it not be left to take its course? The time was when such was the general opinion, but happily it is otherwise now; the experiment has been tried, and has, to a most gratifying extent succeeded. It has been proved that there is a mode of dealing effectively with the evil in question.

Twenty-five years ago the United States of America were in circumstances similar to what these colonies are now with reference to intemperance. It had spread itself like a mighty flood throughout the land; it was inundating the entire frame-work of society, and spreading deep and wide temporal and eternal ruin. One master mind was directed to the subject, and deeply exercised upon it; and the results are being felt this day in an untold amount of good throughout the world. Lyman Beecher raised his powerful voice. He dragged the monster that was making such dire havock out to light, and exhibited it in its naked and frightful deformity, with a power and efficacy similar to that with which his talented daughter, Mrs. Stowe, has recently exhibited the fearful evils of slavery in that world-wide celebrity, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Men stood aghast, and wondered that they had slumbered so long. The temperance movement was originated. The idea was caught up by one and another, and in a few years societies were formed in vast numbers, the press was largely laid under contribution, meetings were held, travelling agents were employed, and a crusade was commenced against the common foe, the happy influence of which was soon felt, not only throughout the United States, but also in Great Britain and the civilized world. Then came the more full development of the original idea—Total Abstinence Societies. These originated in our own native land. To a great extent they superseded Temperance Societies, and rapidly spread throughout Great Britain and elsewhere.

And now for the results. What have we to say of these? Well, on the whole, they are most satisfactory. Indeed, they are truly astonishing, considering the obstacles that had to be overcome. In America, a vast change has taken place in the habits of the entire community; thousands and tens of thousands have been reclaimed from intemperate habits; and in one whole state, viz., that of Maine and Rhode Island intoxicating liquors are *confined to the shelves of the apothecary.* And a change, similar in *kind*, has been effected in Great Britain and elsewhere. God only knows the numbers that have had to attribute their salvation from temporal and eternal ruin to Temperance and Total Abstinence Societies. The following statement was made some two years ago, in Exeter Hall, the speaker, Mr. Kelley, of the United States, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and places adjacent: "One might travel a twelvemonth without finding a minister of any denomination, Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian, or Episcopalian, who used strong drink himself, or placed it upon his table for others. The traffic was all but abolished. In some States, he said, the sale was altogether prohibited, and the possession of it considered illegal; while, in one State, if any husband came home drunk, the wife was authorised by law to prosecute the rum seller for damages." (See the *Christian Witness* for December, 1851). On the concluding part of this extract, Dr. Campbell remarks, "The latter is not a bad idea, and if carried out in our country, it might go some way perchance to diminish the profits of those men who are fattening on the infatuation of the poor operatives."

But to return to ourselves. What, in view of the whole case, ought we to do? We have seen that there is a mode of dealing with the evil under consideration—that there is an available remedy. Would it not, therefore, be well for us to have recourse to it, rather are we not under imperative obligation to do something? "To him that knoweth to do good, and doeth it not, to him it is sin." But what about the mode of going to work, and the self-denial that would be required? It is to those who fear God and profess to regulate their lives by the requirements of the Gospel that we make our appeal; and to such the self-denial ought not to appear a great matter, compared with the magnitude of the object to be accomplished. A total change in the present drinking habits is of course involved in what we propose, for these are at the foundation of the whole evil. Moderate drinking must needs precede excessive drinking; no one is born a drunkard, or becomes so otherwise than by a gradual process, and that gradual process is moderate drinking, habitually practised. We do not of course say that all moderate drinkers will become drunkards; but we do say, that they are in a course of training which may end in that, and which in the case of some will end in it. Whence are the ranks of drunkards being constantly filled up as these successively drop off and fall into their dishonoured graves? There can be but one answer. Thus moderate drinkers are virtually candidates (unsuccessful ones, happily, many of them) for a place in the army of drunkards; and when it is remembered how insensibly habits are acquired, how much moral weakness cleaves to the best of men, and how many are constantly passing over from the ranks of the one to the other, it appears difficult to see how all are not in some danger. Where so many who once appeared strong ones have fallen, it would seem wise to take heed. "Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he fall." But it is chiefly for the good of others that we ask those whom we address to make the sacrifice in question; and, perhaps, in order to that we need not say more than remind them of a principle which comes to us clothed with authority to which we all bow, and which appears to us fully to meet the case: "If meat make my brother to offend, I will eat no more meat while the world standeth, lest I make my brother to offend."

But how shall we go to work? Well, I suppose we cannot do better than substantially follow in the track of those who have gone before us. A society or societies should be formed, funds should be raised, stirring publications, such as Beecher's celebrated six sermons, should be printed and circulated far and wide. A very simple and perhaps effective plan would be for each separate Church and congregation of the different sections of the Christian Church to have a society of its own, and direct its efforts particularly to its own community and neighbourhood. In this way the work might be carried on without much noise and bustle, and the modes of operation might be more exactly adapted to the particular circumstances of the different localities. At all events let something be done in some way! There is no time to lose. The evil is fearfully on the increase, and it is every day becoming more difficult to deal with. If let alone it can only be expected to go on increasing; and in that case, what will the end be?

There is one class of the community to whom we must address a word or two before we close, and that is, *dealers* in intoxicating drinks. How Christian men—men who in other respects are estimable, and of high standing, can engage in such a traffic—a traffic fraught with the most ruinous consequences to man, and bringing the deepest dishonour on the law of God and the Gospel of God—how such men can so act is to the writer a perfect mystery. Can it have escaped the notice of such persons that they are being directly accessory to the temporal and eternal ruin of their fellow-men? Can they have forgotten that their conduct is expressly denounced by Him, from whose decision there is no appeal? "Woe unto him, saith the Lord, that giveth his neighbour drink, that putteth the bottle to him, and maketh him drunken." How dare they in the face of such a denunciation continue their unholy traffic? Perhaps they reply, "Nothing will be gained by our abandoning it. If we don't another will." Well, let another do it, and let him have the *guilt* of it, and stand you aloof and be innocent. Surely *you* would gain immensely by so doing, at all events. "But it is all in the way of business, and must not be judged of by ordinary rules." It is indeed all in the way of business, but how can that possibly alter the moral character of the thing? The object of business is to make money—a lawful end no doubt, but not one surely that will sanctify the use of unlawful means. The eternal principles of right and wrong are unchangeable things, and no circumstances can justify a deliberate departure from them. We intreat those to whom we are now referring neither to impose upon themselves, nor to allow others to impose upon them, by any mode of reasoning that will not bear examination in the light of the Divine record, and that must therefore be disallowed before the great tribunal.

And we intreat all who have at heart the glory of God and the good of men, to consider the subject of this address, and inquire what course they ought to adopt with regard to it. May the Supreme Ruler direct all, and prosper all.

ADELPHOS.

May 26, 1853.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY

MR. C. ADRAIN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Drapery and other Goods.

MR. COCKBURN.—At Mr. George Pickering's, King-street, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, &c.; at 12 o'clock, Clothing.

MR. NEWELL.—At Mr. King's, Parramatta, at 11 o'clock, Stock-in-Trade of a Dealer.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—At their Mart, Fire Bricks.

MR. C. NEWTON.—On the Circular Wharf, at 10 o'clock Rum, Wheat, Rice, Bamboos, &c.

MR. T. MURIEL.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Iron Bedsteads, Cutlery, Jewellery, Watches, Clothes, Books, &c.

MR. BURT.—At Stewart's Horse Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Phaeton, Gigs, Carts, Harness, &c.

MR. WOOLLER.—At the Bull's Head Horse Repository, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Gigs, Carts, &c.

MESSRS. BOWDEN AND THRELKELD.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Oilmen's Stores, &c.; at 11 o'clock, Cheese, Tobacco Stems, Salts, Teas, Spades, &c.

MR. W. CLEMENTS.—At the Royal Horse Repository, Horses, Drays, Carts, Harness, &c.

MR. W. DEAN.—At half-past 12 o'clock, Harness Leather, &c.; at a quarter to 11, Hay, Bags, &c.; at 12, Wooden Horses, &c.

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

DEATH OF ADMIRAL THE HON. SIR T. B. CAPEL, G.C.B.

The death of that gallant, distinguished, and venerable flag officer, Admiral of the Red the Hon. Sir Thomas Bladen Capel, G.C.B., has been reported at the advanced age of 77 years. In the course of his career (O'Byrne's epitome from which we extract) he served actively for 31 years.

"The Hon. Sir Thomas Bladen Capel, born August 25, 1776, was the youngest son of William, 4th Earl of Essex, by his second wife, Harriet, daughter of Colonel Thomas Bladen; brother of Lieutenant-General Hon. Thomas Edward Capel; and uncle of the present Earl of Essex, and of Commander A. H. C. Capel, R.N.

"This officer entered the navy March 22, 1782, as a captain's servant, on board the Phaeton, 38, Captain Waldegrave, on the books of which ship he was borne until 1783. He ultimately embarked, April 12, 1792, on board the Assistance, 50, Captain Mansfield, stationed off Newfoundland. Then became midshipman, March 17, 1793, of the Syren, 32, Captain John Manley; and the Apollo, 38, and with Lord Hugh Seymour, in the Leviathan, 74, and Sans Pareil, 80, of which latter ship, after participating, July 23, 1795, in Lord Bridport's action, he was appointed, May 18, 1796, an acting Lieutenant. On April 6, 1797, we find Mr. Capel officially promoted into the Cambrian, 40, Captain Hon. Arthur Kaye Legge, employed, similarly with the three ships last named, on the home station; and next appointed, April 12, 1798, to the Vanguard, 74, flag-ship of Sir Horatio Nelson, by whom, in acknowledgment of his services as signal lieutenant at the battle of the Nile, he was advanced, August 4, and sent home in charge of a duplicate of the dispatches, and of the sword of M. Blanquet, the senior French officer surviving. [In his dispatch to the Admiralty announcing the victory of the Nile, Nelson alludes to Captain Capel as a "most excellent officer," and recommends him to their lordships' notice.] His commission was confirmed by the Admiralty October 20th following, and his elevation to post rank effected, while in command of the Alecto, sloop, at Spithead, December 27, in the same year. Captain Capel's ensuing appointments until October, 1814, appear to have been, January 5, 1799, to the Arab, 22, on the West India station; July 19, 1800, to the Meleager, 32, in which he had the misfortune to be wrecked on the Triangle Rocks, in the Gulf of Mexico, June 9, 1801; May 20, 1802, to the Revolutionnaire, 38, lying at Spithead; August 24, 1803, to the Phoebe, 36, on the Mediterranean station, where, during Nelson's pursuit of the combined fleets to the West Indies, he was left with five frigates and two bombs to cover Sardinia, Sicily, and the route to Egypt, from any troops that might be sent to land in those places, after which service he shared in the battle of Trafalgar, and at its close saved from destruction, by his extraordinary exertions, the prize-ship of the line Swiftsure; December 27, 1805, to the Endymion, 40, in which he conveyed the British ambassador to and from Constantinople, and lost, during the hostile operations carried on at the Dardanelles, where he acted a conspicuous part, and distinguished himself by his zealous attention and assiduity, 3 men killed and 10 wounded; and December 14, 1810, to La Hogue, 74, stationed latterly on the north coast of America, where we find him in command of a small squadron blockading the enemy's frigates in New London, and sharing generally in the warfare with the United States. On December 16, 1821, Capt. Capel who had been nominated a C.B. June 4, 1815, assumed command of the Royal George yacht, in which and in the Apollo, another Royal yacht, he remained until advanced, May 27, 1825 to the rank of rear-admiral. He was constituted a K.C.B. Feb. 20, 1832; and from May 30, 1834, until June, 1837, commanded in chief on the East India station, with his flag in the Winchester 50; the rank of vice-admiral was conferred on him January 10, 1837; admiral, April, 1847, since which he served three years as commander-in-chief at Portsmouth.

"Sir T. B. Capel was one of the officers who sat on the court-martial appointed in December, 1805, to try Sir R. Calder for his conduct on the 22nd of the previous July.

"He married May 10, 1816, Harriet Catherine, only daughter of F. G. Smyth, Esq."

AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY.

(From the Daily News, February 12.)

A special general meeting of this company was held yesterday at the London Tavern, "for the purpose of considering, and if deemed advisable, of approving and confirming an agreement made with the Peel River Land and Mineral Company for the sale of part of the estate of the said Australian Agricultural Company, situate in New South Wales, and for purposes connected therewith; and also, for the purpose of considering, and if deemed advisable, of approving and sanctioning a bill intended to be introduced into the Houses of Parliament in this session, for the purpose of sanctioning and confirming the said arrangements between the said two companies; and also for the purpose of reducing the capital and nominal amount, and increasing the number of shares in the Australian Agricultural Company; and for altering the qualification of the directors and auditors, and the principle of voting, and the form of transfers in use by the said company."

W. Browning, Esq., took the chair. The attendance was numerous.

The Chairman (after notice had been read) said, in opening the proceedings, that he had to congratulate the proprietors that their agreements were at last completed, and that it now only required the confirmation of them by this meeting to obtain full and complete registration. Explanations of these agreements had already been given to the proprietors, and he would not, therefore, go again into the matter. He then called upon

The Solicitor, who read to the meeting the marginal notes of the agreement with the Peel River Land and Mineral Company. The points may be thus briefly stated. The capital of the Company is reduced from £1,000,000 to £500,000; the number of shares are doubled, viz., from 10,000 to 20,000; and the shares, in future, will be only £25 each; the qualification of the directors being of course therefore lowered.

The Chairman then said, that as the particulars were now known, these being the basis of the act of parliament they would apply for, he was in a position to move the necessary resolutions for adoption. He accordingly submitted two resolutions—"That the meeting approve of the agreement;" and "that an act of parliament be sought in the present session."

These were carried unanimously.

The Chairman then said that now, for the first time, the Peel River Company might be spoken of as really in existence; for he could now expect a certificate for the complete registration in the course of that or the next day. (Loud cheers.) There was, however, something more for the proprietors to do; and he called upon all those gentlemen who could to sign the deed before they left the building, the Act requiring three-fourths of the proprietary to sign.

In answer to a question,

The Chairman then gave some technical explanations as to the legal reasons which required this new registration.

In answer to another question,

The Chairman said that the Act specified that there should not be less than 7 directors and not more than 14. Eight gentlemen at present had assumed the duties of organising the Peel River Company; and it would shortly be in their power to add to their number as they might find expedient.

After some further explanations,

Mr. Bloomfield addressed the chairman, and said that as the proprietary would not meet again for a considerable period, it would give great satisfaction if the board would on this occasion favour the meeting with some information of the plans in contemplation with regard to the agricultural portion of the company's estate. (Hear.) The company possessed a million acres in the most prolific part of the most prolific country in the world; and while population was pouring in to the colony, he thought such a property might be turned to better account than at present appeared to be the case. (Hear, hear.) As far as he understood, they were doing little or nothing; for there were only 100,000 sheep and 10,000 horned cattle on that vast estate, which could feed twenty times the number. With the proper application of capital and energy in this direction, with a view to supply meat and provisions to the constantly increasing population, they might get ten times as much out of their property. (Hear, hear.) He did not see why their shares should not be made worth £3000 each. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) He had no doubt the board would do everything enviable gradually; and if they approved of his remarks, he would suggest that to get the necessary capital a further call be made on the shareholders.

The Chairman—The discussion was somewhat irregular, but he was not disposed to decline answering suggestions of this kind. He did not need to be told that their interests were affected by the immigration into the colony; for of course land was valueless where there was not population. But he must remind the hon. proprietor that this state of things was of very recent origin. At no very remote period that company had been boiling the sheep on their estate as the least ruinous thing they could do—(hear, hear)—and selling flocks at the rate of 6d. per sheep. He could assure hon. proprietors that the company had taken as rapid an advantage of the new circumstances as were possible; but everything could not be done at once. Until very lately they had no proper title, and had not been in a position to deal fairly with their property. (Hear, hear.) As it was, even in 1851, they got an advance of 50 per cent. on the former years; so he hoped it was evident they were getting on. (Hear, hear.) The attention of the board was, of course, earnestly directed to the point the honourable proprietor had referred to; and he might rely on it that no opportunity would be lost of benefitting the company. (Cheers.) The prospects were most encouraging; for he was quite sure that by and by people would begin to return to permanent agricultural pursuits. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. De Salis, as one who had been in the colony, and was well acquainted with the circumstances operating upon the interests of the company, was anxious that the attention of the board should be called to another point. His opinion was that the first thing to be done in the colony with a view to attracting and keeping population and properly developing its resources, was to provide for the facilitation of good means of occupation. (Hear.) The very first thing that this company ought to do should be to get a line of railway constructed from Hunter's River Valley to the Peel diggings. (Hear, hear.) He hoped it would be understood that he was not advising a railway such as they had in England. He meant a cheap, rough railway, suited to a new country; and such as was constructed in North America. (Hear, hear.) He was not speaking without authority when he said that a railway could be made in Australia—by deviating so as to avoid the extensive works and bridges which constituted the cost of railways in Europe—for £1600 per mile. (Hear, hear.) Obviously good roads—and railroads were the best roads—were the great want of the peopled parts of Australia; and it was his conviction that in a very short time Australia would be as well provided with such a system of railways as he spoke of, as the United States. Until there was such a system of communication it was not to be expected that this company could get the most out of their property; but if they did set about this essential and primary matter, why then very soon they would have their shares as valuable as Mr. Bloomfield anticipated. (Hear, hear.) He (Mr. De Salis) had been over the whole of the company's property; and he could repeat emphatically that it was a magnificent property. It occupied one of the very finest districts of New South Wales, with a soil and in a climate which permitted the production in the highest perfection at once of all that England, and all that Italy and Spain produced. It was a land of milk and honey, and of wine; and their hopes of what such a property would realise might be boundless. (Cheers.) But little or nothing could be done without railways; and while he was not asking the directors of this company themselves to do this, he nevertheless begged to express a hope that if responsible parties should present themselves, undertaking a good project of railway communication, the directors would aid such parties by giving them land free, and so on. This company, in regard to New South Wales, stood very much in the position of the East India Company in regard to India—(hear, hear)—and the colony could not be expected to do everything themselves: they would look for encouragement from a powerful country like this. (Hear.)

The Chairman could assure the hon. proprietor that every project which might be undertaken with a view to developing the resources of the colony would meet with every reasonable encouragement from the directors. (Cheers.) It was so specially the interest of the company to encourage such projects, that this assurance on his part was almost superfluous. The directors were quite alive to the importance of good road communication, and one of the first instructions given to the new superintendent sent out regarded that point. (Hear, hear.)

In answer to a question respecting the lease of land to a gold mining association, which had been mentioned to the last meeting,

The Chairman said that the form of the lease had only been received by the solicitor that day. There had been some slight modification of the original terms. The original agreement was that the land should be given up to the company at the expiration of seven years; but this being subsequently objected to, the directors had consented that if the parties desired they might renew their lease for seven years.

In answer to another inquiry—whether any further leases were in progress,

The Chairman said that he could not mention names for the present, but that he had no objection to state that several applications had been made to him. People were finding that this company was the only one that could give them a good title to land. (Hear, hear.) He could judge from various indications that, for the future, all parties would be the first to come to this company. (Hear.)

The meeting shortly after broke up.

MR. ROBERT LOWE, M.P. FOR KIDDERMINSTER.

(From the Illustrated London News, March 5.)

MR. ROBERT LOWE, M.P. for Kidderminster, and Joint Secretary to the Board of Control, presents a remarkable instance of Parliamentary success and its results. He was returned to Parliament in July, 1852; addressed the House on the "Courts of Law (Ireland) Bill," for the first time, on the 29th of November; for the second time, on "Limited Liability and the Law of Partnership," on the 7th of December (on both occasions briefly, but with marked success); and for the third time, on the 13th of December, in opposition to Mr. Disraeli's Budget; when he achieved a signal triumph—receiving not only the compliments of the most distinguished men on both sides of the House, but had the honour of a large space in the reply of the brilliant Chancellor of the Exchequer.

On the 27th January Mr. Lowe was appointed one of the Secretaries of the Board of Control. This success, achieved by a man whose claims are based upon neither wealth or aristocratic connexion, has not been won without long and hard probation. Mr. Lowe's reputation dates from a successful career at a public school, and at the University.

Mr. Lowe is the son of the late Rev. Robert Lowe, Rector of Bingham, Notts, (who was the subject of a series of virulent attacks in Cobbett's Register, in consequence of his having originated in his own parish the principle of poor-law administration, since adopted by the poor-law commissioners for the whole kingdom) by Ellen, second daughter of the Rev. Reginald Pyndar, rector of Madresfield, Worcestershire.

The subject of our memoir was born at Bingham, Notts, 1811, educated at Winchester, and University College, Oxford, where he was a contemporary of the Duke of Newcastle, Messrs. Gladstone, Cardwell, Sidney Herbert, Roundell Palmer, and others who have since distinguished themselves in various walks of life. At the union debating society, he was one of the most vehement and successful orators on the liberal side. In 1833, being then in his twenty-second year, he took his degree, standing first class in classics, and second class mathematics. In 1836, he was elected a fellow of Magdalen—the wealthiest college in the University; celebrated for its gardens, its deer park, and other luxuries for resident fellows, with great prizes in store for those who, adopting the church as their profession, are content to wait their turn, in luxurious, lettered ease, until one of the many good livings in the gift of the college falls vacant. The indolent life of a college don was not the choice of the future senator. In 1836 he resigned his fellowship, and married Georgiana, second daughter of the late George Orred, Esq., of Aigburth House, near Liverpool. After obtaining a high reputation in Oxford as a private tutor, in 1842 he was called to the bar at Lincoln's-inn; and in the same year sailed for Australia—a step which most of his friends considered a great mistake. By a curious coincidence, the ship in which he sailed, carried out the Act of Parliament creating the representative assembly for New South Wales, in which he was destined to play an important part. This representative assembly, or legislative council, which consisted of twenty-four elected, and twelve members nominated by the governor, superseded the despotic rule which had necessarily prevailed so long as New South Wales was a mere convict colony. Mr. Lowe commenced practice at the colonial bar, and early attained a lucrative practice as an advocate, and as a chamber-counsel.

In October, 1843, the Governor, the late Sir George Gipps, nominated him one of the Legislative Council. In the same year he was a member, and took a large share in drawing the report of the committee on the land question; a question which ever since Mr. Gibbon Wakefield succeeded in inflicting his system of "protection" to landed capital against labour in Australia, has been the ceaseless cause of discord between the colonists, their governors, and the home government. But his first important work was the committee on education, of which, as chairman, he drew the report, a remarkable document, and well worth the study of educators in all countries in which great diversity of religious opinion prevails. Before Mr. Lowe's time education seems to have been chiefly valued in New South Wales as a means of proselytism. One-half of the colony professed the tenets of the Church of England, one-fourth were Roman Catholics, and the rest were chiefly Wesleyan Methodists and English and Scotch Presbyterians. According to the system patronised by the Lord Bishop and the Roman Catholic Archbishop, either there were no public schools, or there were four. No sooner did any one individual set up a school in a village of fifty families, than three other religious bodies followed the example, all claiming aid from the government funds. At Camden (the village were vine culture was first commenced) there were three schools, none of which had more than twenty scholars. Mr. Lowe's committee reported in favour of what is known as Lord Stanley's, or the Irish national system, with well-trained masters, under the control of an unpaid board, with a paid secretary. The execution of this rational and truly Christian scheme was deferred, and temporarily defeated by a union of the bigots of all sects and parties. But it has since formed the basis of the educational system adopted in every part of Australia, except the city of Sydney.

In the latter end of 1844, finding it impossible to yield that passive obedience to the views of the Governor which was expected from a nominee, Mr. Lowe resigned his seat in the council, feeling, to use his own words, "a repugnance to vote systematically against the person to whom he owed his seat, and being firmly determined not to injure the country from which he held it."

In April, 1845, he was elected for the counties of St. Vincent and Auckland, on the first vacancy that had occurred in the council. The following year was occupied with a parliamentary struggle of as much importance to the new-born liberties of New South Wales as our contest with Charles I. on the subject of ship-money. Sir George Gipps claimed, by virtue of royal prerogative, to levy what rents and fines he pleased for the occupation of crown-lands. The squatters resisted, this taxation without representation, and found an able, vehement ally, in the legislative council, in the press, and at public meetings, in Robert Lowe. The history of this and several other contests with the able, eloquent, despotic Governor Gipps, will be found fully detailed in the historical section of Sidney's "Three Colonies of Australia."

In 1846, Sir George Gipps retired, and was succeeded by the present Governor-General, Sir Charles Fitz Roy, when the attempt to deprive the colonists of their lately-bestowed liberties was abandoned; but when Robert Lowe no longer found it necessary to oppose the high prerogative principles of the Governor, he became involved in a not less arduous contest with his late allies, the squatters, who, having escaped from the arbitrary taxation of Sir George Gipps, were then desirous of appropriating the fee simple of the vast territories they held and hold, at a nominal rent. Hence arose the land committee of 1847, over which Mr. Lowe presided, and prepared a report which has ever since been the text-book of those who, against the monopolist squatting interest, support free-trade in land.

In 1848, having been thrown out in the election for Auckland by the opposition of the Emancipist faction, Mr. Lowe was elected, without canvass, for the city of Sydney.

In addition to the active part he took in colonial political struggles, and in exposing the administrative abuses of the colonial government, Mr. Lowe distinguished himself as a successful law reformer. He proposed and carried the abolition of imprisonment for debt on final process. In a country like Australia, where property consists chiefly of live stock, and the continuous service of servants is not to be depended on, to commit a man to prison virtually deprives his creditors of all chance of a dividend. In 1849, he succeeded in substituting for the tedious delays of bill and answer in the colonial equity courts, the more rapid and effective common law proceedings on application for a rule *nisi*, which proved extremely effective where executors, trustees, or partners, had money in their hands claimed by the plaintiff. He also devised a board of examiners (appointed by the colonial judges) who are authorised to admit gentlemen of good character to the bar, after passing an examination in law, classics, and mathematics, without proceeding to England. In 1850 he returned to England.

Mr. Lowe is about the middle height, well knit, and upright; his features (of which our engraving, from a miniature taken at Oxford, conveys a very exact idea), are rather feminine, and rendered singular by a delicate fresh complexion and snow-white hair. His voice is so clear and distinct, that it seems to fill a great hall without an effort. His ordinary style of oratory is level, easy, and perfectly natural, like good talking. His colonial speeches are distinguished by close argument, felicitous illustrations and quotations; ridicule and sarcasm being powerful weapons in his calm hands; but, in denouncing fraud, tyranny, or injustice, he can be terrible in vehement invective.

CONVOCATION OF THE CLERGY.

(From the Spectator.)

THE Convocation of the Clergy of the see of Canterbury met on Wednesday, at Westminster; the Upper House in the Bounty Office, the Lower in the Jerusalem Chamber.

The members of the Upper House who assembled were, the Archbishop of Canterbury, president, and the Bishops of London, Winchester, Exeter, Rochester, Salisbury, Chichester, Llandaff, Oxford, Worcester, and Peterborough. The sitting was characterized by calmness, notwithstanding the great differences of opinion which the Bishops displayed in their discussions.

At the sitting in November, a Committee was appointed by Convocation to consider of an address to the Queen in favour of a measure for the better enforcing of discipline among the clergy. Since that time, the Committee had met, and agreed to a report; which was now brought up and read by the Bishop of London.

Complaining generally of the state of the law, as expensive, dilatory, and inadequate, the report touches upon the delicate question of the hearing of charges for heresy and schism, and the composition of a Court of Appeal. With regard to the former, a return to the practice existing before the passing of the 2nd and 3rd William IV., c. 92, is recommended; and the trial of clergymen before the Bishop and a jury of not fewer than four clergymen, not chosen by the Bishop, but selected from a panel. With regard to the Court of Appeal, the report recommends that jurisdiction should be restored to the Queen in Chancery, with power to remit the cause for rehearing to the Court of the Archbishop; "providing that there should sit, under the authority of the Great Seal, with the Judge of that Court, other Ecclesiastical and Common Law Judges, to hear and decide finally in the cause."

This report was ordered to lie on the table, and be communicated to the Lower House. A message was sent, and a deputation of the Lower House, headed by the Prolocutor, appeared to receive a copy of the report.

At the last sitting of Convocation, the Bishop of Cape Town had sent in a petition to the Archbishops and Bishops, stating that he had not been cited by the Dean, and praying that a citation might issue.

This raised the question, not only as to the right of the Bishop of Cape Town to sit as a suffragan of the see of Canterbury, but as to the competence of Convocation to deal with the question of right. The petition was referred by the Archbishop to his Vicar-General, Dr. Twiss; and Dr. Twiss made a report, to the effect that the see of Cape Town is not within the province of Canterbury, so as to found any authority for the Archbishop to direct the citation of the Bishop of Cape Town. In this opinion the Chancellor of the Bishop of London concurred; and the Archbishop decided that no wrong had been done by the Dean of the Province, the Bishop of London, in not citing the Bishop of Cape Town. Upon this a long and intricate discussion ensued. The Bishop of Salisbury—strenuously supported by the Bishop of Oxford, who disagreed with the Vicar-General as to the law of the case—held that the House was competent to settle the question. The Bishop of London and the Bishop of Exeter held that the House was not competent. But the Archbishop "supposed that the petition was referred to him exclusively," and that he was to give a judicial decision upon it; and his decision was against the Bishop of Cape Town.

In the midst of their discussion, the appointed time for waiting on the Queen to present the address, arrived; and the Upper House being joined by the Lower, the whole body proceeded to Buckingham Palace. Entering the presence-chamber, the Archbishop and the members of the Upper House took their station to the right hand of the Queen, the Prolocutor and members of the Lower House standing on her Majesty's left-hand. The Archbishop then read the address, which he delivered to the Queen; and her Majesty returned the following gracious answer—"I receive with cordial satisfaction the assurances of your loyal and affectionate attachment to my throne and person. It is my earnest desire to promote the welfare and happiness of all classes of my subjects, by continuing to them the blessings of peace abroad, and by assisting to extend at home the holy influence of religion, which is the only sure foundation on which national prosperity can permanently rest. I thank you for the sympathy which you have expressed in my sorrow for the recent loss of the most distinguished of my subjects, and I appreciate the value which you attach to that high sense of duty by which he was invariably inspired. I rely with confidence on your assurances of your desire to preserve harmony in the Church, and to increase its efficiency, while maintaining its doctrines and my supremacy unimpaired; and I pray that the blessing of God may attend on your endeavour to extend widely throughout all classes of my people the inestimable benefit of pure and deeply-felt religion." On returning to the chambers, business was recommenced, in the Upper House, by an order that the report on Clergy Discipline should be printed. Then the discussion respecting the Bishop of Cape Town was resumed, and continued at great length. Still there was no approach to unanimity. The Bishop of Oxford, however, at the outset, advanced the matter towards a settlement, by making a distinct motion, to the effect that the prayer of the petitioner involved a question so arduous and so novel, that he should establish his claim to a writ of summons in the courts of law before the House proceeded in the matter. The Bishop of Exeter took exception to this—that it seemed to assume that the House had power to deal with the question hereafter; and he moved as an amendment, that Convocation was not competent to comply with the prayer of the petitioner. Here the Bishop of Oxford pointed out, that in requesting the Archbishop to take the opinion of the Vicar-General, the House *had* dealt with the petition. The Bishop of Exeter was not shaken by this; but the opposition to his resolution was nearly general. Finally, after much debating to and fro, the resolution was unanimously passed in this form—"That this House, having taken into consideration the petition of the Bishop of Cape Town, does not feel itself competent to entertain the prayer of the said petitioner,—namely, either to direct that a proper citation be issued to such petitioner, or that he be allowed, without such citation, to take his place as Suffragan Bishop in the present Convocation."

The House now proceeded to another subject of scarcely less importance—the appointment of a committee to inquire into precedents touching the right of licensed curates, not beneficed, to vote at the election of Proctors. A resolution to that effect was moved by the Bishop of Exeter. Holding the appointment of such a committee to be illegal, the Bishop of Winchester proposed to remit the inquiry to the Vicar-General. But the Bishop of Oxford, desirous of keeping alive the Provincial Synod of the Church, of taking such steps within the law as have no tendency to alarm the sensitiveness of public men, and which may pave the way for holding discussions at a future time under the licence of the Crown, knew nothing more accordant with the spirit of Convocation than the appointment of such a committee. A division was insisted on, and the amendment was rejected by 6 to 5. There voted for the amendment, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishops of Winchester, Rochester, Peterborough, and Worcester; against it, the Bishops of London, Exeter, Salisbury, Chichester, Oxford and Llandaff. Accordingly, as the Archbishop did not refuse his sanction, the committee was appointed.

A petition from the Bishop of Quebec, Antigua, and Newfoundland, praying for the appointment of a committee of bishops to give them the benefit of their assistance in their respective dioceses, was read, and a conversation ensued; resulting in the promise of the Archbishop of Canterbury to appoint a committee, not of convocation, but simply to confer with the colonial bishops.

Some discussion arose on a petition alleging great evils attending marriages upon a registrar's certificate, and the state of the records of convocation. Then came the question of prorogation. The Bishop of Oxford endeavoured, without success, to obtain the assent of the Archbishop to one of two propositions in order to save the necessity of entering a protest against the prorogation "*sine consensu fratrum.*" Might not a bishop move the adjournment; or could not some words compromising neither party be inserted in the schedule of adjournment? As the archbishop held that he could not consent to either course without surrendering his claim of right, the Bishops of Exeter, Salisbury, Chichester, and Oxford, tendered a protest. No one objected to the prorogation.

Meanwhile, the proceedings of the Lower House had consisted entirely, if we except the presentation of petitions, of a discussion as to the power of a Committee to sit during the recess. It will be recollected that a Committee was appointed during the November sitting to consider certain representations of "gravamina" which had been presented to the house. The sanction of the Archbishop to the sitting of that Committee, although solicited, was withheld while the House sat, because there was not time, and afterwards because the Archbishop had no power to act during a recess. Consequently, the Committee had not assembled. The whole day was occupied in the discussion of the question whether they had the right to sit. Towards the close of the afternoon, it was suggested that a general Committee to search for precedents should be appointed; but while this was under consideration, the Prolocutor was summoned to the Upper House, and there informed that Convocation was "immediately" prorogued until the 18th of August. Consequently, the Lower House was obliged to leave its business unconcluded.

EMIGRATION AND POPULATION.

(From the Economist, February 5.)

THE Quarterly Return of the Registrar-General will be found full of consolation for those who nourish fearful forebodings of the depopulation of the country from the present extensive emigration. If the persons now born cannot immediately fill the places of the emigrants, and will for some years be more costly than productive, it must be some consolation to our melancholy prophets to know that the absence of those whose loss they deplore will enable a greater number of the children now born to be reared to manhood, and that life will be saved and multiplied by being diffused. In the last quarter of the year, says the Registrar-General, "152,066 births were registered, whereas the numbers in the quarter ending December, 1851, were 149,155." So that 2911 more births occurred in the last quarter of 1852 than in 1851, and there is reason to suppose that this progressive increase will continue. There were married in the quarter ending September, 1852, "76,582 persons, a considerable excess on the numbers (74,310) married in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The number of marriages was 38,281, while in the summer quarters of 1840-3 the number of marriages never exceeded 29,307, and in 1842 fell so low as 27,288; in the summer of 1844 there was a sudden increase, and in the summer of 1845 the marriages were 36,003; in 1847-8 the numbers fell back to 32,439, and rose slowly until the summer of 1840; in each of the three succeeding summers (1850-2) the marriages have not been less than 37,156 in number." In the summer quarter of the last year they surpassed that increasing number by 1130, giving ample reason to anticipate an increase in the number of births in the year now begun. If we saw, as the accompaniment of this increase of marriages and prospective births, a contracting demand for labour, a decline in the means of subsistence, an increasing difficulty of carrying on trade—if we heard of mills being stopped, and ships laid up for want of freights, we should be filled with alarm at what is to come, and almost hail war and floods and conflagrations as less evils than the pestilence and the slow starvation which would keep down the people to the level of subsistence. But the reverse of this is the case. Ships were never more in demand—mills were never running and increasing faster—trade was never more rapidly extending—and there is at present every probability that the prospectively increasing population will find ample means of employment and subsistence.

The relation between the increase of the population and emigration is thus stated by the Registrar General:—"As the births in the quarter were 152,056, the deaths 99,946, the natural increase was 52,120. The number of emigrants who sailed in the quarter from London was 12,322, Plymouth 1870; Liverpool 41,317; from the three English ports, 55,315. The numbers who sailed from the ports of the United Kingdom at which there are Government emigration agents amounted to 67,912. Many who sailed from other ports are not in the return, and it is well known that a large proportion of the emigrants who sail from Liverpool are by birth Irish. At present it is probable, taking all circumstances into account, that the emigration from England is not equal to the natural increase of population. The number of emigrants who sailed during the year 1852 from the ports of the United Kingdom at which there are emigration agents amounted to 350,047, or certainly not less, taking the year through, and other ports into account, than 1000 a-day." We believe that the Registrar-General includes in this return all the foreigners who go to the United States and Australia through England, and of them no less than 31,500 Germans went from Liverpool in 1851. This alters very materially the proportion of population increased by births to the number of emigrants as stated by him, and gives us still stronger reason to suppose that no void will ensue from the many who depart.

The immediate consequence of removing from amongst us so many mature persons whose places are only prospectively supplied, and of the incessant activity and rapid increase of business which every one notices, is a want of hands in many employments. There are parts of the country where labourers for common field purposes, such as farmers and land-owners have been accustomed to hire them to perform, cannot be procured, and necessary work remains undone. "The farmers in our neighbourhood," said a country gentleman to us not a fortnight ago, "cannot get hands, and for want of them I have been obliged to neglect many things." It is the same in the towns. No occupation was more crowded with competitors a year or two ago than that of a clerk. This was true of foreigners as well as natives. "The applications for the situations of foreign clerks were so numerous, that we refused," said a partner in a great house in the metropolis a few days ago, "to attend them; but now they are so few, and we want young men so much, that no sooner does one offer who writes a tolerably good hand than we request at once that he may come to us." All the accounts that have come from Australia have tended to dissuade young men of that description from going thither; nevertheless, so great is the temptation, that they go in multitudes, and leave their places to be filled by the rising generation. For youth the prospect is admirable. Instead of a difficulty in getting employment for them, the difficulty will soon be to get youths to employ, and the great danger they run from the present great demand for their services will be, that they will be set to work before their minds have been sufficiently enlarged, and their bones sufficiently hardened to undergo the rough usage of the world. The present want of hands, which is the source of apprehension as well as of some complaint, may not, however, extend to the future. It will be a stimulus to find out mechanical means of supplying the place of labour; it will suggest new inventions; society will adapt itself to its new circumstances, and will be compelled to put an end to every unnecessary employment. A want of hands is the forerunner of a further simplification in the modes of carrying on business; for as labour becomes scarce and dear, the motives for economising it becomes powerful.

Nor can it be supposed that the process—not now begun, but now become very marked—of improvement in the condition of all who labour will speedily come to an end. One of the singularities of the new gold discoveries is to furnish a new standard for the reward of labour. It is no longer what possessors of property must give to keep up a sufficient number of labourers to serve them, but what Nature bestows on labour. The gold of California and Australia is yielded, like all the products of the earth, to human toil; but there, although previous accumulations help to give it value, it is yielded without their assistance. Capital is not, or at most in only very small quantities, required to enable the digger to get his nuggets and his dust. The whole vast amount is exclusively, and known to be, the wages of labour. The gold fields there, too, are open to all labourers, and they are said to be very extensive. It is highly probable, too, that new fields will be discovered. What is there bestowed by Nature on labour as its reward, will not be without considerable influence over the rewards of labour over all the commercial world. We already feel its operation here. Its influence is already felt on the Continent, and, as the precious metals are multiplied, the influence will extend. Labour, it seems probable, will everywhere rise in price and in real value. The labourers will have a larger share than now of the annual produce of labour. To meet their wants, more money will be required, and the improved condition of the multitude—the necessary consequence of the improved standard of reward for labour—supplies probably the solution of the problem, "How all the gold that is now won and winning will be employed?" It will be wanted to circulate abundance and riches amongst the children of toil, now impoverished and degraded through the greater part of Europe.

It is possible that the facts recorded by the Registrar-General, of large masses of men leaving the country, population rapidly increasing to supply their place, and wealth at the same time increasing still more rapidly, will open the eyes of many persons to one principle of social economy. Hitherto it has been supposed that the soil was the source of wealth, and on this principle the statesmen of America are now eager to shut out from that continent all European nations. But it is clear that where there are no persons the soil yields nothing. Labour, therefore, is the parent of all production. The more labour the more produce, and the more men the more labour. Hence, as the people of the United States have multiplied, they have become an immense market for the cottons of Manchester, the hardware of Birmingham, the wares of Paris, and the silks of Lyons. Hence as the people go from England and settle in Australia, they, too, become a great market for our produce; and in proportion as they multiply and labour, they are able to purchase the produce of our labour, and many more persons are enabled to subsist in England, because many have gone away. The country has not been enlarged, but more men have been enabled to labour with a profit, and more wealth has been produced. One industrious man is the market for another industrious man; or, as M. Bastiat expresses it, "services paid for services." "Labour," as Smith says, "produces all wealth;" and the more labour is increased, the more labourers there are in the world, the more wealth there is in the world. To its indefinite increase—one industrious man being the market for another—imagination cannot perceive any bounds, and can only indulge in visions of great and ever-growing prosperity, from observing that the emigration dictated by the enterprise of individuals adds both to the wealth and the population of the country the emigrants leave.

AUSTRALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.—The Board of Directors having determined on making a further call of £4 per share on the shares of the second series in the Capital Stock of this Company, shareholders are hereby required to pay the same into the Company's office in Sydney, on or before the 1st day of August next.

By order of the Board,

FREDERICK TERRY,
Assistant Manager.

A. S. N. Company's Office, Sussex-street,
Sydney, June 13. 6078

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MARRIED.

On the 27th of May, at Blowring, Tumut River, by the Rev. D. Ballantine, of Albury, the Rev. Patrick Fitzgerald, of Wagga Wagga to Harriet Catherine Brown, eldest daughter of John Brown, Esq., of Colston, Upper Paterson.

By special license, on the 23rd instant, by the Rev. Robert Stewart, James Squire Farnell, of Kissing Point, to Margaret, eldest daughter of the late H. F. O'Donnell, of Sydney.

DIED.

At his residence, Prince Albert Inn, Little Forest, after a long and painful illness, which he endured with fortitude and resignation, William Philip Green, aged 48 years, deeply regretted by an affectionate wife and a large circle of friends.

At the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, on the 13th instant, Eliza Ross, wife of R. R. Norris, M.D., Resident Medical Officer.

On the 24th instant, at the residence of Mr. Samuel Jenner, Castle Hill, Mr. John Pye, aged 22 years, only son of the late John Pye, Esq.

FUNERAL. — The Friends of Mr. John Crowley are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of his late departed wife, Res , which will take place this day, June 24, at 3 o'clock P.M. Her remains will be moved from her late residence, George-street North, at the hour above mentioned precisely. No circulars will be issued. HENRY THOMAS, Undertaker, King-street West. 1069

FUNERAL.—The friends of Mr. James Kelly are invited to attend the funeral of his son Thomas. The procession will move from his father's residence, Old Custom House Inn, Argyle-street, TO-MORROW, at three o'clock. No circulars will be issued 10868

THE friends of the late Mr. John Pye are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral, which will take place on Sunday, the 26th instant. The procession will move from the residence of Mr. Samuel Jenner, Castle Hill, at half-past one o'clock, and arrive at St. John's Church, Parramatta, at 4 P.M., precisely.

JAMES WILLIS, Undertaker.

N.B.—No circulars will be issued. 10875

FUNERAL.

THE Friends of Mr. Crowley are respectfully requested to attend the Funeral of his late departed wife Esther, which will take place this day, June 25th, at 3 o'clock P.M. Her remains will be moved from her late residence, George-street North, to the Scotch Burial Ground, at the hour above mentioned precisely.

No circulars will be issued.

HENRY THOMAS, Undertaker,
10905 King-street West.

BALMAIN STEAM FERRY COMPANY.

Capital £10,000, with power to increase to £20,000. Shares £2 each.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rev. R. Mansfield, Chairman.

J. R. Brenan, Esq. | J. H. Palmer, Esq.
E. Hunt, Esq. | P. N. Russell, Esq.
D. Mackellar, Esq.

Deposits paid to this date upon 1100 shares.

Persons wishing to become shareholders are requested to pay their deposits of 5s. per share at the Australian Joint Stock Bank, Pitt-street, Sydney.

The Directors beg to intimate to the inhabitants of Balmain that, until a larger number of shares have been subscribed for, and the deposits thereon paid, they will not feel themselves justified in taking any further steps towards carrying out the objects of the Company.

J. H. PALMER, Hon. Sec.

Balmain, May 25. 6637

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.,
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.

DIRECTORS

Robert Towns, Esq. | J. R. Young, Esq.
Thos. Holt, jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.

Surveyor, James Hume, Esq.

Secretary, James Sutherland Mitchell, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12s per cent.

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s. to 18s. per cent.

SECTION C.—Weather-boarded buildings, 15s. to 30s. per cent.

FIFTY PER CENT. of the Premium will be returned on the renewal, for twelve months, on all *yearly* policies, so THAT THE ACTUAL *cost of Insurance will be* ONE-HALF *only of the above rates.*

This Company is established upon the principles of the Saxe Gotha Company, which is one of the leading and the most popular Fire Insurance Company in Germany, and which established, on the occasion of the great fire in Hamburg, the soundness of its principles. It then paid *all losses in full* without inconvenience to its members.

All parties desirous of insuring in this Company may satisfy themselves by previous inspection of the register book as to the ability of members to make good the amount of their respective contributions.

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the office of the Company Pitt-street.

JAMES SUTHERLAND MITCHELL,
Secretary.

N.B.—In case of fire, parties are requested to give notice to Mr. T. J. Bown, Engineer, No. 286, George-street, Superintendent of the Fire Brigade, in whose premises the engine is kept. 95

CASINO.—At the Light-house Hotel, corner of Bathurst and Sussex streets, every Saturday and Tuesday evening. Admission 1s. 6d., ladies gratis. SMITH AND SONS, German Band, 215, Castlereagh-street. 10878

THE LONDON CHARTERED BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

TO BE INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, With limited Liability.

CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING, (with power to increase to £1,000,000), in 25,000 shares of £20 each.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

CHAIRMAN,

Duncan Dunbar, Esq., firm D. Dunbar and Sons.

Richard Henry Browne, Esq., late Director of the Bank of Australasia, Melbourne.

James Denis De Vitre, Esq., Director of the London and Westminster Bank.

William Fane De Salis, Esq., Director of the Peninsular and Oriental Company (late Director of the Union Bank of Australia, Sydney).

John Utley Ellis, Esq., Chairman of the General Screw Steam Company.

Thomas Dyer Edwards, Esq., Director of the National Bank of Ireland (late of the firm of Edwards and Hunter, Sydney).

John Griffith Frith, Esq., Deputy Chairman of the London and County Joint Stock Banking Company.

Patrick Douglas Hadow, Esq., Director of the Peninsular and Oriental Company.

Alexander Hoyes, Esq., Auditor of the South Western Railway Company.

Fowler Newsam, Esq., Deputy Chairman of the Globe Insurance Company.

James Nelson Smith, Esq., firm Smith, Campbell, and Co., Sydney, and J. N. Smith and Co., London.

William Walker, Esq., firm William Walker and Co., Sydney, and Walker Brothers, London.

With power to add to their number.

COLONIAL INSPECTOR.

Charles Falconer, Esq., late Manager Bank of Australasia, Sydney.

AUDITORS.

John Gurney Hoare, Esq.
Thomas Chapman, Esq., F.R.S.

BANKERS.

Messrs. Barnett, Hoare, and Co., Lombard-street. 889

GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Certified and enrolled agreeably to law.

SONS OF PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 1054.

THE Officers and Brothers of the above Lodge, together with those in connection with the order belonging to other lodges in the Sydney district, are respectfully informed that the funeral of the late wife of our much respected Brother Crowley will take place this day, at 3 o'clock P.M. The procession will move from her late residence, George-street, opposite the *Herald* Office.

C. H. GAGE, N.G.
W. CRAWFORD, Secretary.

June 24. 10925

ENAMELLED DAGUERREOTYPES.—Mr. INSLEY, Artist, 408, George-street, second door below the Royal Hotel, Sydney. The public are invited to examine specimens of the enamelled process, the latest improvement in the Daguerreotype, making all the colours perfect and free from that dark leaden hue presented in ordinary Daguerreotypes. N.B.—The only Daguerreotype portraits in the colony taken in colours 10870

FASHIONABLE DANCING.

MR. CLARK, at the request of many families, has been induced to open a class for the instruction of junior pupils, on Tuesday and Friday afternoons, at three o'clock, to commence on Friday, July 1st. Parents and guardians desirous of placing their children under his care will please to make arrangements immediately, and they may depend upon the strictest attention being paid to their deportment. The evening classes are continued as usual, on the same days.

Private tuition to those who may not wish to join the classes.

Families and schools punctually attended.

For terms apply to Mr. Clark, at his Assembly Rooms, 189, Elizabeth-street North.

PULVERMACHER'S Patent Portable HYDRO-ELECTRIC CHAIN, for personal use.—Immediate relief from acute pains. Radical cure of RHEUMATIC, CATARRHAL, NEURALGIC, SPASMODIC, NERVOUS, and FUNCTIONAL DISORDERS, within an incredibly short space of time, by this simple and painless remedy, which can be freely tested beforehand. 660 cases of cures within the last eight months, signed by physicians, noblemen, clergymen, magistrates, &c. Full description gratis. Appointed agent in Sydney, J. S. NORRIE, Practical Chemist, 170, Pitt-street. 10908

LECTURE ON INFLUENZA.

ITS Cause, Treatment, and Cure, delivered at the School of Arts, Pitt-street.

BY DR. F. BEER,

of the University of Zurich and Vienna,—a work intended to enable every person to prevent the attacks of that disease, or to cure himself when no medical aid can be obtained.

PRICE ONE SHILLING.

Published by the author, and to be had at his residence in Harrington street; of Mr. J. Parrot, Hunter-street; and Mr. M. T. Magnussen, South Head Road.

N.B.—Dr. BEER attends patients at their residences or at 3, Harrington-street. As usual, advice gratis from 9 to 10 o'clock in the morning. 10782

MUSICAL REPOSITORY, 314, Pitt-street, The Royal Harmoniums of Alexandre et File.

THE Harmonium is one of the most charming instruments of this age of invention, and, though smaller than the common square pianoforte, it possesses all the continuity and depth of tone of the organ, and is capable of pouring forth the most sweetly melodious and dulcet strains, or of producing the powerful effects of a full orchestra by means of stops, which can be used at pleasure by the performer.

It is alike calculated for the church, chapel, concert, or drawing room, for the glorious works of Handel, or the enlivening strains of the dance, and although nothing can ever supersede the piano, yet the Royal Harmonium forms an excellent accompaniment to that instrument; and also to the harp, voice, or concertina, or all combined.

Any pianoforte player can at once perform with facility on the Royal Harmonium; its touch is light and elastic, the action of the pedals by a gentle action of the feet, which creates the supply of wind, is particularly easy. The immense volume of tone produced by this little instrument, scarcely 3 feet high, is capable of filling a building that would contain 1000 persons, thereby rendering it a valuable accessory to a church or chapel.

Messrs. W. J. Johnson and Co. are of opinion that the Royal Harmonium is best calculated for general use; and, being desirous of meeting the views of all purchasers, they have placed the very smallest remunerative profit on their instruments, and are now ready to supply them at the unprecedented price of from 20 Guineas each, feeling assured of the approbation and liberal patronage of the musical public.

PIANOFORTES.

Elegant grand, grand square, and cottage pianofortes, 6⅞ octaves, by Collard and Collard, Kirkman and Son, D'Almaine and Co., &c. These instruments are of the very best manufacture, and well worthy the attention of parties purchasing.

BROADWOOD AND SONS' PIANOFORTES.

A few of the above makers' instruments will shortly be landed.

W. J. JOHNSON AND CO., beg to call the attention of Amateurs and Professors to their large and new stock of superior instruments, viz.,

Cornopeans by Courtois.
London made Flutes
French Cocoa Flutes
German Concertinas
French Accordeons
Flutinas Gothiques
Ditto Mosaique

The above combine elegance of design with richness of tone, and having been received direct from the makers, are offered at unprecedented low prices.

MUSIC.

Just opened, a new stock from D'Almaine and Co., 20, Soho-square, among which will be found pieces by the best masters, together with operas, waltzes, &c., &c., &c. The music from Uncle Tom's Cabin.

Also,

A variety of beautifully emblazoned bijous, for the drawing room and presents.

VOCAL ALBUMS.

This beautifully illustrated volume contains sixteen of the best and newest songs, and is sold at the unprecedented price of 5s. each.

Just published.

Old Folks at Home, sung by Rainer's Minstrels.

New Song—See Love's Web around the weaving, composed by Miss Murphy.

Instruments removed in a covered van, the only one in the colony.

W. J. JOHNSON AND CO.,
314, Pitt-street.

N.B.—The trade and country store-keepers will be liberally treated. 9927

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

KYEZOR, Watch, Clock, and Chronometer maker to her Majesty's Honorable Board of Ordnance, 304, Pitt-street, two doors from King-street, Sydney, and 46, Edgeware-road, London, begs to inform the public that he has made a reduction of one-half in the price usually charged by others in the trade for the repairs of every description of English and foreign watches and clocks, musical boxes, &c.

	s.	d.
Watch cleaning	3	0
Main spring	3	0
Watch dials	3	6
Watch keys	0	3
Watch hands, per pair	2	0

And every other article in the trade as cheap in proportion.

Every watch and clock brought to repair will be taken to pieces in the presence of the person who brings it, and the faults pointed out, to prevent the overcharges which are usually made. 10328 10760

SADDLE CLOTH found. The Owner, on paying the charge of this advertisement, can have the same by applying at 284, Pitt-street. 10881

H. CUMMINS' Registry Office, for Servants, and House and Land Agency, No. 112, King-street East (one door from Pitt-street), Sydney.

Servants of every denomination requiring employment, in town and country, will obtain it at full wages on application at this office.

Several Houses, Cottages, and choice Allotments of Land for sale.

Money on Mortgage and other securities, in any amount, required.

Wanted, two good Female Cooks. 10865

POULTRY! POULTRY! POULTRY!

H. CUMMINS, 112, King-street East, one door from Pitt-street, begs to announce to his customers that his usual supply of prime Wollongong Capons cannot be equalled in Sydney, each weighing 3½, 4½, to 5 lbs.; prime large Turkeys, Fowls, Wild Fowls, and Wollongong Butter of the best brands—all at moderate prices. Come and see and judge for yourselves.

N.B.—No connexion with any other establishment in Sydney.

A few hundred pounds weight of dry feathers for sale. 10866

PIANOFORTES.

THE undersigned beg to call the public attention to their Stock of Pianofortes by the best London makers; also, some very excellent second hand cottage and square ditto.

Harmoniums from 16 to 20 guineas.

Pianofortes, Concertinas, Flutinas, &c., tuned and repaired in the best manner.

Several packing cases, with zinc and tin linings, for sale.

Musical instruments removed in town or country, with the greatest care, by spring vane.

D. BUIST AND SONS,
6, Bridge-street.

Sixteen years with Messrs. Broadwood and Sons. 10879

EVERY LADY HER OWN DRESS-MAKER.

THE Art of Dressmaking taught in Six Lessons, with the advantage for ladies making up their own materials, by Mrs. Andrews, late of London.

Mrs. A. invites the Ladies of Sydney to call and inspect her varied assortment of the most recherché (paper models) of the latest London and Paris fashions for every description of dress which may be had in sets or single patterns.

All patterns cut to fit the purchaser.

To suit parties residing in the country, on description of the size of pattern required, together with the amount of one guinea, which may be forwarded in postage stamps, a set consisting of six in number, suitable for ladies and children's dresses, will be forwarded by return of post free by

Mrs. ANDREWS,

Dress and French Jacquette Maker, 216, Elizabeth-street North, Sydney. 10922

MR. GEORGE ANCEL, Storekeeper, Windsor, begs to return thanks to his Customers in the town and district, and to inform them that he intends to retire from business by the first of September next, and will be happy to dispose of his Stock in Trade to dealers and others who may require a supply of goods. Should any part remain on hand after the above date, they will be sold by auction, without reserve. The stock consists of bar, rod, and bolt iron, tin in boxes, cutlery, grindery, hollowware, nails, spades, shovels, ropes, chains all sizes, cart boxes, sheet lead, saws, carpenters' tools, with a general assortment of goods. Windsor, June 22nd, 1853.

CROZIER AND KINGSMILL beg to inform the public that they have commenced in Newcastle as SHIP AND GENERAL AGENTS, for the transaction of an EXCLUSIVELY COMMISSION BUSINESS, in the Purchase, Sale, and Shipment of all descriptions of Goods; and orders for any of the produce of the Hunter River districts will be carefully and expeditiously executed. And cargo sent down to this port for shipment promptly despatched, and proper shipping documents procured; and, if necessary, insurances effected in Sydney or Melbourne.

Orders for goods in the Sydney Market carefully executed through an experienced Agent.

Until further notice, and until large and capacious stores are erected in Watt-street, adjoining the Wharf, business will be transacted at Mrs. Bicknell's, top of Watt-street, known as Mr. Reid's premises.

Sydney and Melbourne Agency Office,
Newcastle, June 2, 10759

WINTER STOCK,

Selling off at reduced prices, at the Clothing Establishment, 34, Hunter-street.

C. H. MAY, in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal support and patronage he has received since commencing business in Sydney, desires to inform them that he has made a great reduction in the prices of his Winter Stock, in order to make room for large consignments of goods to his order, direct from London, which are now shortly expected, and will be of the very best description, suitable for the spring trade.

The stock at present consists of

Gutta percha clothing of every description
Overcoats and pea jackets, various colours and shapes
Doeskin and tweed coats, trousers and waistcoats
Fancy satin and cachmere waistcoats
Regatta and white shirts, ready for use
Red and blue guernsey and serge shirts
Lambswool and merino underclothing
Red, blue, and white blankets
Welch flannel vests and drawers, home made
An elegant assortment of plain and fancy elastic braces
Fancy and black Brussels neckerchiefs and cravats
India and china pocket ditto
Carpet bags, and a variety of other goods too numerous to mention

An early call is solicited by C. H. MAY, shirtmaker, outfitter, clothier, and slopseller, 34, Hunter-street, two doors from Pitt-street. 10867

155, 155, 155, 155.
155, Haymarket, 155.
155, Haymarket, 155.
155, Haymarket, 155.

H. SELBY and CO. return their most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed on them since opening the above premises, and beg to assure their friends and the public that no exertion shall be wanting to render the above establishment equal to any in New South Wales.

H. S. and Co. have made arrangements to receive regular monthly shipments of new and choice goods, which being purchased by their agent in England for cash, will enable them to supply Drapery, Hosiery, and Slops at prices which will bear comparison with those of any house in the colony; and they beg to inform their friends that their stock has recently been replenished by large importations of boys' and men's clothing, shirts, hosiery, flannels, calicoes, blankets, hollands, silks, shawls, gloves, laces, neckties, habitshirts, chemisettes, infants' cloaks, hoods, caps, robes, and an immense variety of winter dresses.

N.B.—Cash only, and no abatement. 10904

MANTLES AND FURS.
FURS AND MANTLES.

Until Wednesday, the 6th July.

THE above goods are such as are suited to the season, and will be sold at a great reduction from last week's prices, in order to clear out the largest stock in the trade.

Velvet Mantles, 76s. to 120s.
Tweed Mantles, 7s. to 50s.
Cloth Mantles, 15s.
Glacé, Watered Silk, &c.

FURS,

All sorts and at all prices.

Blankets
Flannels
Shawls
Dresses (all sorts)
Merinoes
Moreens

Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Serges, Satins
&c. &c. &c.

CHARLES MOORE.

The Hall, 284, Pitt-street. 10892

ENGRAVING AND COPPER-PLATE PRINTING.

BANK Notes, Bills of Exchange, Bill-heads, Plates, &c., Engraved and Printed in first-rate style by C. GODARD, 321, Castlereagh-street North.

N.B.—Wedding and address cards at five hours' notice. Country orders promptly executed, and patterns sent for approval. 10877

MICHAEL GUILFOYLE, Nurseryman, Florist, and Seedsman, Ornamental and Landscape Gardener, Exotic Nursery, Double Bay, begs to remind parties desirous of procuring large or small quantities of PLANTS, that he has the most extensive collection of all sorts of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, and also of Flowering Plants, of every description, which was ever offered to the public to select from since gardening was known in the colony.

An inspection of the Nursery is especially invited.

Prices strictly moderate, with the usual allowance to the trade.

N.B.—Flower and Vegetable Seeds of every description.

. Native Seeds, in great variety, always ready in collection. 10748

MAYOR'S BALL.—FANCY COSTUMES.

DRESSES of the richest and most varied description may be had, on early applications to the undersigned,

WHEELER AND M'KONE,

Tailors and Drapers, 84, King-street East, Woolley's Buildings. 10880

MASONIC AND FANCY DRESS BALL.

PRICE, FAVENC, and GWYN have just received 50 pairs of Masonic Apron Tassels, with an assortment of Silver and Gold Girdles, Fringes, &c., suitable for the approaching Fancy Dress Ball.

259, Pitt-street, June 24. 10732

BLACK HATS
Black Hats
Black Hats.

THE undersigned has just opened three cases of the above, from 5s. 6d. to the best quality imported. The whole of which will be sold a great bargain.

J. M. MERRINGTON'S

Emporium, 255, Pitt-street, four doors north of Market street.

N.B.—No connexion with any other House in Sydney. 10891

WHITE SHIRTS!
Fancy Shirts!!

IN great variety, at the lowest prices, at

J. M. MERRINGTON'S.

Emporium, 255, Pitt-street, four doors north of Market-street.

N.B.—No connexion with any other House in Sydney. 10893

The Weather is cold,
Warm Coats will be sold

AT a great reduction, at J. M. MERRINGTON'S Emporium, 255, Pitt-street, four doors north of Market-street. 10892

HOSIERY!
Hosiery!! Hosiery!!
Hosiery!!! Hosiery!!! Hosiery!?!

MEN'S Grey Lambswool Hose and half-hose

Men's grey merino hose and half-hose
Men's grey knit hose and half-hose
Men's brown cotton hose and half-hose
Men's grey cotton hose and half-hose
Men's white cotton hose and half-hose
Women's white and grey lambswool hose
Women's white and grey merino hose
Women's white, brown, and grey cotton hose
Women's black worsted, cachmere, and mohair hose
Children's socks, in white and grey lambswool and merino
Children's socks, in Scotch worsted, exhibition and tartan
Children's socks, in white, brown, and grey cotton
Men's blue, scarlet, and striped guernseys
Men's lambswool and merino vests and pants
Ladies' lambswool and merino vests and drawers
Men's cotton and scarlet worsted caps
Men's cotton and India rubber braces.

H. SELBY AND CO. have just received a large shipment of the above seasonable goods, which are being sold at 25 per cent. under former prices.

155, Haymarket. 10902

155, HAYMARKET, 155.

H. SELBY AND CO. have just opened an extensive assortment of cotton and linen sheeting, ticks, table linen, counterpanes, quilts, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 Witney and Bath blankets, moreens, damasks, dimities, huckabacks, crumb cloths, furniture, window muslins, &c., &c., to which they invite the attention of parties furnishing. 10093

THE MAYOR'S FANCY BALL.

NOTICE to parties intending being present at the above Ball.—The undersigned has just opened a splendid lot of Fancy Goods, in rich gold embroidered scarf, handkerchiefs and ties, ribbons, lace, head dresses, bracelets, neck velvets, &c., &c.

P. M. MERRINGTON,
Emporium, 255 Pitt-street,
10890 Four doors north of Market-street.

CLEARING OUT!!!
CLEARING OUT!!!
CLEARING OUT!!!

THE whole of the Winter Stock of the undersigned, at fully thirty per cent. lower than any other house in Sydney, in consequence of the heavy shipments daily arriving.

SHAWLS.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Cachmere	8	6	reduced from	12	6
Super ditto	12	6	,,	16	6
Rich ditto	16	6	,,	21	0
Extra ditto	20	0	,,	27	6
Rich Paisley ditto	25	0	,,	33	0
Extra ditto	30	0	,,	40	0
Super tartan all wool shawls	13	6	,,	16	6

DRESSES.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Cachmere dresses	12	6	reduced from	18	6
Delaines ditto	9	6	,,	12	6
Ditto ditto	6	9	,,	8	6
Chene silk twilled ditto	14	6	,,	18	6
Chene satin striped ditto	16	10	,,	21	0
Embroidered robes	16	10	,,	21	0
Ditto ditto	12	6	,,	16	6

REAL FRENCH MERINOS,

Of every shade, and the very best quality.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Ditto ditto	4	11½	reduced from	5	9

FLANNELS.

	d.		d.
All wool Welsh	9½	reduced from	12½
Ditto ditto, stout	12½	,,	16½

And the finer makes after the same rate.

WOOL POLKAS.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Children's from	2	0	reduced from	3	6
Women's full sizes	4	6	,,	7	6

Blankets of all sizes equally cheap.

SUPERIOR OVERCOATS,

At a great reduction.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Reefing jackets	10	6	former price	14	6
Ditto extra lined	17	6	,,	22	6
Pilot cloth trousers	8	6	,,	10	6
Tweed ditto	10	6	,,	12	6

READY MADE CLOTHING of every description.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Men's lambswool vests	2	9	reduced from	3	6
Royal ribbed ditto	2	9	,,	3	6
Merino vests	2	6	,,	3	0
Lambswool drawers	4	0	,,	5	9

WOOLLEN HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c., &c.

Storekeepers, country buyers, settlers, supplied on the most reasonable terms.

Observe the address—

I. M. MERRINGTON,

Emporium, 255, Pitt-street, 4 doors North of Market-street.

N.B.—No connection with any other house in Sydney. 10894

MR. JOHN A. MATTHEWS, Merchant and Commission Agent,—Office, Queen's-place. 10738

ON Sale, at the Dublin House, 455, George-street,

	s.	d.	
Oatmeal	40	0	per cask
Split peas	9	6	per bushel
Best Patna rice	18	0	per bag, 168 lbs.

JOHN WOODS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, 455, George-street. 109 3

ON Sale, at the Dublin House, 455, George-street,

	s.	d.	
Mustard, Coleman's No. 1	7	6	per dozen
Dates, prime sample	0	6½	per lb.
Superior pudding raisins	0	8	,,

JOHN WOODS,

Wholesale Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, 455, George-street. 10914

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE undersigned has for sale a large and well selected stock of Boots and Shoes, to the inspection of which he invites all classes of purchasers. The prices are as low as heretofore.

Observe the address—

JOHN WOODS,
10923 Dublin House, 455, George-street.

DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, AND SLOPS.

THE undersigned has several invoices of the above Goods, selected in England, and elsewhere, by a person who understands the wants of this market.

Observe the address—

JOHN WOODS,
10924 Dublin House, 455, George-street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
INDIA RUBBER GOLOSHES.

LADIES' and Gentlemen's Goloshes, 7s. 6d. per pair

	s.	d.	
Ladies' double sole goloshed boots	7	6	pr. pair
Girls' ditto, 6 to 9	4	9	,,
Ditto ditto, 10 to 13	5	9	,,
Ladies' strong lasting boots	5	0	,,
Ditto ditto slippers	3	0	,,
Children's strong shoes, 2 to 5	2	3	,,
Ditto ditto, 6 to 9	3	0	,,
Ladies' French clogs	2	6	,,

J. M. MEEHAN, Dublin Mart,
10855 Opposite Hunter street.

French Stay Warehouse, 491, George-street. Just opposite Mr. Cohen's Temple of Fashion.

ERNEST BUDIN, late Victor Protois, begs to call the attention of his Customers and the Public in general, that he has just opened a few cases of good , consisting of—

French de laine, all colours
Evening dresses
Twelve cartoons of best French flowers consisting of head dresses, bouquets, caps, bonnets, and orange blossom
Perfumery (from L. T. Pivert, Rue St. Martin, 103, Paris)
Ladies' white and black satin shoes
Ditto kid and morocco shoes
Ditto boots, single and double soles
Gent's patent leather shoes
Ditto ditto boots
Horsehair petticoat (crinoline)
Ladies' improvers
Embroidery
Silk and velvet bonnets
Feathers, all colours
Marabouts

Madame ERNEST BUDIN, late Victor Protois, has just received her expected supply of French Stays, which she receives regular every three months, from the best stay warehouse in Paris she will therefore be enabled to supply any ladies who may kindly give their orders. One thousand pairs of stays always on hand. Country orders executed by merely sending the size of waist.

N.B.—Ladies' own materials made up.

Wedding and mourning orders executed on the shortest notice.

10787 491, George-street, 491.

ON SALE, at the Dublin House, 455, George-street—

Good butter, 2s. 4d. per lb.
Best Wollongong ditto, 2s. 8d.
Ditto cheese, 10½d. per lb.
Prime ling fish, 4d. per lb.

JOHN WOODS,
Grocer and General Importer,
10911 455, George-street.

ON SALE, at the Dublin House—

Best black tea, 1s. 3d. per lb.
Finest hysonskin ditto, 1s. 6d.
Mixed ditto, 1s. 4d.
Sugar, 3d., 3½d., 4d., 5d., 6d.
Travers and Sons' soluble chocolate, 2s. per lb.
Muscatel raisins, very superior, 1s. per lb.
Bottled ale, 13s. per dozen.
Ditto porter, 15s. per ditto

JOHN WOODS,
Grocer and Spirit Merchant,
10912 455, George-street.

AMERICAN FINE BISCUITS.

Just landed, ex Candace and Sea Breeze.

To Country Storekeepers, Confectioners, Masters of Vessels, Stewards of Steamers, Families, and parties proceeding to the diggings.

1500 TINS of Finest American Biscuits, comprising the following varieties:—

Soda biscuits
Plain water biscuits
Wine biscuits
Sugar biscuits, and
Butter biscuits

Hermetically closed, and warranted to keep good for years. *The only lot in the market.*

Alo, Carr's patent machine wine and sea biscuits, in 3 and 4 lb. tins.

For sale at

A. DAVY'S,
City Tea Mart,

Wholesale Grocer and Provision Merchant, 550 and 552 George-street, directly opposite the Bank of Australasia. 10906

FRESH LOBSTER.

Just landed, ex Sea Breeze.

1400 TINS Preserved Fresh Lobster, in one and two pound tins. *The only lot in the market.*

Also, dried apples, in barrels, in the finest preservation.

For sale at

A. DAVY'S,
City Tea Mart,

Wholesale Grocer and Provision Merchant, 550 and 552, George-street, opposite the Bank of Australasia. 10907

SALT BEEF.—For Sale, Prime Mess Beef, in tierces. Apply to H. BELL, 211, Pitt-street. 10722

NOW LANDING,

30 BARRELS new IRISH PORK
50 Firkins best pickled Cork Butter
26 Quarter-casks superior Sherry
4 Ditto ditto Port
60 Cases quarts Bridge's Porter
20 Ditto pints ditto
40 Casks Hibbert's Ale and Porter
50 Cases ditto pints and quarts, ditto
10 Half-tierces Barrett's Tobacco
50 Boxes Tin Plates, IC, IX, and IXX.

GEORGE THORNE AND CO.

June 25. 10780

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—

Peppermint
Lemon Syrup
Clove Cordial
White and Red Ginger Wine
Cherry Brandy
West India Rum Shrub
Brandy Bitters
Old Tom
Scotch and Irish Whiskey
Port and Sherry

LEGGATT AND MAYO.,
Manufacturers.

Gas-lane, Kent-street. 10864

FOR SALE, at Moore's Wharf, a lot of fine English Oats, just landed, ex Ann. 10795

FOR SALE, nine sets of Shaft and Leading Cart Harness, at £6 10s. the double set, at C. ADRAIN'S, Auctioneer, King-street. 10915

BENGALLA, HUNTER RIVER.

Preliminary Notice.

2560 ACRES of LAND, divided into 20 Farms, of 128 acres each, situated in the neighbourhood of Merton and Muswellbrook, and adjoining the magnificent estates of Captain Pike, Messrs. Cox, Osborne, Hall, M'Intyre, M'Dougall, &c., &c.

The attention of all classes of the community desirous of forming homesteads or effecting a lucrative investment, is earnestly directed to this sale, the terms of which will be most liberal.

25 per cent. cash, and the residue by bills at 6, 12, and 18 months, without interest. 10821

LAND FOR SALE

TO BE SOLD, at Kissing Point, Ryde, within a few minutes' walk of the Church, Three Acres of Land, well suited for an Orchard, contained in two paddocks securely fenced, part of the same now under cultivation, sown with Cape barley. There is a comfortable slab house erected on the ground, containing four rooms, two of them are brick chimneyed, and are of the dimensions 14 by 10, and 10 by 10 feet. The other two rooms are comprised in the skilling, and measure 14 by 6, and 10 by 6 feet.

There is a capital well of water on the ground, and a commonage attached.

The money required for the same is £175 but either all or part may remain in the purchaser's hands for five years upon an approved sale, bearing interest. Apply to

10750 Mr. W. MARTIN, Ryde.

THE undersigned is a purchaser of Gold Dust in any quantity, at 541, George and Jamison streets, adjoining Messrs. Thacker and Co.'s offices. THOMAS CARPENTER, Bullion Broker and Assayer. 10790

CONFIDENTIAL.—Respectable Persons requiring Loans on portable property can be accommodated by applying to W. G. MOORE, Licensed Pawnbroker, Labour Bazaar. Letters strictly attended to. 10863

MONEY. — The sums of £1000, £500, and £300, and several smaller sums, to be lent on Mortgage at £6 per cent. Apply to Mr. BILLYARD, Crown Law Offices, Macquarie-street North, Sydney 10763

LETTERS AND PARCEL now lying at the Office of the undersigned, to whose care they have been forwarded.

LETTERS—Captain Cuthbert
Captain W. D. Grey
Mr. James T. Allan
Mr. Thomas Allan
Mr. J. Wells
Mr. Paul
Miss Peglett
Miss J. Bloomfield
Mrs. Keilly

PARCEL—Mr. Ingle.

The parties addressed will please apply to GEORGE A. LLOYD AND CO., 474, George-street, Sydney. June 24. 10816

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

COMMUNICATIONS for the undersigned are requested to be directed to him at Lockwood, St. Mary's. JOHN LACKEY. 10737

THIS is to give notice, that I will not be responsible for any debts that my wife, Catharine Torrington, may incur, as she has left her home without any cause. EDWARD TORRINGTON. 1001

IF WILLIAM or RICHARD FILLUIL, of Otago, New Zealand, should be in this colony, they are requested to communicate with Mr. JOHN RIDLEY, who will inform them of something to their advantage. Office, corner of Gloucester-street, Church Hill. 10736

NOTICE.—If Henry Sheppey does not remove his furniture and wearing apparel by the 1st of July next, from Mr. John Kean's, Chippendale Hotel, Sydney, they will be sold to defray expenses. June 24. 10763

THE SINGLE FEMALE IMMIGRANTS PER SHIP MALVINA VIDAL

THE Unmarried Females by the above vessel, about 76 in number, can be hired on Monday next, the 27th instant, between the hours of one and four o'clock in the afternoon, at Hyde Park Barracks. Their several callings, and the number of each calling, are as follows, viz.,

General house servants	13
Kitchenmaids	6
Housemaids	15
Nursemaids	12
Farm servants	3
Laundresses	6
Cooks	6
Dairymaids	3
Needlewomen	10
Dressmaker	1
Parlourmaid	1
	76

N.B.—In order to prevent inconvenience, the usual orders for admission into the hiring room of the institution must be procured during office hours, on or before Saturday, the 25th instant

Persons not known at the Immigration Department, applying for female servants, will be required to produce letters of introduction from a clergyman or magistrate.

Immigration Office, Sydney, June 23.

TO PUBLICANS.—Wanted to purchase, a Publican's General License. D. EGAN AND CO., Wine and Spirit Merchants, George-street, opposite the Market. 10872

WANTED, a Homestead, in the county of Cumberland. An estate situate near the Western Road would be preferred. Apply, with particulars, to Mr. RATTRAY, Bathurst-street, Sydney. 10843

WANTED, to purchase or rent, a House or Cottage, furnished or unfurnished, in a respectable part of the city or suburbs; if with stable, yard, and water laid on, preferred. No objection to a few acres of land. Apply S. T., *Herald* Office, or to W. B. HAIGH, Commission Agent and House Factor, 481, George-street, adjoining Old Bank of New South Wales. June 24. 10791

WANTED, by a young married couple, a sitting room and bed-room (either furnished or unfurnished,) with attendance of a servant and use of kitchen, in a house occupied by a respectable family. References can be given, if required. Woolloomooloo or its vicinity preferred. Apply by letter to B. B., *Herald* Office. 10783

WANTED, a partner in a respectable Hotel. Any person having at command £400 can address D., to the care of Mr. Johnson, General Agency Office, Castlereagh-street North. 10787

WANTED, a thoroughly qualified person to undertake the editorial management of a journal in the country. Apply by letter, enclosing testimonials, to H. E. N., *Herald* Office. 10856

WANTED, a Daily Governess, to impart a thorough English education, with French and music. Apply to Mrs. DEAS THOMSON, Barham, between the hours of 10 and 12 A.M. 10884

WANTED, a person to teach Arithmetic, in a Ladies' School. For particulars apply to KERN and MADER, 7, Hunter-street. 10773

TO CHEMISTS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted immediately, an experienced Assistant. Apply to Mr. LARMER, late Ryan, 341, George-street, Sydney. 10789

TO BUTCHERS.—Wanted, a Shopman. Apply to EDWARD RAPER, George-street South. 10891

WANTED, in a family residing 3 miles from Sydney, a Governess, well qualified to teach music, &c. Further particulars may be learnt on application to J. G. WHITE, Esq. at Mr. Mort's Auction Rooms. 10766

WANTED, an experienced Governess, well qualified to instruct in all the usual branches of education. Apply at No. 187, Elizabeth-street North, near King-street. 10783

TO BRICKMAKERS.—Wanted, an experienced good workman in the above line, to whom the highest rate of wages will be given. Apply to M. DOYLE, Campbell-street. 10780

WANTED, a good Hammerman. Apply to JOHN MURPHY, Blacksmith, Albion Wharf, foot of Market-street. 10878

WANTED, by the Rev. J. W. R. HILLYAR Brassness Hall, Cook's River, a respectable, middle-aged woman, without incumbrance, competent to assist in house keeping, to take charge of young gentlemen's clothes, and willing to make herself useful in any domestic duties not menial. Apply on Monday, the 27th instant, at Mrs. UNWIN'S, Ryan's-buildings, Dowling-street, Surry Hills 10768

WANTED, a respectable Married Couple, without incumbrance, as Cook and General House Servants; no one need apply who cannot produce satisfactory testimonials as to character. Apply to S., at the Office of the *Sydney Morning Herald*. 10735

WANTED, a Female as Cook. Apply to EDWARD SAMUELL, Pitt and King streets. 10857

WANTED, a Man Cook,—a steady sober man that well understands his business; also, a waiter. Apply at RUSSEL'S HOTEL, 352, Pitt-street, Sydney. 10875

WANTED, a Coachman. Apply to Mr. EDWIN TOOTH, Kent Brewery. 10805

WANTED, a Kitchen Gardener. Apply to Mr. JOSEPHSON, 187, Elizabeth street. 10784

WANTED, two Farm Labourers, to proceed to the interior. Apply to CAMPBELL AND CO., Campbell's Wharf. 25th June, 1853. 10818

TUITION.—A gentleman, who speaks French fluently, has still a few hours disengaged in the afternoon and evening to attend families and schools for the purpose of instructing in the usual branches of a sound education, short hand, and merchants' accounts. Address to R. C., care of Sands and Kenny, Stationers, George-street. 10755

TO TRADESMEN and OTHERS.—A gentleman of good business experience wishes to devote a few hours a day to keeping books, making up accounts, attending to correspondence, &c. Unexceptionable reference. Address "COMMERCE," *Herald* Office. 10758

WANTED, by a person of twenty years' experience in the colonies, who thoroughly understands the management of stock and agricultural pursuits, a situation as Manager. The highest testimonials can be given, if required. Address to H. M., to the care of William Wright, Esq., Fort-street, Sydney. 10869

WANTED, by three Young Men, lately from England, two for any active employment, the other as House Painter, Glazier, or Paper-hanger. Address W. STOCKER. W. M'Culloch's, Grocer, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo 10781

WANTED, by a respectable man, 40 years of age, a situation as Steward or Overseer of a Station. Has a good knowledge of stock of every description; a good accountant. He would also take the management of tillage land to any extent. Address T. C. R., *Herald* Office. 10786

TO DRAPERS and others.—A respectable and educated youth, between 14 and 15 years of age, requires a situation where he can board and lodge in the house. He has some knowledge of the general drapery business. Apply to Mr. W. SHEPHERD, 284, Pitt-street, Sydney. 10772

WANTED, by a young man, from Scotland, a situation in a Store: is well acquainted with spirit trade, &c. Address S. Y., *Herald* Office. 10770

TO BREEDERS OF STOCK. — A young man of respectability, well acquainted with the rearing of thoroughbred Horses, as well as a knowledge of Stock, is desirous of procuring a situation in the country, where his services may be available. The highest references can be given. Apply by letter to T. H., *Herald* Office. 10765

WANTED, by a respectable Widow Woman, a situation as Housekeeper or General Servant to a single Gentleman. The highest reference can be given. Apply, by letter, to T. J. L. L. 10798

WANTED, by a respectable married couple, without incumbrance, situations—the man as Cook, or Cook and Waiter, and the woman as Housemaid or Laundress. Letters addressed P. M., *Herald* Office, will be immediately attended to. 10767

£1 REWARD.—Strayed from Longbottom, about 28th May:—A Bay Filly, branded JR on near shoulder, black points, white star on forehead. Any person bringing him to JOHN REDDAN, Longbottom, will receive the above reward. 10751

£5 REWARD.—Stolen or strayed from the yard of Mr. Henry Knight, of Newtown, last night, a bay Horse, about 15 hands high, branded JR on the near shoulder, a wound on the near fore leg, and scar on the hind leg. If strayed, any person bringing him to me will receive £1 reward; or if stolen, any person who will give information of the offender, upon conviction will receive a reward of £5. HENRY KNIGHT. Newtown, June 24. 10785

STOLEN or STRAYED, from the Paddocks of the undersigned, Mudgee; Bay Horse, short switch tail, white on face, one hind foot white, branded GX on near back, 4 on off shoulder. A reward of five (£5) pounds, if stolen, on conviction of the offender; and two (£2) pounds, if strayed. ARCH. BELL COX. Winburne, June 23. 1 740

LOST or Stolen, from the run Ultimo, a Bay Horse, about 14 hands, aged eight years, black points, star in forehead, snip on nose, brand AP between the shoulder and saddle, long tail, and in good condition. One pound reward if strayed, and five pounds if stolen, on conviction. WM. COSTELLO, Parramatta-street. 10751

LOST, on Thursday Evening, between the toll-bar and the Liverpool Road, a large bundle containing wearing apparel, &c. Any person bringing it to Mr. Philip Keating, Ashfield, Liverpool Road, will be rewarded for their trouble. 10761

IMPORTANT.—2 or 3 persons (married or single) of undoubted respectability, may hear of very superior Board and Residence by applying to Mr. F. H. STAMMERS, 3, Short-street, Surry Hills. 10782

TO LET, [illegible] Spacious Stores, in Sydney, [illegible] the Bank of New South Wales. Apply to Mr. ERNEST BUDIN, 491, George-street, 4[illegible]. 10783

TO LET, to a married couple, without encumbrance (and who will live privately) a furnished bed room, with use of kitchen and parlour, also furnished; situated in the best part of Sydney. For further particulars apply to Mr. HENRY WOOLLEY, 419, George-street. 10754

MR. HENRY FERRIS, Merchant and Commission Agent, 291, Pitt-street, Sydney. 5465

GREAT NOVELTY!

JUST RECEIVED, per Hellespont, a few STERESCOPES, with complete sets of pictures. An inspection of which will satisfy every one that these instruments are the greatest novelty that has yet reached the colony.

The Sterescope produces the most beautiful and interesting of optical illusions. It is elegant and portable; and would be an ornament on a drawing-room table. These instruments are of very recent invention, and are now all the rage in London. Can be obtained of

WILLIAM KING.

10514 George-street, near the *Herald* Office.

MIND YOUR OWN BUSINESS!

WHOEVER wishes to attend punctually to their own affairs, should not be without one of SAMUEL DAVIS AND CO.'S superior Watches, which for accuracy of time, durability, quality, and neatness, can not be equalled in Sydney.

Those of the horizontal construction embrace all the newest principles, and are sold in silver cases at.. .... £3 15s.

And in solid gold engraved, and engine-turned cases .... £6 15s.

Patent lever watches of an excellent construction, made expressly for hard riding, well adapted for bushmen, or in fact any person desirous of obtaining a good serviceable watch that may be depended on as a good time keeper, in silver cases ...... £4 4s.

A warranty in writing given with each watch for two years, during which time it will be kept in repair free of charge (accidents excepted.)

Country orders accompanied by remittances immediately attended to, and a written warranty sent with each watch to all parts of the colony.

Copy the address carefully—

SAMUEL DAVIS AND CO.,
494, George-street,
2 doors south of Hunter street.

N.B. A magnificent selection of genuine gold Jewellery now open. 8642

DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE, CITY THEATRE, MARKET-STREET.

MESSRS. PETER and WILLIAM DEAN, the Proprietors of the above FURNISHING ESTALISHMENT, have great pleasure in informing the public Sydney, and its vicinity, that they have now opened their

NEW SHOW ROOMS,

replete with a splendid stock of useful and elegant Furniture, which will be found on inspection far superior to most Furniture offered for sale in this market, and at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

IN COLONIAL FURNITURE,

every care and attention will be devoted to give novelty of design, elegance in style, and durability in the manufacture; for this purpose the best artizans in the colony have been engaged, and arrangements have been entered into with the best London and Parisian Houses for the transmission of the latest designs.

ENGLISH FURNITURE.

Messrs. P. and W. DEAN are in receipt monthly of consignments of every description of English Furniture, which are manufactured for them to their own order by the best houses in the home market. Unlike a great deal of the furniture which is offered here as English, this will be found to be equal in strength to any colonial made article; and Messrs. P. & W. D. would beg to state that it is their intention, in importing Furniture, to order nothing but a genuine article with which they can give a guarantee for durability.

It is unnecessaray to say more than that Messrs. P & W. D. will be able to offer English Furniture at prices less than any other house in the trade, from the fact of importing their goods direct from the manufacturer's hands.

THE BEDDING DEPARTMENT

is replete with Bedsteads of every description and size — Blankets, Sheets, Counterpanes, Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, Pillow Slips, &c.

Parties purchasing their bedsteads here will have the advantage, without further trouble, of obtaining every requisite connected with the same at moderate prices.

A splendid assortment of Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, Table Cloths, &c., always on hand.

MESSRS. PETER AND WILLIAM DEAN invite all parties to an inspection of their SPLENDID SHOW ROOMS, being the largest and most elegant Furnishing Warehouse in New South Wales.

Messrs. P. and W. DEAN,
Cabinet Makers and Upholsterers,
City Theatre, Market-street,
Importers of Cabinet Furniture, &c.
10107

Ex Royal Exchange, Duke of Wellington, and Sara Johanna.

CHRISTY'S HATS.

BY the above ships the undersigned has just received and opened 50 cases of Christy's superfine black Paris hats, drab, beaver, and shell hats, broad and narrow brims. The above will be sold at the lowest possible prices, to make room for next arrivals, shortly expected.

J. LUBLIN,
London Hat Warehouse,
8943 Corner of George and Hunter streets.

J. LUBLIN has just opened 5 cases of children's black fancy hats; also, children's drab fancy felt hats, beautifully trimmed with silk velvet, feathers, &c., &c.; also, a large supply of men's, boys', and children's caps, of the very best description and newest designs.

London Hat Warehouse,
8942 Corner of George and Hunter streets.

LADIES' RIDING HATS.

J. LUBLIN has just opened a splendid assortment of Ladies' Riding Hats, the latest London fashion; with an assortment of Gents' best Silk Umbrellas, Gold and Silver Lace Staff, Peek's Gold Navy Crowns, &c., &c.

LONDON HAT WAREHOUSE,
8941 Corner of George and Hunter streets

PARTIES requiring PLANTS or TREES, for ornamenting their grounds improving their orchards or gardens, or transmitting to friends in other parts of the world, will, by applying at the nursery of the undersigned, have the advantage of selecting from a choice and extensive collection, indigenous and exotic. Packing in the most approved modes, and moderate charges.

T. W. SHEPHERD,
6767 Darling Nursery, Sydney.

CONIFERS AND TAXADS.

THE undersigned begs to call attention to his unique collection of the Pine and Yew tribes, amongst which are the following—

Cunninghamia, Cryptomeria, Leichhardtia, Butassa—3 species, Araucaria—3 species, Callitris—5 species. Pines—9 species, Junipers—9 species, Cypress—9 species, Cedars of Lebanon and Deodar, Taxodium—3 species, Podocarpus—5 species, Caryotaxus, &c.

T. W. SHEPHERD,
6766 Darling Nursery, Sydney.

B. MOUNTCASTLE, Manufacturer and Importer, begs to call attention to his large stock of Hats, just landed, consisting of every variety of shape and quality.

B. M. has just opened fifteen cases of gentlemen's and boys' silk velvet and cloth Caps, of a description superior to any ever imported in the colony.

Also, a most beautiful assortment of children's fancy trimmed, black, brown, and drab felt hats.

Ladies' felt riding hats
French merino hats
French spring ditto
Batemans, Kossuths, Californias, coasters, and sou'westers.

Every description of hats and caps made to order.

Australian Hat Warehouse,
487, George-street, and 77, Market-street.
9961

SOUTHERN HOUSE,
244, George-street South,
Wholesale and Retail Drapery Warehouse.

T. COOK AND COMPANY, in making their grateful acknowledgments for the immensely increased patronage conferred upon their establishment, have great pleasure in informing their numerous patrons and the public generally, that they have just opened an extensive and Seasonable Assortment of Fashionable Goods, direct from the various manufactories, suitable for the ball-room, the boudoir, the cottage, the hut, and the tent, which will be offered at the

LOWEST SCALE OF PROFIT.

T. C. AND CO., wish to call more especial attention to a splendid stock of silks, satins, and satinettes, shawls, mantles, ribbons, and fancy goods, and in order that purchasers may avoid the inconvenient crowding of a small shop,

A LARGE SHOW ROOM,

entirely apart from the shop, has been appropriated to these goods, and T. C. and Co. beg to assure purchasers that whether viewed in regard to style, quality, or variety, these goods are unsurpassed by any house in Sydney, and with regard to price, they guarantee a saving of at least one or two guineas on every silk dress, and proportionately on other things.

SILKS

comprise glacé, stripes, checks, and brocades, the richest ever imported
Black satins
Black satinettes
Black glacé, wide
Black gros
Black crape
Satinettes, silver grey, and a splendid assortment of fashionable colours
White gros
White satin, very rich and all bright colours

MANTLES,

in rich black glace, moire, satin, tweed, cloth, &c, surpassing anything in Sydney. Wholesale buyers for Port Phillip may select a hundred or two of these without sensibly diminishing the stock, and at fully 25 or 30 per cent. under general Sydney prices.

SHAWLS AND SCARFS,

of cachmere, China, Vienna, Paris, Paisley, tissue, &c., &c., exhibiting an elegant combination of tasteful novelties, with the most luxurious softness of fabric.

FANCY GOODS.

Magnificent bridal wreaths
Ditto coloured ditto, and head dresses
10 Cartoons French flowers
500 Roles rich glacé and brocaded bonnet ribbons, from 8½d. per yard
300 Yards of the richest brocaded ribbons ever manufactured
400 rolls of gauze, ditto from 1d. a yard, and a large proportion of very rich goods
Gloves of all sorts
1260 habit shirts, chemisettes, and collars, exhibiting some of the most exquisite specimens of needlework ever imported, mourning collars, linen ditto
12280 yards muslin insertion and scolloping
White and black lace falls, very rich blue and green gossamer
Lawn handkerchiefs, from 4½d. each
Ditto hemstitched and lace borders, and a few of the exhibition boxes
Woollen cuffs and sleeves
Horsehair skirts
Tarlatan, all colours
Muslin sleeves
Laces and edging
Blonds
Coloured silk fringes
Tuscan trimmings
Widows caps
EAU DE COLOGNE and LAVENDER WATER &c. &c. &c.
Mosaic and jet armlets
Velvet and chenille bracelets
Velvet and chenille neckties
Rich silk ditto
Portmonnais, purses, &c.

DRESSES.

The stock of dresses, both in extent and variety, far surpasses anything hitherto offered by them, and probably exceeds anything at present to be seen in Sydney, viz.:—

1030 rich dark (cachmere pattern) de laine dresses, 11½ yards, of the most elegant designs and colours, at 8s. 9d. and 10s. 3d.
1640 rich cachmere dresses, of the most superb shawl and other patterns, from 10s. 6d. to 16s. 6d.
1340 embroidered tweed, merino, and alpaca robes. These are all entirely new, in fact the novelties of the *seasons*, selected from the best designs in London and Paris, by a person of excellent taste, expressly for this house. A great number of them are also registered designs—prices from 13s. 6d. upwards to 25s.
380 pieces gala plaids of very superior quality and novel designs—German manufacture
500 pieces orleans and coburg cloth of all the newest shades, from 8½-yard, 8½d. a yard—including scarlet, and scarlet with black spots
180 pieces real French merino, in white, sky, and all new and bright clours, the best quality made, only 4s. 9d. a yard

PRINTS.

The stock of these is unusually large and well selected. Wholesale buyers can be supplied with a hundred pieces at a price such as no other house can offer

CALICO.

As usual—no advance

STAYS.

A very extensive stock, full 30 per cent. cheaper than usually sold in Sydney.
50 Dozen white satteen stays, from 2s. to 17s. 6d. a pair—the latter being superior to any stays made to order in the colony
50 Dozen French coutille, from 5s. 6d. to 12s. 6d.
20 Dozen grey and drab coutille, from 5s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.
Girls' and maids' stays, and infants' stay bands

HOSIERY.

Women's white and black cotton and fine lisle thread, white merino, black worsted cachmere, &c.
Men's stout grey lambswool hose and half-hose Scarlet, blue, blue stripe, red stripe, spotted, and white guernseys, jerseys, &c, and very heavy blue serge shirts

INFANTS'

Braided cloaks and hoods, white long robes, frock bodies and caps
Rough dressed hollands

GENTLEMEN'S

Washed white and regatta shirts, &c,
White and red China handkerchiefs, black and coloured neckhandkerchiefs, &c.
White lawn handkerchiefs
Very rich white and coloured brocaded silk neck and pocket handkerchiefs

BLANKETS.

The largest, the best, and the cheapest stock of blankets in the colony: these are precisely the same goods as those that created such a sensation last year, shipped directly to themselves from the same manufactory, not having passed through any other house in Sydney, they are not inflicted with the dreadful advance at present obtaining on this class of goods: price the same as last year, with the exception of the home advance, and the extra charge for freight, in all not exceeding five per cent. on the best qualities.

100 pairs, at 8s. 9d.
100 ditto, at 10s. 6d.
109 ditto, at 12s. 6d. to 13s.
100 ditto, at 16s.
100 ditto, at 18s. 6d.
100 ditto, at 22s. 6d.
100 ditto, at 25s. to 27s. 6d.
100 ditto, at 32s. 6d. to 40s.

FLANNELS.

Several bales of real Welch and very fine Saxony flannels have recently been opened, and are selling at the old price.

COUNTERPANES AND QUILTS.

Just opened 10 bales of Henry Mencella quilts, all sizes; these are the best, and, we believe the only lot of these goods at present in the market.

11 x 4, 17s. 6d.; 12 x 4, 22s. 6d.; 13 x 4 27s. 6d.; 14, 32s. 6d.
10 x 4 white counterpanes, 8s. 6d.
12 x 4, ditto 12s. 6d.

WOOLLEN POLKAS.

10 cases just opened—every size and shape.

MILLINERS

Can have bonnet shapes, crowns, and cane, in any quantity.

PARASOLS.

Several cases of brown silk, satin, and watered moire, have lately been opened, commencing at 2s. 9d. each

CORDED SKIRTS.
CRINOLINES.

Several cases of the above just opened, all sorts wholesale and retail.

WATERED MOREENS.

Three cases, 102 pieces black, white, crimson, mazarine, drabs, sky blue.

PERFUMERY.

Three cases of the above by the package only.

T. COOK AND COMPANY,
Southern House,
Wholesale and Retail Drapery Warehouse,
244, George-street South, Sydney.
10162

FRENCH MERINOS, 3s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. per yard.

One case well assorted colours
Embroidered Spanish cardinals, satin hoods, £2 10s. each
Embroidered fashionable dresses, 12s. 6d.
Embroidered and robed coburgs
Rich printed twilled cachmere dresses, from 10s. 6d.
Barathea dresses, both sides alike, 6s. 9d. the dress
Kossuth damask dresses, 5s. 6d.
6-4 Gold printed cachmeres, new designs, for children
Various styles in delaines, from 5s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. the dress
A lot of dark elaines will be sold for 3s. 11d. the dress
Hundreds of dark print dresses, cheap
"Liddiard's" Prints, warranted fast colours, from 2s. 6d. the dress 9½ yards.

Most of these goods, having arrived late in the season, are marked at the above low prices in order to clear before the end of July.

M. HOLROYD,
Settlers' Warehouse, 141, George-street South.
9749

FASHIONABLE BONNETS.

Rich Silk Plush, Silk Velvet, Drawn Glacé Silk, and Satin Bonnets.

SEVERAL Cartoons of the above choice goods just landed, varying from 7s. 6d to 21s. each

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S Luton, Dunstable, and Tuscan Bonnets, newest shapes, plain and open edge

A choice lot of Flowers and Ribbons (now landing

Infants' and Boys' trimmed Felt Hats, various colours, from 4s. 6d. each.

M. HOLROYD,
Settlers' Warehouse, George-street South.
9750

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!!
BOOTS AND SHOES—BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. ILLIDGE beg to inform his customers and the public that, in consequence of certain alterations and improvements, he will be obliged to close his business for a time, and in order to save the expense and trouble of removing his Stock, he will *Sell Off* at greatly reduced prices.

Country Storekeepers, Port Phillip buyers, and others, will find this a most favourable opportunity of procuring their supplies at considerably less than *Auction Prices*.

Observe the address,

J. M. ILLIDGE,
369, George-street,
Four doors from Market-street.
Sydney, June 23. 10598

CROUCH'S WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT.

WHOLESALE buyers can be supplied from the stores of the undersigned, with any of the following articles, in quantities. Those enumerated form but a small part of his extensive stock.

Wax matches, in fancy paper and metal boxes—Chambers's best sewing needles, in tin boxes, assorted, and in fancy ditto, containing 1000 each—Dover knives—superior knives with instruments—table cutlery in dozens, and in sets of 50 pieces, in mahogany cases—carvers, with forks—brown Windsor soap in packets, at one shilling the pound—Lavender water—eau-de-Cologne—hair, nail, and tooth brushes—shaving boxes with glasses—puffs and puff boxes—gent's dressing cases—patent leather snake belts—tinder boxes—gutta percha soles—and riding whips.

A great variety of Jewellery, consisting of brooches, bracelets, pins for the hair, gilt and other finger rings, &c., &c., &c.—Dolls of every description.

An extensive assortment of toys, consisting of Boxes of toys in great variety, from 1s. 2d. the dozen—guns, pistols, bugles, mouth organs, tin gigs, animals, rattles, furniture, horses, racers, paint boxes, marbles, tops, balls, musical fruit, lark whistles, &c. &c.

China ornaments in great variety—common tumblers, 2s. 9d. the dozen—gig mats—smalltooth combs, rack, side, back, and pocket combs—pier looking glasses, in gilt frames best plate and common hanging ditto—pocket and round ditto, and looking glasses with slides—Chinese draught boards—iron candlesticks—cotton purses in great variety—stout cotton braces—dominoes—slates, round and common slate pencils—magnets, land compasses—market baskets—German accordeons, with 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 keys—necklaces and beads in variety—work boxes—ladies' companions—crochet reticules—crochet cases in variety—camp stools, from 3s. each—carpet and leather bags, &c. &c.

Cases of assorted toys and other goods made up on the shortest notice.

GEORGE JOHN CROUCH,
Importer and Manufacturer,
336, George-street,
10537 Opposite the Old Burial Ground.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES VICKERY AND CO. beg respectfully to inform the public that they are about to commence business as Boot and Shoe Manufacturers and Importers (Wholesale and Retail), and have taken one of those commodious new buildings, now nearly completed, opposite Wilshire's Tannery, George-street South, which they hope to open early in July, with a large and well assorted Stock of Boots, Shoes, Clogs, &c., &c.

In the mean time, orders will be received at the private residence of Mr. James Vickery, Bloomfield-street, Surry Hills, and executed without delay.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED.

June 22. 10548

500 PRIME YORK HAMS

Also

Pickled and red herrings, in barrels and half-barrels
Yarmouth bloaters, in tins
Fresh salmon, in tins of 1lb. and 2lb.
Anchovy and herring paste
Fry's soluble chocolate
Superior Edam cheese
Fresh Scotch oatmeal
Barcelona nuts
English candied peel
Batty's table salt (glass jars)
Jams, jellies, marmalade
Bottled fruits, sardines, &c.

For sale by

JOHN HUGHES,
368, George-street,
10294 Opposite the Market.

FANCY-BALL COSTUMES.
IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

THE subscribers beg to apprize Ladies of their having just opened several cases of very elegant Ball and Evening Dresses, comprising all the latest novelties, with an immense variety of Materials suitable for the approaching festivities.

N.B.—Feathers, Head Dresses, Flowers, Jewellery, Gold and Silver Fans, Fringes, Gimps, Cords, &c., &c. in great profusion.

9991 DAVID JONES AND CO.

TO JEWELLERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

JAMES DIXSON, Working Jeweller, No. 4, Domain-terrace, has always on hand a large and varied assortment of Colonial Jewellery, of the very best quality, and at greatly reduced prices.

N.B.—Jewellery made to order; repairs neatly and promptly executed.

Note the address—No. 4, Domain-terrace.

EIGHT-DAY CLOCKS.

125 SUPERIOR Eight-day Clocks, at Two Pounds each.

RICHARD COWAN,
Down the archway, next Mr. Lamb's, jeweller, George-street, Sydney. 10304

CHINA PRESERVES.

165 CASES, each six jars, consisting of ginger, cumquat, and assorted preserves, at 34s. (thirty-four shillings) per case.

RICHARD COWAN,
Down the archway, next Mr. Lamb's, jeweller, George street, Sydney. 10305

ON SALE, by the undersigned—

Fine woollen cloths, blue, black, and invisible green
Doeskin, black and fancy
Blue pilots
Scarlet blankets
Scarlet flannel
Grey domestics, 26 to 39 inch
Cotton drills
White sheeting
White cambrics
Horrock's longcloth
Toile de Cambray
Crash diaper
Brown Forfar sheeting
Royal Irish linens
Rough holland
Ticks, apron checks, crossovers, &c.
Soft croydons
Canvas, Coker tarpaulins
Butterworth and Brook's fancy prints
Ditto navy blues
Ditto blue and white
Ditto blue and orange
Silk coloured damask
Black and coloured gros
Ditto ditto satin
Union damask, coloured
Scarlet and black printed orleans
Black and coloured lustres
Black coburgs
Alpaca lustres
Wool and cotton fancy plaids
Ditto fancy pantaloons
Chadwick's Eagley thread, assorted
White counterpanes
Coloured ditto
Woollen quilts
Diaper rugs
Lambswool, cotton, and worsted vests and pantaloons, white, scarlet, blue, &c.
Cotton and lambswool hose and socks, various
Scotch shawls and plaids
Habit shirts and chemisettes
Regatta shirts
Printed ditto
Striped cotton ditto
Super black cloth frock coats
Fancy doeskin shooting coats
Witney, gambroon, &c., &c., coats
Cloth, silk, satin, doeskin, &c., vests
Cloth and doeskin trousers, various colours
Oilskin clothing
Blue serge shirts
Scarlet serge shirts
Drab and brown felt hats
Fancy alpaca, &c., hats, caps, &c.
Boots and shoes, men's, women's, and children's
Ship chandlery, assorted

Plated tea services, candlesticks, cruet stands, &c.
Metal teapots
Pewter candle moulds
Ditto tankards and measures
Invoice of saddlery
Ditto perfumery
Ditto watches, by London and Liverpool makers

Cabin biscuits
English cheese
Ditto hams
Pickles, in pints and half pints
Bottled fruit
Mustard, currie powder, and capers
Shetland cod and ling fish
Herrings, in tins and firkins, red and white
Vinegar
Scotch oatmeal
Pearl barley
Liverpool soap
Mould candles

Woolpacks, 10 lbs. and 9½ lbs.
Chain cables, from ⅝ inch to 1⅛ inch
Anchors, from 4 cwt. to 12 cwt.
Nails, assorted
Chillian miners' crowbars
Vivian sheathing metal
Paints and varnishes
Brandy, in hogsheads
Scotch whiskey, in 1 dozen cases
Port, in 1 dozen and 3 dozen cases
Sherry, in quarter-casks
Ditto, in 1 dozen and 3 dozen cases
Duff Gordon and Co.'s sherry, in hogsheads and quarter casks
Burmester's ditto, in quarter-casks and octaves
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases, very superior
Chateau La Tour claret, in 3 dozen cases
Ale and porter, in hogsheads and barrels
Pampanga sugar
Boydell's tobacco

CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
5446 Campbell's Wharf.

JOHN WALKER AND SON are now selling at their stores, York-street,

Excellent cheese, at 1s. per lb. by the single cheese, about 100 still on hand
Good sound maize, at 10s per bushel
Seed oats at 11s. 6d., or 11s. in quantities of 10 bushels
Lucerne and oaten hay
Straw and bran
A few barrels of oatmeal
About 1½ ton of biscuit

Orders executed and delivered without delay. 10588

ON SALE—
Wines, in wood and bottle
Port, ◊◊◊◊
Sherry, brown and pale
Madeira, fine old
Clarets, No. 1, 2, 3
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases
Hermitage, sparkling
Hock, sparkling and still
Brandy, Martell's, dark and pale, in hogsheads and 1 dozen cases
Rum, W. I.
Gin, in cases.

BOWER AND HOWELL,
9154 Macquarie-place, Circular Quay.

BISCUIT.

JUST RECEIVED, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned—Ten tons of excellent English Biscuit, packed in sound water-tight casks, (about 4 to the ton). This Biscuit is of excellent quality, and in convenient packages for the diggings or shipment.

JOHN ARKINS.
423, George-street, within two doors of Dean's Auction Mart. 9790

ON SALE, by the undersigned—

Europe rope, from 1 to 7 inch
Canvas
Tents, 12 by 10 feet
Ditto, 10 by 8 feet
Tarpaulins, 18 by 22 feet
Ditto, 16 by 20 feet

WENHAM AND NEAL, Sailmakers, Macquarie-place. 7618

SOUTH SEA ISLAND ARROWROOT.

THE undersigned have just received a very superior article in the above, in various size packages. GEORGE CHISHOLM AND CO., 263, Pitt-street. 378

TALLOW OIL. — The undersigned begs to say to his numerous friends and customers, and the public, that he is now prepared to supply the very best quality of Tallow Oil, in any quantity, at 4s. per gallon, superior to sperm, for machinery, lamps, or any other purposes. JOHN MELLY. Parramatta-street, Sydney, June 1. 7575

BROOKS' ROYAL PATENT AND GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE THREAD.

THE undersigned, Agents for Messrs. Jonas Brook and Brothers, of Meltham Mills, have always a supply of their three and six cord Royal Patent and Great Exhibition Prize Thread for sale. J. T. ARMITAGE and CO., King-street. 8122

FRENCH AND ENGLISH WAREHOUSE.

J. F. LONCHAMP, deeply grateful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his commencement in business, begs again to notify his removal to the shop next door to the Theatre, where, in consequence of larger premises, he has been enabled to make great additions to every branch of the General Linen and Woollen Drapery business, and begs to submit a detailed list of Goods now on hand—

Coburgs and French twills, all colours
French merinos (own importation)
Alpacas
Delaine and cachmere dresses, a large lot, quite new
Balzorine and muslin ditto, a great variety
Embroidered muslin ditto
Shawls, in cachmere, woollen, and silk
Silks, fancy stripes, glacés, &c.
A most splendid article just received in moire antiques, and the richest quality in the colony
Flannels and blankets
White and coloured counterpanes
Irish linens and lawns
Book and jacconet muslins
Tarlatans, all colours
Shirting calicos, grey and white
Wool polkas, all sizes

HOSIERY.

Men's wool hose
Ditto wool and merino half-hose
Ditto brown cotton hose and half-hose
Ditto wool and merino pants
Ditto ditto ditto shirts
Ladies' white cotton hose
Ditto ditto merino and wool ditto
Ditto ditto silk hose
Ditto black worsted and cotton hose
Children's socks, all sizes

GLOVES.

Gentlemen's real French kid gloves, dark colours
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, white and straw
Ditto Lisle thread, Berlin, and wool gloves
Ditto riding gloves, in doeskin, &c.
Ladies' French kid, all colours
Ditto woollen gloves and riding gloves

RIBBONS.

An elegant assortment of perfectly new goods, in bonnet ribbons, at all prices, cheap
Glacé and plain sarsnet, and satin ribbons, all shades

WOOLLEN DRAPERY AND SLOPS.

This being a new branch, particular attention is called to the stock now on hand, consisting of

Black doeskin, wool-dyed
Fancy mixtures, of a superior quality
Wool-dyed black broads
Brown, invisible, and blue ditto

The whole of which will be offered at the lowest price, with the usual allowance to the trade. The Ready-made Department is now largely supplied with a cheap and beautiful assortment of the following articles.

Oxonian coats
Bulwer and chesterfield overcoats
Blue pilot ditto
Drab and grey Witney ditto
Plush and fancy satin vests
Watered moire and fancy silk vests
Tweed and cloth vests
Black and fancy doeskin trousers
Tweed and cassimere ditto
Moleskin and cord ditto
Scotch twill and regatta shirts
White longcloth shirts, linen fronts, &c.
Real French dress ditto
Boys' white shirts
Blue serge ditto
Red and blue singlets
Fancy neck ties
Ditto neckerchiefs
Ditto pocket handkerchiefs

The order department is under the superintendence of a first rate cutter, and every attention bestowed on all favours. The fit will be guaranteed.

FANCY GOODS.

Ladies' fancy reticules
Silk purses
Bracelets and glove bands
Brooches and earrings
Perfumery and hair dye
Purse twist and ornaments
Berlin wool, all colours
Fancy dress buttons, quite new
Dress trimmings, in all colours
Ladies' French stays
Maids' and children's English stays
Ladies' fans
Worsted and silk braids
Girdles, tassels and cord
Black and white moreen
Drab and slate ditto
Crinolines
Worked habit shirts and chemisettes
Ditto sleeves, in lace and muslin
Ditto collars ditto
Ditto waistcoats and handkerchiefs
White and black lace, British and Foreign

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

This being under the sole management of Madame Lonchamp, whose experience of 15 years on the Continent of Europe gives a guarantee that all orders are executed in the first style, and according to the latest London and Parisian fashions.

Children's embroidered dresses.
Ditto fancy dresses, from 2s. 6d. each, all descriptions
Infants' embroidered hoods, all prices
Ladies' silk and satin bonnets
Flowers in wreaths, head dresses, &c.
Straw bonnets, clearing off very cheap
Children's hats
And every other article connected with the trade, too numerous to mention.

Observe the address—

J. F. LONCHAMP,
287, Pitt-street,
10705 Next door to the Theatre.

GREAT REDUCTION in the Prices of Boots and Shoes, at the Golden Boot, No. 545, George-street, Just landed and on sale—

Gent's patent wellington boots
Ditto cloth cossack ditto
Ditto calf wellington ditto
Ditto ditto short Wellington ditto
Ditto albert and cossack ditto
Ditto enamelled lacing and elastic front shoes
Ditto calf lacing and tie shoes
Youths' boots, shoes, and pumps
Ladies' elastic side cloth boots
Ditto lacing and buttoned ditto
Ditto lasting and cachmere ditto
Ditto French cachmere tie shoes
Ditto patent and Spanish ditto
Ditto white and black satin
Ditto black and bronze kid
Ladies' and gents' carpet slippers
Girls' cloth goloshed double-soled boots
Ditto patent and Spanish shoes
Children's boots and shoes of every description
A large assortment of men's strong hobnailed boots
Women's strong leather boots

All sorts of colonial-made boots and shoes on sale, and made to order on the shortest notice, at the GOLDEN BOOT, 545, George-street, wholesale and retail.

Shipping supplied, and country orders punctually attended to.

10649 ALEX. BREMNER.

NOTICE TO WHEELWRIGHTS AND BLACKSMITHS.

400 FORGED CART ARMS, arrived this day per Anna Mary. Orders will be received, duly entered by the undersigned, and delivered in rotation as soon as landed. They consist of

20 pairs 2 inch
40 ditto 2¼ ditto
40 ditto 2½ ditto
40 ditto 2¾ ditto
42 ditto 3 ditto
12 ditto 3¼ ditto
6 ditto 3½ ditto

The superiority of these blocks over every other kind imported is too well known to require any comment.

They will be delivered as they are booked, so that those wheelwrights who are anxious to increase their trade and give satisfaction to their customers should lose no time in forwarding their orders, stating how many pairs of each size they wish reserved.

IREDALE AND CO.,
Iron Merchants and General Ironmongers,
Established 1820. 10624

WATCHES AND JEWELLERY OF SUPERIOR LONDON MANUFACTURE.

575, George-street.

T. DAWSON begs to inform the inhabitants of Sydney that he has just received a large import of superior London-made Watches and Jewellery from some of the most approved manufacturers, which he can confidently recommend, and flatters himself that they are far superior to anything of the kind ever imported into the colony. 9905

FLOOR CLOTHS AND CARPETING.

A. LENEHAN has just received, ex Patrician and Calloe, a choice selection of Floor Cloths, Velvet Pile, Tapestry, Brussels and Kidderminster Carpeting, with Hearth Rugs to match.

Also,

Richly-gilt Pier and Chimney Glasses, Toilet Glasses, &c.

Cabinet and Upholstery Warerooms, 287, Castlereagh-street. 5725

MAYOR'S BALL.

CLARKE AND ELLIS have now open for inspection a very elegant assortment of fancy ornaments, admirably suited for Ladies who purpose attending the coming Mayor's Ball.

The articles consist of BOUQUET BROOCHES and HOLDERS, ARMLETS, NECKLETTES; BROOCHES of every variety and pattern. A magnificent set of SIDE COMBS and EARDROPS, with real Pearl Sprig attached; also a most superb DIAMOND BROOCH, with seventy-one Brilliants of considerable size; and many other articles that are beautiful in the extreme, and must be seen to be appreciated.

C. and E. solicit an early call at their establishment, being assured that most of the above things will be in quick demand. The stock is now replete with every kind of Jewellery chosen especially to meet the requirements of the present time with regard to CHEAPNESS as far as is compatable with QUALITY.

A very choice assortment of MUSICAL BOXES, the tunes of which are the most popular airs of the day; also FLUTINAS of the best description.

C. and E. have always on hand a selection of Jewellery of their own manufacturing. The operative part of their business, being under their own direction, is executed in the best possible way.

380, GEORGE STREET,
Nearly opposite Royal Hotel. 10387

IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON BEDSTEADS.

Ex Zeepaard.

E. JOHNSON'S Stock of the above recently imported direct from the celebrated makers, Peylon and Harlow, is allowed by all who have inspected it to be the best assorted in the colony, and, from its superior make and finish, fully 25 per cent. cheaper than those inferior qualities so extensively received by late arrivals from minor houses of Scotland and elsewhere.

E. J. begs an inspection by the married ladies of the elegant and chaste patterns of children's cots, which comprise the swing cot, 30 x 19, and the half tester and full tent, 4 feet 6 inches x 2 feet 6 inches.

Iron Rocking Chairs, superbly finished, and fitted with morocco and damask cushions.

Brown's Patent Suspension Chairs, answering the purpose of an easy arm-chair and couch. No digger should be without one.

Parties furnishing can be supplied at a short notice with the undermentioned articles of Bedding, viz.—

Mattresses, Bolsters, and Pillows, warranted genuine English curled hair
Flax Mattresses, Bolsters, &c.
Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows

Note the address—

E. JOHNSON,
Importer of Iron Bedsteads and Bedding Warehouseman, 169, Pitt-street South, nearly opposite the Congregational Church.

N.B.—Captains and Country Stores supplied at wholesale prices.

Old Mattresses remade. 934

TO GENTLEMEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES!!!

J. F. LONCHAMP has now ready for sale a very large and decidedly cheap Lot of the above Articles.

Gentlemen's patent dress wellingtons
Ditto patent dress short ditto
Ditto patent dress oxonians and shoes
Ditto strong wellingtons, double soles
Ditto strong short wellingtons
Ditto strong buttoned kid shoes
Ditto strong bluchers
Ditto strong oxonian shoes
Ditto light walking pumps
Youths' bluchers
Ditto oxonians
Children's walking boots

The above are a very superior class of goods, and can be confidently recommended, being from the first manufacturers in England. A liberal allowance to the trade.

J. F. LONCHAMP, 287, Pitt-street,
9917 Next door to the Victoria Theatre

99, KING-STREET,
(Between Pitt and George streets.)

ELLIS AND HART feel grateful to the Sydney public, also their friends the storekeepers of the various towns in the colony, for their kind patronage since opening their *New Clothing, Outfitting*, and *Tent Establishment* as above, and trust to receive a continuance of their favours. E. and H., having made large purchases of seasonable goods, solicit an inspection of the following leading articles, which will be found the cheapest and best goods to be met with in the colony.

Gutta percha clothing in coats, leggings, helmets
Superior fine cloth paletots
Ditto drab driving (strapped) over coats
Ditto bearskin or Balmoral ditto ditto
Grey and brown Witney Bulwer ditto ditto
Blue pilot ditto ditto
Cloth Chesterfield ditto ditto
Boys and youths' pilot and beaver ditto ditto
American pea ditto ditto
Warm pilot (wrapper) ditto ditto
Elegant velvet and satin vests
Black cloth double and single breasted ditto
Tollinet and tweed ditto
Moire antique ditto
Black satin ditto
American fancy and black pants
Superior ditto ditto trousers
Worsted cord ditto
Pilot cloth ditto
Millers' drab and moleskin ditto
California and cabbagetree hats
Cloth navy caps
Superior red, blue, and white blankets
Ditto hosiery of every description
Elegant silk pocket and neckerchiefs
Boys and youths' clothing (various)
White and regatta (dressed) shirts
Mourning suits always on hand
Clothing made to order in the first style.

E. and H. particularly invite the attention of parties proceeding to the diggings to their stock of tents, having paid great attention to the manufacture of the same, *will warrant them waterproof*, and can be had *in any size*. Observe the address—

ELLIS AND HART,
Tailors, Drapers, Clothiers, and Tent Manufacturers, 99, King-street, between Pitt and George streets.) *Same side as Hill's Furniture Warehouse*. 7314

ON SALE, at the Waterloo Warehouse, 375, George-street.

Booth's gin, 1 and 3 dozen cases
Campbelltown whiskey, 1 and 2 dozen cases
Pale brandy, 1 dozen cases
Port and sherry, 1 dozen cases
Golden sherry, 3 dozen cases
Champagne, 1 dozen cases
Half cases gin, 2 gallons
Ale and porter, 3 dozen casks
Martell's brandy, in hogsheads
West India rum, 10 to 40 O.P.
Barrett's twist tobacco
Elemé raisins, in half cwt. boxes
Hoop iron, white lead
Europe rope, black paint
Empty rum puncheons
Plaster of Paris
Tumblers in casks, 50 dozen each
Scarlet, blue, and striped worsted frocks
An invoice of assorted oilmen's stores
New Zealand wool lashing

8847 DANIEL COOPER, JUN.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN WHEAT,
The Cargo of the Heather Bell.—

2000 BAGS finest Seed Wheat, for sale. Samples on view at 480, George-street.

HENRY FISHER.
June 22. 10409

LINCOLN A1 Ale, and XXXX Stout Rutgard's October brewing, 1852, brewed expressly for these colonies. Equal to the best brands imported. WILLIS, MERRY, AND Co. 4102

CIGARS.—On sale at the Stores of the undersigned—

Manila Cigars, No. 2
Ditto ditto, No. 3.

SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
10509 Sussex-street.

8 DAY and Thirty Hour American striking Clocks, entirely new designs SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, opposite Fruit Market, York-street. 8171

OIL CLOTH! OIL CLOTH! OIL CLOTH.

JUST landed, and to be seen at John Hill, Jun., and Son's, a large supply of Oil Cloth of different patterns, equal to any that has ever been imported to this colony.

J. H. and Son wish to call the attention of their customers and the public in general that they can be supplied cheaper than any house in town.

JOHN HILL, JUN., AND SON,
107, King-street.
The old established Oil Cloth Warehouse.

FOR SALE,

100 CASES fine pale Brandy
100 Ditto dark
400 (JDKZ and key brand) gin
50 Hogsheads Martell's and Hennessy's brandy

Also

Sandeman's old port, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarter-casks
Burmester's and Duff Gordon's sherry
Marsala, in quarter-casks
Champagne, claret, port, sherry, in 1 and 2 dozen packages
Manila cigars, 2s and 3s in quarter boxes
Half-barrels fine biscuit.

10633 BEAMES AND KEELE.

OILMEN'S STORE!!!!

R. COWAN has for sale as under—

300 Cases, each 4 dozen, pint pickles, at 11s. (eleven shillings) per dozen, by the case
100 Cases quart pickles, at 17s. 6d. (seventeen shillings and sixpence) per dozen, by the case
250 Cases ½ lb. mustards, each 6 dozen, at 7s. 9d. (seven shillings and ninepence) per dozen, by the case
50 Cases ½ pint sauces, assorted, at 7s. 6d. (seven shillings and sixpence) per dozen, by the case
250 Cases ½ pint salad oil, each 4 dozen, at 9s. 3d. (nine shillings and threepence)
200 Cases small sardines, at 18s. (eighteen shillings) per dozen
250 Cases large sardines, at 26s. 6d. (twenty-six and sixpence) per dozen

Terms—nett cash.

RICHARD COWAN, Wholesale Stores,
(Down the Archway),
George-street, Sydney,
(Next Mr. Lamb's, Jeweller, &c,
June 24. 10731

ON SALE by the undersigned—

Norrie's superior Colonial Tobacco.

GEORGE D. CRAIG,
8872 Brodie and Craig's Wharf.

ABBOTT'S ROYAL DIAMOND AND E.I. PALE ALE.

THE undersigned have for sale Sixty Hogsheads of the above beautiful Ale.

8212 MACNAB, BROTHERS, and CO.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned—

Martell's brandy, pale and brown
W. I. Rum, 10 per cent. to 30 per cent., in puncheons and hogsheads
Geneva, JDKZ and key brand
Whiskey, Old Tom, &c.
Taylor's porter
Allsopp's ale
Bottled ale and porter, Marzetti's, 4 dozen casks
Sherry, port, madeira, in wood and bottle
Champagne, burgundy, claret, in 1 and 3 dozen cases, &c., &c.

MORT AND OPPENHEIM,
Wine and Spirit Merchants,
10500 Mort's Buildings, Pitt-street.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF WOOLLOOMOOLOO, Redfern, Chippendale, Surry Hills, &c., &c.

THE undersigned begs to inform his numerous customers in the above localities that from this date all orders received up to 3 o'clock will be delivered by his dray on the same day. Orders subsequently received will be delivered on the following afternoon.

E. W. LAYTON,
Wine and Spirit Merchant, 10, Bridge-street.
10296

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned, No. 423, George-street (within two doors of Dean's Auction Mart

Martell's brandy, best quality
B.P. rum, in puncheons, 33 to 36 O.P.
Ditto ditto hogsheads, 11 O.P.
Sandeman's port wine, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarters
Sherry in quantities
A large supply of bottled wines
Genuine Dublin whiskey
Pampanga and Zebu sugar
Congou, in chests and halves, ex Whampoa
A small lot of whiting

5082 JOHN ARKINS.

ON SALE by the undersigned—A fine lot of compressed oaten hay, fit for shipping purposes. JOHN A. MATHEWS. 10672

BISCUIT, BISCUIT, BISCUIT.

GEORGE WILKIE has this day reduced his prices of Biscuits, as follows:—

Best Cabin Biscuit, 30s. }
Best Pilot ditto, 24s. } per 112lbs.
Best Ship ditto, 20s. }

Fancy Biscuits, in tins, of sorts, equally low.

Steam Biscuit Manufactory, George-street, June 24. 10606

COALS. COALS.

FOR SALE.—Delivered on board of small vessels at Newcastle, cargoes of superior Coals, from 40 tons, upwards. Apply to WILLIAM FARTHING, Newcastle. 8842

COALS.

THE Subscriber, agent for the under-noted vessels, is prepared to deliver in Sydney, 500 tons best quality Burwood and Australian Agricultural Company's Coal, weekly, also Brown's superior Morpeth Steam Coal.

From the Burwood mines, by the Twins, Canmore, Alexander and John, Black Diamond, and Petrel.

From the Australian Agricultural Company's mines, by the Lavina, Sacramento, Frederick, and Warlock.

From Morpeth, Paterson Packet, and others.

Weight and quality warranted.

JAMES MALCOLM,
567, George-street.

N.B.—Several cargoes of very inferior coal having lately been sold as "Brown's," Morpeth, the public are hereby informed that no one in Sydney is authorised to sell the above coal but

4265 J. MALCOLM.

FEARNLEY'S STORES.

GRAIN, HAY, and PRODUCE of all kinds, sold at the very lowest price, from a large and fresh stock always on hand, and delivered free to all parts of Sydney. Wholesale and for Exportation.

FEARNLEY'S old-established STORES, 634 and 635, Lower George-street. 9431

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—The undersigned has removed from the Bank of Australia Buildings to No. 381, George-street, near Market-street, where the business will be carried on as before.
J. G. WALLER,
Wine and Spirit Merchant.
Sydney, June 4. 8074

THE undersigned are prepared to issue their Drafts on the following places:—
London
Liverpool
Paris
Brussels
Vienna
Hamburgh
Amsterdam
Antwerp
Frankfort
Bremen, &c., &c.
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, & CO.
Sydney, 8th March. 800

TO GOLD DIGGERS.
THE undersigned are now receiving Gold for consignment to their friends Antony Gibbs and Sons, London, for which they give a receipt here, and undertake to hand over within the shortest possible period, the nett proceeds of the same, less the Exchange of the day and *London charges only*. The time for Return of Advances will not in all probability exceed nine months.
CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
Campbell's Wharf, Sydney.
N.B.—Parties desiring to provide Passages for friends or relations in England by the Eagle Line of Packets from Liverpool, established by Messrs. Gibbs, Bright, and Co., will find this an advantageous mode of remitting.

THE undersigned are cash purchasers of Wool and Sheepskins. SWAIN WEBBS, AND CO., Circular Quay. 270

THE undersigned are purchasers o Wool, Tallow, Hides, and Sperm Oil, KIRCHNER AND CO. 570

TO Parties arriving from San Francisco.—Drafts on Rothschild, Baring, Brothers, or other London Houses, purchased at current rates by GEORGE A. LLOYD AND CO. Counting House, 474, George-reet. 8093

THE undersigned are purchasers of Gold Dust. KIRCHNER AND CO. 550

GOLD DUST.—The undersigned are purchasers.
YOUNG AND CO.,
8635 467, George-street.

FURNITURE BOUGHT.—Parties bringing over English furniture of the best description, and not able to find a suitable dwelling to make use of it, will find a purchaser at the most liberal prices, if really good. HENRY WOOLLEY, 419, George-street (late of Bond-street, London. 360

TO EMIGRANTS and OTHERS.—A fair and honest cash price given for guns, pistols, watches, tools, clothing, linen, bedding, furniture, and miscellaneous property of every description, by JOHN SMITH, 229, Pitt-street. Established January, 1840. Goods carefully stored if preferred. 4489

NOTICE.—We, the undersigned, this day have entered into Partnership, for the purpose of carrying on business as Boot and Shoe Manufacturers and Importers, under the style and firm of JAMES VICKERY and CO.
Dated this 8th day of June, 1853.
(Signed) JAMES VICKERY.
10467 EDWIN VICKERY.

APPLICANTS are informed that the two vacancies in my office are filled up.
10621 DANIEL COOPER, Jun.

MR. SAMUEL SAMUELS (late of Norwich) will hear of something to his advantage by applying to J. C. COHEN AND SONS, Circular Quay. 10319

ROBERT BUFFINSTON, of Buckinghamshire.—The above individual, who recently arrived in Sydney, is particularly requested to immediately forward his present address to his son, RICHARD HADDAWAY, care of William Nicholson, Esq., Steam Mills, West Maitland. 10460

CAUTION.—I hereby caution the public from giving trust or credit to my wife, Maria Jenkins, as I will not be answerable for any debts she may contract. JOHN JENKINS, Gellinbah, Murrumbidgee. 10029

TO CONTRACTORS, &c.—Persons willing to contract for the erection of four first-class stores in Elizabeth-street (near the Circular Wharf), or for the separate branches of the same under the following heads—Excavation, Mason, Carpenter, &c.—for Isaac Levey, Esq., of Sydney, may see the plans and specification at the office of Mr. HILLY, 354, Pitt-street. 9159

WANTED, a few couples of Kangaroo Dogs. Apply to H. S., at the office of Gilchrist, Alexander, and Co., Exchange buildings. 10470

FURNISHED HOUSE wanted.—Any person about leaving a House containing about six rooms, with yard, stable, and water, in a dry and airy situation on the east side of Sydney, may hear of a person who will take the whole in one lot by applying to Mr LANGLEY, Surveyor, Pitt-street. June 16. 951

WANTED, a few well bred unbroken Colts, from four to six years old, for which the highest market price will be given. Apply at the H. B. J. C. Horse Repository, Bligh-street. 6017

WANTED to purchase, a respectable substantially built family residence, with garden ground, in the vicinity of the city; one with out-houses complete would be preferred. A few acres of ground would be no objection. Apply by letter, pre-paid, stating all particulars, to JOHN C. WILLIAMS, Coal Wharf, Erskine-street. 9019

WANTED to purchase, or rent, a good House, or Cottage, with coach house and stabling, within the boundary of the city. Apply to Mr. W. LONG, at his Wine and Spirit Store, George-street, near King-street. 8169

WANTED, Offices and Stable, either together or separate. Apply to Mr. R. HENRY WAY, 487, George-street, Sydney. 10605

NOTICE TO EMPOYERS.
J. F. JOHNSON, Labour Agent for New South Wales, (care of J. N. Smith and Co.,) No. 102, LEADENHALL-STREET, LONDON, and at the Old Established Servants' Registry Office, No. 319, Castlereagh-street North, Sydney, where terms for engaging Servants and others in England can be ascertained. 2590

WANTED a Governess, for the country; a middle aged lady, competent to teach from six to eight children a plain but sound English education. For particulars apply to Mr. FERRIS, Pitt-street, Sydney. 10652

CASHIER.—Wanted, a respectable Youth as Cashier in the retail department. He must write a good hand, and be quick at accounts. References as to character and respectability will be required. Apply by letter only to Messrs. GEORGE CHISHOLM AND CO., 253, Pitt-street. 10654

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.—Wanted, in the Office of the undersigned, a respectable Youth, who writes a good hand. Application to be made, by letter, to THACKER AND CO., 541, George-street. 10520

WANTED, 20 Men, to make strong Boots; highest wages given. Apply to Mr. R. COOK, Crown Inn, corner of Elizabeth-street and Goulburn-street. 10590

WANTED, by a quiet family of three or four persons, a Dining or Drawing Room Suite of Apartments, near the Botanical Gardens, in the town of Sydney, with or without board, as may be agreeable to both parties. A private family preferred. The situation must be pleasant and airy. Apply by letter to F. W., *Herald* Office, Sydney. 10476

TO TIN PLATE WORKERS.—Wanted, half a dozen good workmen in the above line, to whom piece work will be given, averaging above twelve shillings per day. Apply to F. R. ROBINSON, 362, George-street, Sydney. 10153

SPINNERS WANTED.—Two Mule Spinners required immediately by the undersigned. J. AND W. BYRNES. Woollen Factory, Parramatta, June 22. 10133

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.
WANTED, a Day Wardsman and a Night Wardsman. Apply at the Infirmary to Mr. HOUSTON, the House Surgeon. 10565

WANTED, a Smith, a Pattern Maker, and two or three Boiler Makers. To good and steady workmen the highest wages will be given. Apply to GEORGE RUSSELL AND CO., Engineers, &c., Sussex-street. 10651

WET NURSE wanted, to take charge of an infant on the voyage to England. A liberal salary will be given to an eligible person. Apply at Mrs. PAWSEY'S Liverpool street. 8663

WANTED, a Wet Nurse. Apply to Mrs. HENRY MOORE, Miller's-point. 10496

WANTED, two or three strong Labourers, at W. Walker, Jun., and Co.'s Wharf, Dawes'-point. 10615

A YOUNG Gentleman would wish to meet with a comfortable situation in the mercantile line of business. He writes a good hand and is conversant with accounts. References as to the highest respectability and character can freely be produced. Letters addressed to C.W.C., Post Office, Sydney, will be promptly attended to. 10618

TEN POUNDS REWARD, for recovery of a Horse, a second time stolen from Louisa Creek. -Stolen, on the 24th of April last, a strong square-built draught horse, aged, real chesnut, blaze down face, saddle marked on near side, branded ◌ on near side IC under saddle. The above reward will be given on conviction of the offender, or three pounds for information leading to the recovery of the horse. THOMAS SPRATT, Storekeeper, Louisa Creek. 10316

REWARD.—Bay Mare.—Lost or Stolen, from Lyndhurst, at the Glebe, a Bay Mare, about 15 hands, black points, switch tail, broken to saddle and harness, is in poor condition. If stolen a reward of £5 will be paid on conviction of the thief; or if strayed £3 will be paid to any one returning her to N. NIERNEY, Glebe Road. 10479

STRAYED from the Sydney Exchange Rooms, a Chesnut Cob, with saddle and bridle, branded D with dot in centre on near shoulder. Whoever will bring him to the Patent Slip will be rewarded. B. DARLEY. 10491

LOST or Stolen, from the run Ultimo, a Bay Horse, about 14 hands, aged, black points, star in forehead, snip on nose, brand AP between the shoulder and saddle. One pound reward if strayed, and five pounds if stolen on conviction.
10186 WM. COSTELLO, Parramatta-street.

FOUND, on the 16th of June, a Coat, with £5 in it, in the taproom of the Leinster Arms. The same will be returned to the real owner, on paying for this advertisement. Apply to J. RALPH, corner of King and Clarence streets (Leinster Arms). 10466

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.—Two or three young gentlemen can be accommodated at No. 5, Bligh-street. 10434

TO LET, a Cellar. Apply to WENHAM AND NEAL, Macquarie-place Sydney. 8274

EXCHANGE.—The Tenant of a well-built 4-roomed House, water laid on, well enclosed private yard, and in an open airy situation, at the low rental of 20s. per week, within five minutes' walk of the General Post Office, Sydney, is desirous of exchanging the same for a house of 5 or 6 rooms or more, either in Sydney or the suburbs. Rent to range from about 30s. to 40s per week. Apply at No. 9, Hosking-place, Castlereagh-street North. 10421

TO be Let, (by tender) for 5, 7, or 10 years, from the 1st January next, those two Shops and premises—together or separately—Nos. 89, and 91, King-street, near George-street, now in the occupation of the Executors of the late William Turley and Mr. Perks. Tenders to be given in on or before the 1st of July, to R. A. A. MOREHEAD and M. YOUNG, O'Connell-street. 10361

TO LET, with immediate possession, near Church-hill, a comfortable family Dwelling House,—the house at present occupied by Mr. Lees, situate No. 2, Cumberland-street, near Church-hill, containing six rooms, and large yard and shed, with right of gateway; water laid on the premises. To save unnecessary trouble, the rent is three pounds five shillings per week. For further particulars apply to J. G. RAPHAEL, 691, Lower George-street. 10687

TO LET, a House in Cleveland-street, with four rooms; detached kitchen, and stabling. Parties requiring a first-rate house and comfortable dwelling will do well to inspect the above. The premises are well adapted for a medical man and certain of good practice. Apply to Mr. WILLIAM MACDONALD, Botany and Cleveland-streets, Chippendale. 10628

TO LET, a Five-room Stone Cottage, with detached kitchen, garden, and well of water, situated near Waverly Chapel, about a mile and half from the city boundary; rent, 25s. per week. Apply to JOSEPH VICKERY, at Waverly. 10714

TO BAKERS and others.—To Let, at Balmain, first-rate Premises, with shop, bakehouse, oven, &c. The house contains four rooms. Apply to Mr. R. WOOD, at Mr. Watts', Spread Eagle, corner of George and Market streets. 10274

TO LET, opposite the residence of H. H. Browne, Esq., North Shore, a Cottage, containing four rooms, with verandah in front and flower garden; in the back, vegetable garden, kitchen, out-house, and excellent well of water. Immediate possession can be had. Apply to Mr. RICHARD LAMB, 454, George-street. 10235

TO LET, in the County of Georgiana, Thalaba, near Tuena, about 45 miles from Goulburn, a good cattle or sheep station and farm, capable of grazing 5000 or 10,000 sheep, comprising four stations of purchased land, twelve sections of pre-emptive right, and two sections of rented Government land, with extensive run adjoining. For particulars apply to Mr. KITSON; or Mr. EMANUEL, Auctioneer and Agent, Goulburn. May 16.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MONDAY, 27th June.
THREE SUPERIOR PIANOFORTES.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, in the Long Room at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George street, on MONDAY next, the 27th June, at eleven o'clock precisely,
1 second-hand cottage pianoforte by Wilkinson
2 new pianofortes by Wills and Co., from Broadwood and Sons, just landed, packed in tin cases fit for immediate shipment or sending to the country.
Terms at sale. 10723

GRAND PIANOFORTE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, in the Long Room, at the Australian Auction Mart, on MONDAY next, the 27th June, at 11 o'clock,
One handsome grand pianoforte, cost in England 100 guineas
Horsehair chairs
Tables, sofas
Chests of drawers
Four-post bedsteads
Carpets, rugs, &c., &c.
This piano will be on view on Saturday next. It is pronounced by competent judges to be the best instrument in the colony, and is now to be sold on account of the owner leaving the colony.
Terms at sale. 10695

TUESDAY, 28th June.
TO DRAPERS, HATTERS, AND TAILORS.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN has received instructions from the importer to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, on TUESDAY next, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
57 packages new goods, now landing, the whole of which will positively be sold, viz.,
Blue serge shirts
Scarlet ditto ditto
Blue guernsey ditto
Scarlet ditto ditto
Lambswool pants and vests
Dressed shirts, in boxes
Lambswool half-hose
Grey and brown cotton half ditto
Fancy vests
Fancy vestings
Doeskin trousers
Doeskin coats
Black cloth shooting coats
Moleskin trousers
Scotch twill shirts
Fancy regatta ditto
Scotch twill, in the piece
Blue and black broadcloths
Fancy doeskins
Black cassimeres and doeskins
Tailors' needles
Buttons, thread, silk, and twist
Black and coloured silicies
5-4 and 7-8 fancy prints
5-4 and 7-8 navy blue prints
Huckabacks and diapers
6-4 and 8-4 damasks
Ladies' silk mantles
Ladies' neck ties
Coloured coburgs
Coloured and fancy orleans
Real French merinos
French twills
Rolled jacconets
Mousseline de laines
Mousseline de laine dresses
Reel cotton
Best drilled eye needles
Paris silk hats
California hats, assorted colours
Two seridons panama hats
Terms at sale. 10592

STEWART'S HORSE BAZAAR, 208, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, Sydney.—Regular Horse Sale every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, at 11 o'clock. Instructions for sales should be left at the Office of the Bazaar, at least one day previous. 1737

☞ On MONDAY next, June 27,
IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE
of
Groceries
Oilmen's Stores
Dried Fruits
Herrings and Sardines
York Hams
Oatmeal
Chicory, Arrowroot
Jams and Jellies
Castor Oil
Servants' Friend, &c.
Just landed,
In first-rate shipping order.
TO SHIPPERS, GROCERS, STORE-KEEPERS, AND OTHERS.
JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions from Messrs. LYALL, SCOTT, AND Co. to sell by auction, at their Stores, George-street, on MONDAY next, June 27th, at 11 o'clock, precisely,
The following superior assortment of oilmen's stores and groceries.
Ex Royal Exchange
36 half-barrels red herrings
4 ditto white ditto
50 ditto red ditto
10 tierces salmon
50 barrels white herrings
Ex Duke of Wellington
3 tierces York hams
40 cases Servants' Friend, in quarter-pound packages
15 casks York hams
4 cases sardines, 200 in each, quarter-boxes
13 casks figs
25 cases half-pints castor oil, each 4 dozen
25 ditto salad ditto
25 ditto 1-lbs assorted jams and jellies, each 4 dozen
20 ditto sardines, each 100 quarter-boxes
Ex Patrician
10 cases red herrings, each 24 tins
10 kegs Loch Fine herrings
100 boxes layers muscatels
3 cases 143 quarter-boxes figs
Ex Royal Alice
99 casks oatmeal, each 2 cwt.
23 ditto ground chicory
3 cases, each 14 tins, arrowroot
INVOICE OF OILMAN'S STORES,
From the celebrated house of CROSSE AND BLACKWELL.
5 casks, each containing 15 lb. jars Zante currants
30 cases ditto 3 dozen pint pickles
30 ditto ditto 2 dozen quart ditto
6 ditto ditto 6 ditto assorted sauces
2 ditto ditto 6 ditto half-pints essence of anchovies
2 ditto ditto 6 ditto ditto Soyer's relish
2 ditto ditto 6 ditto ditto anchovy paste
2 ditto ditto 6 ditto ditto bloaters
2 ditto ditto 6 ditto pints mushroom catsup
10 ditto ditto 6 ditto half-pints salad oil
10 ditto ditto 3 ditto pints ditto
6 ditto ditto 6 ditto quarts vinegar
2 ditto ditto 6 ditto 4 oz. French capers
4 ditto ditto 4 ditto half-pints ditto
4 ditto ditto 3 ditto pints olives
3 ditto ditto 3 ditto 2 lbs. orange marmalade
3 ditto ditto 6 ditto 1 lb. ditto
10 cases ditto 6 dozen 1 lb. jams and jellies, assorted
6 ditto ditto 3 ditto 2 lb. jams and jellies, assorted
10 ditto ditto 6 ditto ½ lb. mustards
8 ditto ditto 6 ditto 1 lb. ditto
3 ditto ditto 12 tins red herrings
6 ditto ditto 24 ditto
2 ditto ditto 200 ditto sardines
3 ditto ditto 6 dozen half pints curry powder
2 ditto ditto 12 ditto 1 oz. Cayenne pepper
50 ditto ditto 3 dozen tart fruits, assorted
3 ditto ditto 6 ditto prepared mustard
☞ The above excellent selection of grocers' fruits and oilmen's stores have all been put up with the greatest care, suitable to the wants of all classes. The auctioneer directs the attention of the trade to this important sale, comprising the best assortment of goods offered this season.
Terms at sale. 10546

EARTHENWARE AND GLASSWARE.
To Earthenware Dealers, Storekeepers, and others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, June 28th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Fifty crates earthenware, comprising elegant iron stone dinner services
Fancy blue cups and saucers, bowls, plates, dishes
Willow pattern plates and dishes, covered dishes
Blue and fancy jugs, bowls, mugs, ewers, basins, and chambers
Chamber services
Tea pots, sugars, butters, and cruets
Breakfast services
Also,
20 Packages superior numbered tumblers
Terms at sale. 10708

CIGARS.
To Tobacconists and others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his rooms, 490, George-street on WEDNESDAY next, June 29, at 11 o'clock precisely,
75,000 Cigars
Terms at sale. 1070

MARTYN'S Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street. Regular Sale Days—Tuesdays and Fridays. All parties sending Horses or other Stock for sale, are particularly requested to send *written* instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualifications, and if with or without reserve.

To Cab Proprietors and others.
PARISIAN BAROUCHE.
MR. MARTYN has received instructions from Messrs. Smith, Campbell, and Co., to sell by auction, at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,
An elegant Barouche, built by Perrier, Rue de Provence, Paris, with shifting canopy head, plate glass shutters, blinds, Collin's patent axles, painted claret and relieved with vermillion, silver mounted and self-acting steps, and light enough for one horse. 10662

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
A draft of Horses, from the well-known stud of Charles Reynolds, Esq., of Tocal, Paterson.
MR. MARTYN will sell at the Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 240, Pitt-street, at an early date, a draft of well-bred horses, broken to saddle and harness, including three or four pairs of well-matched carriage horses, all from the stud of Charles Reynolds, Esq.
N.B.—The Tocal stud has always realised higher prices in the Sydney market than any other in the colony. 7092

MONDAY, 27th JUNE.
Superior Collection of Engravings.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, on MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 12 o'clock,
Invoice of Engravings, as follows—
Mothers' Blessings, Mountain Toilette, Spring, Winter, Bloom of Heather, Forest Flowers, Herd Boy, Honeysuckle, Forget Me Not, Dew Drop, Cantatrice, Doves, Reverie, Sunny Hour, Alberts, Helen, Maid of Athens, Tarrantella, Nature's Delight, &c.
Terms cash. 10574

MONDAY, 27th June.
Fancy Ware, Cutlery, Meerschaum Pipes, Cutty Pipes, Silver Watches, Accordeons, Flutinas, Pipe Boxes, Cigar Cases, Goggles.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, on MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Pocket cutlery—Two blade stag shield spear pocket knives
Accordeons, 12½ to 14½
Flutinas, 12½ to 14½ note
Cowers' butcher's knives, stag and sportsmen's knives
Razors, compasses, G. S. tea spoons
Table and dessert forks and spoons
Life protectors, cash belts
Meerschaum pipes, cutty pipes
Sword sticks, dram flasks
Double, bottomed consular watches, capped levers, Geneva hunters
Terms at sale. 10573

FRIDAY, 1st July.
Household Furniture, Chairs, Tables
Gravely's Stove
Waterman's Skiff, with paddles and sails
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 1st July, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
Chiffoniers
6 chairs, English made
2 dressing tables
3 washstands
2 bedsteads
Bedroom chairs
Kitchen table and chairs
Gravely's patent cooking apparatus
Waterman's skiff, in good order, with sails and paddles
☞ The boat can be seen at Elwin's, next the Gas Company's Wharf. 10402

LONDON PORTER
West India Rum.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on MONDAY next, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock,
20 hogsheads London porter
10 hogsheads W. I. rum, 28 o.p.
Terms at sale. 10560

RAYMOND TERRACE.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on MONDAY, the 27th June instant, at 11 o'clock,
Three Allotments, in the town of Raymond Terrace, being described in the grants from the Crown as follows:—
Lot 1.
All that allotment of land, containing half an acre, in the town of Raymond Terrace, being allotment No. 3, of section 17, bounded on the north-west by one chain of the south-east side of Adelaide-street, on the north-east by a line dividing it from allotment No. 2 and 1, bearing east forty degrees south five chains; on the south-east by one chain of a line bearing south forty degrees west, and in the south-west by a line dividing it from allotment No. 4, bearing west forty degrees north five chains to Adelaide-street.
Lot 2.
An allotment nearly opposite the above, containing half an acre, being allotment No. 3 of section No. 9, bounded on the north-west by one chain of the south-east side of Sturgeon-street, on the north-east by a line dividing it from allotments No. 5 and 1, being east 40 degrees south, five chains to Adelaide-street; on the south-east by one chain of the north-west side of Adelaide-street.
Lot 3.
An allotment containing half an acre, adjoining lot 2. Terms, cash. 10255

Preliminary Notice.
FOUR TO FIVE ACRES OF LAND AT WAVERLY, near Belle Vue House.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have been favoured with instructions from the Attorney of Charles Bridgen, Esq., to sell by auction, on an early day,
All that valuable portion of land so delightfully situated for suburban residences, near Belle Vue House, Waverly (formerly occupied by Mr. Sheriff Young), comprising about Five Acres, on which is a House, lately occupied by Mr. Richard Peck.
Further particulars will appear in a future advertisement. 8970

POSITIVE SALE
Of valuable Building Ground in Kent-street, between Market and Druit streets.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on MONDAY, the 27th of June instant, at 11 o'clock,
All that allotment of Land in the parish of St. Andrew, being Allotment No. 20 of Section 23; bounded on the East by No. 5 Allotment, bearing North 12 degrees West, fifty-nine links; on the North by No. 19 Allotment, bearing West 15 degrees 15 minutes South, one hundred and five links; on the West by KENT-STREET, bearing South 15 degrees East, fifty-nine links; and on the South by No. 21 Allotment, bearing East 15 degrees 30 minutes North, one hundred and two links.
A small tenement is on the allotment.
The title is a grant from the Crown to the present vendors, and the quit-rent redeemed.
Terms at sale. 8977

TIN PLATES.
On account of whom it may concern.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) will sell by auction, at Buchanan's Wharf, near Windmill-street, on MONDAY next, the 27th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,
On account of whom it may concern,
DAFEN 95 cases tin plates, much damaged by salt water
25 cases ditto, slightly ditto
Ex Royal Alice, from London.
Terms, Cash. 10556

Unreserved sale of VALUABLE PREMISES in Prince-street, immediately opposite the Flag Staff on Fort Phillip.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have been favoured with instructions by the mortgagee to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on MONDAY, the 27th day of June, at 11 o'clock precisely,
All those valuable premises in Prince-street North, nearly opposite Colne House, formerly occupied by Mr. O'Hara, wholesale and retai butcher.
Lot 1
has a frontage of 51 feet to Prince-street, with a depth of 51 feet 9 inches, on which is erected a stone and brick-built dwelling house, containing eight rooms, with a verandah at the back, and a weather-boarded building on the line of street, long used as a butcher's shop. On the south side is a cart entrance to the yard at the rear.
Lot 2
has a frontage of 33 feet to Prince-street, by a depth of 68 feet. On this allotment is erected a long shed or stables.
This property is worthy of the notice of persons in search of sites for the erection of good residences in an elevated and healthy portion of the city. The large vacant piece of land surrounding the Fort, so much visited as a pleasant and healthy promenade, commanding splendid views of the harbour, the shipping, and the beautiful residences in every direction, is immediately in the rear of this property.
Plans and title deeds may be seen, and further particulars known, by application to the auctioneers; or to Messrs. Allen and Son, Solicitors, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.
Terms at sale. 9126

A FAMILY RESIDENCE AND LAND, AT FIVE DOCK.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on MONDAY, 27th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
A substantially-built Cottage at Five Dock, with stable and Outhouses. A large Orchard, filled with the choicest fruit trees, in full bearing; also nearly Three Acres of fine arable Land, well suited for a market garden.
There are also about 12,000 Bricks, which will be sold with the property.
The short distance from Sydney, (by water only about two miles), renders this one of the most desirable suburban properties at present in the market.
A plan can be seen at the Rooms.
Terms cash. 10230

MONDAY, 27th instant,
At Half-past Ten o'Clock.
Gold and Silver Watches
Jewellery
Plated Ware, Cutlery
Saws and Carpenters' Tools
Revolvers, Pistols
&c. &c. &c.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on MONDAY, the 27th instant, at half-past ten o'clock,
A large assortment of the undermentioned goods—
(Without reserve,)
JEWELLERY.
Best gold hunting watches
Best silver ditto
Gold and silver guards
Gold brequets
Gold rings, with handsome brilliants and other stones
Handsome gold brooches
Ditto shirt studs
Ditto earrings
Ditto lockets
Ditto seals
Silver and steel spectacles
Shell ditto
Steel watch springs
Gold ditto hands
Steel ditto
Shawl pins and brooches
Watch glasses
Plated gold miniature frames
Gold watch keys and lockets
CONCERTINAS.
30 Very superior concertinas
CUTLERY, &c.
Silver-mounted cruets, 4, 5, and 6 bottles
Revolving ditto, 7 bottles
Ditto frames with 6 gilt cups and spoons
Silver-mounted cake baskets
Ditto ditto waters, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 inch
Papier mâché pickle frames
Superior electro-plated tea, salt, and table spoons
Table forks and sugar tongs
STEEL MAGNETS.
Handsome silver mounted candlesticks
Richly chased ditto
Ditto ditto snuffer trays
Best balance handle knives, in mahogany cases
Black pinned table knives and forks
Best carvers
Pocket cutlery, in great variety
Rosewood brass plated stocks, with 36 steel bits
10 to 26 inch steel hand saws
8 to 20 ditto back saws
Key-hole saws
2, 3, and 4 quart copper tea kettles
Pincers and compasses
Snuff boxes
Together with a large assortment of other tools, &c.
FIRE-ARMS.
Colt's revolvers
Dean's ditto
Pistols
Single and double-barrelled guns
Superior real twist patent brush double-barrelled guns
Patent spring pistols
Octagon barrels, brass body pistols
Percussion caps
Walker's ditto
Powder flasks and shot belts
The sale will commence at half-past 10 o'clock with the tools, cutlery, &c., and the watches and jewellery at 12 o'clock precisely.
Terms at sale. 10229

RAISINS AND RUM.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Gilchrist Alexander, and Co., on TUESDAY, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,
240 boxes raisins, just landed
44 hogsheads E. I. Rum, 30 O.P
Terms at sale. 10676

Teas, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cigars, Ale and Porter, Brandy, Rum, and Gin, Vinegar, and Salt.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Gilchrist, Alexander, and Co., to sell by auction, at their Stores, Charlotte-place, on TUESDAY, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Countess of Derby,
250 chests fine congou
75 half-ditto ditto
149 10 catty boxes
154 10 catty ditto very fine souchong
117 half-chest ditto hysonskin
140 10 catty boxes fine hyson
3 cases very fine Havannah cigars
5 ditto ditto nutmegs
2 ditto ditto mace
4 ditto ditto cloves
SPIRITS AND RUM,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
40 hogsheads E. I. pale ale
20 barrels ditto ditto
50 cases Byass' ale, 4 dozen each
50 ditto ditto porter, ditto
200 cases gin (key)
25 hogsheads Martell's brandy
24 ditto W. I. rum, 30 o. p.
20 ditto vinegar
5 tierces table salt, in jars.
Terms at sale. 10536

WOOLLER'S HORSE REPOSITORY, Bull's Head, George-street, opposite the Police Office, on account of the great call upon him for Horses.
MR. S. WOOLLER begs to inform the public that he will sell by public auction, at the above Repository, every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday.
S. W. begs further to inform the public that he does not make any charge of two any sixpence for putting up horses for sale, nor and groomage fees. All Horses sold the owners can have their money immediately after the sale

One Hundred and Thirty Quarter Casks and Octaves, Pale and Golden Sherry, Port, &c., &c.
Just landed, ex Ann.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Pollard's Bonded Stores, on MONDAY, 27th June, at 11 o'clock.
IN BOND.
OOOP
15 quarters } Fine pale sherry
25 octaves }
OOO PG
15 quarters } Golden sherry
25 octaves }
E & CO
50 quarters port, treble grape
RG in diamond
167 cases, each 3 dozen, sherry
These wines will be sold, duty paid, buyers having the option of taking them in certificates at time of sale, after which,
DUTY PAID,
8 hogsheads } Fine pale sherry
7 quarters }
100 cases Perrier's champagne
25 cases London particular Madeira
20 cases ditto, old brown sherry
15 puncheons Demerara rum, 35 O.P. in bond
Terms, liberal. 10538

Twelve Cases choice Silks, Poplins, Cachmeres, Merinos, Children's Dresses.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 28th June, at 11 o'clock,
Rich silk lustre dresses
Ditto ditto, damask ditto
Figured cachmere ditto
Braided linsy dresses, made up
Embroidered ditto
Printed cachmere, ditto
Rich embroidered fd. twill dresses
Ditto ditto, real French merino
Rich black silk damask dresses
Cachmere scarfs
Rich silk neck ties
Rich coloured satinets
20 and 24 inch rich poplins, plain, watered, and plaid
Worked muslin collars
Children's cloth paletots
Ladies' ditto
Boy's dresses, all sizes
Children's under clothing
Ladies' chemises and nightgowns
Also
An assortment of perfumery
Terms at sale. 10665

THE BRIGANTINE PERSEVERANCE.
THIS vessel is open to private offer for a few days: if not sold, she will proceed to load for New Zealand.
She may be inspected where she now lies, off the Flour Company's Wharf.
THOMAS S. MORT,
10243 Pitt-street.

Highly important Sales.
STEAM FLOUR MILL,
At the Great Northern Terminus, Murrurundi.
STEAM FLOUR MILL,
In the centre of the Town of Liverpool.
CAPITAL COTTAGE,
With large Garden, &c., in the Town of Singleton.
"GLENGARRY,"
An Estate of immense value, on the River Page.
MR. MORT has received instructions from the proprietor, J. B. Bossley, Esq., J.P., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, 29th June, at 11 o'clock,
Lot 1.
That very substantially built Mill, situate in the town of Murrurundi, Page's River, known as
THE PAGE'S RIVER STEAM MILL,
with Steam Engine, Boilers, Dressing and Smutting Machine, &c., complete.
N.B.—This mill is the only one within thirty miles of the town of Murrurundi, the terminus for the Great Northern Railway, and therefore commands the whole trade of the fertile valley of the Page and surrounding districts. It is built of stone and brick, and under an arrangement which expires within twelve months, is let at £52 per annum, but would now readily command £100 a year; and, in the hands of any one understanding the trade, is a certain fortune.
Lot 2.
A THREE-STOREY BRICK-BUILT MILL, in the heart of the town of Liverpool, nineteen miles from Sydney, with Engine, Boiler, Dressing and Smutting Machines, &c., &c., in high working order, and equal to a very large trade.
The Building is nearly new, of superior workmanship, built of brick, upon a stone foundation, is three stories high, and pronounced by competent judges to be as faithful an erection as is in the colony.
There is a well of water upon the premises, and immediate possession can be given.
_ It must not be forgotten that the railroad will bring the traffic of Liverpool within an hour of the city of Sydney, and hence a value to this property of very high consideration. This Steam Mill could readily be adapted to the manufacture of cloth, or to any other object where steam power, with large building close to never-failing and most abundant supply of water, are required.
Lot 3.
A Brick-built Cottage, containing four rooms and offices, coach house and stable,
WITH LARGE GARDEN,
situate in the town of Singleton, on the Hunter River.
☞ This property is let at present to Mrs. Wivin, at an old nominal rental, but would now bring about £30 to £50 a year.
Lot 4.
THE HOUSE AND LANDS OF GLENGARRY.
2560 Acres of rich Mineral Lands, abounding in
COPPER, LEAD, IRON, COAL, AND LIMESTONE,
and situated on the Page's River, Upper Hunter, which water runs through the centre of the estate.
A Large Dwelling House
30 Acres Cultivation Land
Large Stock-yards
Garden, and other Improvements
are upon the property, which is at present in the occupation of Mrs. Abbott, at a rental of £65 per annum, but whose lease terminates in February next.

NOTE.—It is impossible to convey, within the short space of an advertisement, the many advantages which this property possesses. Its mineral wealth is very great; it has fine breadth of rich cultivation lands; it is in the neighbourhood of gold, if not possessed of gold in itself; it is on the main route to the diggings of New England, and within two miles of where the Northern Railway must pass.
It is capable of carrying 1000 head of cattle (with the Government land attached), and has the advantages of a ready market both for the stock and grain at the Hanging Rock, and other located and populous places. Without a doubt this freehold property will, in the course of a few years, have a value attached to it which to speak of at present would appear absurd!
The above estates are brought into the market in consequence of their proprietor being about to leave the colony; they would not otherwise have been offered for sale.
The titles are all first-rate, and there are no encumbrances whatever.
For particulars apply at the Rooms, Pitt street. 7642

THE BRETTVILLE ESTATE,
BRISBANE WATER.
A really splendid Estate, possessing numerous advantages, and offering to the Capitalist a means of investment not often to be met with.

MR. MORT has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 29th June, at 11 o'clock,
The really splendid and valuable estate of
BRETTVILLE,
situate at Coorumbung, in the County of Northumberland, containing 1500 acres, comprising some of the richest land in the colony. The main road from Maitland and Newcastle (from which places it is only 30 miles distant) to Brisbane Water and Sydney, passing right through the property, a circumstance enhancing its value considerably.
It is bounded on the south by Doori Creek, which empties itself six miles lower down into Lake Macquarie. The estate adjoins the village reserve of Coorumbung on the one side, and has a large back run on the other.
☞ This desirable property is eligible either for a dairy or agricultural farm; and for subdivision into smaller farms it is, from its natural features, well adapted. A plan, showing its capability in this respect, is on view at the Rooms.
It should be borne in mind that one other source of value is to be found, in all probability, from the existence of
A LARGE COAL FIELD,
it being contiguous to the Coal Beds of Newcastle and Lake Macquarie.
Title guaranteed. Terms at sale. 7985

ROSE COTTAGE, ST. LEONARDS,
North Shore.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt street, on FRIDAY, the 1st July,
A neat and compact stone edifice, known as
ROSE COTTAGE,
with the ground attached thereto, of which the following is the description:
The land has a water frontage of 148, with a depth of 288 feet, being a frontage to William-street, and 400 feet deep.
On this allotment is erected a stone cottage, 37 feet by 28 feet or thereabouts.
It contains on the basement, large kitchen, store, and servants' room, with a well of good water in the kitchen.
On the ground floor are four good rooms, with entrance hall 5 feet 3 inches wide, extending from the verandah through the house.
The rooms are lofty and well finished, having panelled cedar doors, deep skirtings, good mantel pieces, &c. The two *front* rooms are fitted with grates, and the walls are oil painted, as also the hall.
The verandah is 37 *feet* long, and furnished with French lights, Venetian blinds, &c.
In front of the house is a garden, and a good paddock, enclosed with a paling fence.
There is also a fowl house, covered well, and a good quarry of white stone, admirably suited for building purposes.
A black lead mine was opened some years ago on the ground, and a quantity sent to England. The result was remunerative, but the owner was prohibited from working it. The spot where the lode is situate can be pointed out.
Immediate possession can be given.
Parties desirous of securing a comfortable residence, or acquiring an investment for money, are particularly requested to inspect the property.
Terms at sale. 1840

LUCRATIVE INVESTMENT.
Land in Waterview Bay, Balmain.
MR. MORT has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, 6th July,
Two Allotments of Land in that delightful locality, Waterview Bay, Balmain.
Description—Lots 27 and 28 of the Waterview estate, Balmain, each having a frontage of 66 feet to Waterview street, by a depth of 178 feet—
Total, 132 feet frontage.
The highly respectable population springing up in this favourite locality, embracing as it does every desideratum for the enjoyment of life, renders this a first-rate opportunity for the investment of money in the erection of neat villa residences, for which there have been so many enquiries of late.
Commanding a most elevated position, this site embraces a delightful view, and is open to the refreshing sea breezes of summer. There is an abundance of building stone on the property.
Independent of steam communication with Sydney every quarter of an hour in the day, and the probability of the comforts and conveniences of transit being greatly augmented by the Balmain Steam Ferry Company, now in course of formation, it must be borne in mind that there exists a possibility of communication by means of a bridge, already designed, and feasible of erection, when there can be no doubt that land and houses in this locality will be enhanced in value at least a hundred per cent.
It is a well-known fact that scarcely a day passes without numerous enquiries being made for houses in Balmain by every class of society, and the low rate of interest at which money can now be procured in Sydney affords an opportunity of acquiring an estate with a trifling outlay, the remainder being raised by mortgage upon the property, which can be redeemed in a very short period.
"Let it be known that you are about to erect a dwelling-house in Balmain, and you can secure a tenant before the first stone is laid."
Plan on view at the Rooms. 10022

CLARENCE RIVER.
CATTLE AND STATION.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, on WEDNESDAY, 13th July, at 11 o'clock, at his Rooms, Pitt-street,
The station RETREAT, with
525 HEAD OF CATTLE
45 HORSES
This really valuable property is on the Clarence River, and within seven miles of the post town of Grafton, and about the same distance from the boiling establishment of Mr. Sharp, which, if not generally known, it is well to observe, is accessible for vessels of ordinary draught of water—securing thereby that important consideration of water carriage to its very door.
BOILING,
it is well known has been a profitable and in fact is a most paying return to the cattle breeder. This station, peculiarly fitted for carrying out operations of such kind, is well worthy the attention of those desiring a profitable investment.
The improvements are everything that would be required, consisting of—
Weather-boarded shingled cottage, 29 feet by 28, containing parlour, bedroom, two skillings, and verandah.
Kitchen, with servants' room attached, slabbed and shingled.
Store, dairy, and barn.
Stockman's hut, with skilling.
Two stables, containing the requirements for a comfortable and working station.
Labour having been well used in the cheap times, has placed the station in possession of every requisite, so that the purchaser has only to go and reap the advantages of expense and toil, in having at his hands all prepared
Large paddock, with two-rail fence
Small horse paddock, about 2½ acres
Kitchen garden, with pine palings
Large stock yard
Among the horses to be sold is the celebrated entire horse HUNTSMAN,
bred by Mr. F. Bundock.
☞ Mr. Mort cannot too strongly urge this very desirable property upon the notice of parties desiring an investment. To men of moderate means, the situation, climate, the beautiful view (described as one of the finest in the neighbourhood), would make it desirable as a homestead, and what is rarely to be met with, a comfortable income could be derived at the same time.
Terms and full particulars on application to the auctioneer. 480

SALES BY AUCTION.

Household Furniture, Blankets, Ship Fittings, Blocked Teapots, Watches, Jewellery, Vinegar, Pistols, Guns, &c.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Sale Yard of Mr. George Pickering, King-street,
Chests drawers, tables, chairs, bedsteads, ship fittings, scantling, silver watches, jewellery, new and second hand floorcloths, blankets, vinegar, child's cot, pistols, guns, and sundries.
Terms, cash. No reserve. 10853

TO PORT PHILLIP BUYERS AND OTHERS.
ORANGES, ORANGES, ORANGES.
MR. H. D. COCKBURN will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Sale Yard of Mr. George Pickering, King-street,
1000 dozen of oranges.
Terms, cash. 10852

Superior Household Furniture, Bar Fittings, Beer Engine, Spirit Fountain, &c.
MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed by Mr. G. Stanes, of the Steam Navigation Inn, Kent street, near to the Hunter's River Wharf, to sell by public auction, on TUESDAY, 28th June, at 11 o'clock, on the premises.
The whole of his furniture, consisting of
Handsome cheffoniers, loo table, state bedstead, damask sofa, chests of drawers, cane seated chairs, oil paintings, fenders, feather bed, hair mattresses, four bedsteads and bedding complete, tables, washingstands, dressing tables, handsome lustres, cabin chests of drawers, oilcloth, lamps, eight-day clocks, carpeting, matting, and a large and extensive assortment of decanters, tumblers, crockery, and kitchen utensils.
Also
The bar fittings, excellent beer engine and spirit fountain, pewter pots, and 40 charts and chart case.
Terms, cash. No reserve. 10852

TO be sold THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, by MR. NEWELL, at Mr. King's, General Dealer, Parramatta street, near the Golden Anchor,
The Stock-in-Trade of a general dealer, together with an excellent mangle, 19 cwt. of Colman's No. 1 starch, and several chests of hysonskin tea. 10745

On account of whom it may concern.—Ex William, M'Phee, master, from San Francisco.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on TUESDAY, June 28, at 11 o'clock,
A1 1-4 4 cases ormolu chandeliers with lustre drops
103 103 solar lamp heads, 90 gross wicks
104-108 36 solar hemispheres
110 1 cask solar chimneys.
All more or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash. 10838

CARPETING, HEARTH RUGS, Clothes Baskets, Rattan and Bamboo Chairs, Papier Mâché and Walnut-wood Tables.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on TUESDAY, June 28th, at eleven o'clock,
3 rolls tapestry carpeting
7 ditto Dutch ditto
1 bale hearth rugs
Clothes baskets, in sets of three
Rattan and bamboo chairs
6 walnut-wood occasional tables
12 papier mâché tables, &c.
Terms at sale. 10839

CHEAP EDITIONS OF NEW AND POPULAR STANDARD WORKS.
Stationery, Account Books, &c.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 29, at 11 o'clock,
Five cases of Cheap Editions of New and Popular Standard Works, comprising—History, Romance, Travels, Tales, Novels, Biography, &c.
Juvenile Books of Amusement and Instruction
Song and Recitation Books
Account books, stationery, &c.
Terms at sale. 10840

JEWELLERY AND WATCHES.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 29, at 11 o'clock,
To close an invoice.
An assortment of superior gold and plated jewellery
Highly finished gold lever hunting watches
Gold and silver lever hunting and open face watches
Superior silver geneva hunting horizontal watches, &c.
Terms at sale. 10836

ALLISON'S CELEBRATED COTTAGE Pianofortes, in elegant rosewood cases, with music stools.
Just landed, ex Australia.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed by the importers, to sell by auction, at his rooms, George-street, THURSDAY, June 30th, at eleven o'clock,
Six of Allison's celebrated michrocordon cottage pianofortes, in neat and elegant rosewood cases, 6½ octaves, Albert falls, moulded checks, ivory fronted keys, frets, blue and crimson silk curtains, &c.
6 rosewood music stools.
☞ These excellent pianofortes (guaranteed genuine Allison's), having been made to the order of the importer for this climate, can be confidently recommended to the notice of persons requiring a brilliant toned and well finished instrument, and they may be inspected the day preceding the sale.
Terms at sale. 10837

THIS DAY.
ENGLISH FIRE BRICKS.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant.
35,000 sound fire bricks, now landing, ex Australia, on Campbell's Wharf.
Terms at sale. 10674

EX AURORA.
THIS DAY, 25th instant, at 10 o'clock.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, on the Circular Quay,
120 Gallons rum
37 Bags rice
Bamboos
Mats, staves, &c.
Terms, cash. 10677

TO POULTRY DEALERS.
RICE AND WHEAT.
MR. C. NEWTON will sell by auction, at the Circular Wharf, THIS DAY, Saturday, 25th instant, at 10 o'clock precisely,
150 bags damaged rice
50 ditto wheat
Ex Aurora.
Terms, cash. 10535

7 Jars, containing 27 gallons CHANTER and CO.'s PATENT METALLIC COMPOSITION (principal ingredient copper) to coat ships' bottoms. Applied over copper or yellow metal, effects a saving of 20 to 40 per cent in wear of metal; applied on wood, preserves it from marine deposits, and for one year at least is as effective as copper. One gallon will coat 360 to 400 superficial feet. High testimonials of its value have been given by many of the principal shipowners in England who have used it on their vessels.
The above will be sold by auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Gilchrist, Alexander, and Co., by
MR. C. NEWTON, on TUESDAY, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock. 10834

Electro-Plated Cruets and Frames, Spoons and Forks, Papier Mâché Tables, and Brushes.
To Ironmongers, Storekeepers, and others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, June 28th, 1853, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Three cases, comprising—
Electro plated cruets and frames
Spoons and forks
Papier mâché tables, inlaid
Hair tooth and nail brushes
Terms at sale. 10909

FANCY ARTICLES AND JEWELLERY, Work Boxes and Desks, Ironmongery.
To Jewellers, Storekeepers, and others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, June 29, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Fifteen Packages Merchandise, comprising
Pocket glasses, dressing cases, fancy pipes, cigar cases, gilt snuffers and trays, brass snuffers, salters, balances, powder flasks, lacquered belts, dressing combs, stewpans, gridirons, dinner plate, tin, 10 in., fire brasses, table knives and forks, steel pens, magnum bonum pens, fancy bracelets, rings, guards, belt brooches, a beautiful assortment, mahogany desks and dressing cases, pencils, vestas, fire brasses.
Terms at sale. 10910

VALUABLE EFFECTS.
RARE, CLASSICAL AND THEOLOGICAL WORKS.
The Property of a Gentleman leaving the Colony.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, 453, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th June, at 11 o'clock precisely, the undermentioned valuable effects,
Consisting of—case of Manton's pistols, telescope, chessmen; pistol in case, forming gun and pistol; the Three Graces, in marble; medicine chest, sextant, drawing instruments, set of gold scales, lamp, dressing case, and washstand; large magic lanthorn, with shifting and astronomical slides; bidet bath lamp, tortoiseshell tea caddy; easy chair, forming a bath; foot bath, choice engravings, wine and champagne glasses, water jugs, filter, and a variety of really good and useful articles.
Also the
CLASSICAL, THEOLOGICAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.
26 volumes Encyclopædia, 11 volumes *Punch*, 5 volumes Illustrated Ireland, 11 volumes Neil's Views, 12 volumes Works of Bede, 5 Pictorial England, Hawer's Bible, Palace of Architecture, Thomson's Dispensary, Turner's Chemistry, Thompson's Materia Medica, Kane's Elements of Chemistry, Parliamentary Gazetteer, Gould's Birds of Australia, Napier's War, Works of Howe, Books on Architecture; Goodwin and Louden, on Architecture, Knight's Cabinet Edition o Shakespeare, Liebig's Chemical Letters, Accum's Chemical Tests, Babbage's Economy of Manufactures, Porcelain and Glass Manufacture, Lardner's Cyclopædia, Webster's Hydrostatics, Jesse's Natural History, Medical History, Alphabet of Zoology, Library of Entertaining Knowledge, Pompeii, Timber Trees, Dryden's Virgil, Burns' Works, Cowper's Poems, Historie de Grèce, Dellille's Rosateurs Francais, Evenings at Home, Nicholson's Mathematics and Key, Colenzo's Algebra, Guide to Chester, Liverpool, Salisbury, Southampton, Hants and Wilts, La Fontaine, Weale's Dictionary of Terms of Art, Tiarck's German Grammar, Thieme's German Dictionary, Medical Botany, Berzelius on the Blowpipe, Fowne's Chemistry, History of Merovingians, Kirk's Physiology, British Critic, 10 volumes; Calmet's Dictionary of the Bible, Hendrick's Greek Lexicon, Walter's History of England, Scott's Bible, Marsden's Festivals, Hone's Ancient Mysteries, Dr. Johnson's Sermons, Perceval's Lectures on St. Matthew, Newton on the Prophecies, Watts on the Mind, Educational Magazine, Church Yard Thoughts, Marquesas Islands, Pulpit Orators of France, Percy's Ancient Poetry, Funeral Sermons on B. Patrick Forbes, Spottiswoode Society, The Bible, The Koran, and the Talmud, Mant and Doyley's Bible, Burton's and Greenfield's Greek Testament, Milner's Church History, Paley's Horæ Paulinæ, Gurney's Portable Evidence, Leighton's Works, Lowth on Isaiah, Wilson's Chemistry, Blair's Lectures, Rollin's Ancient History, Gulliver's Travels, Young's Night Thoughts, Scott's Poems, Spectator, Rambler, Life of the Duke of Wellington, Keightley's History of Greece, Russel's Egypt, Corpus Poetarium Latinorium, Horace, Juvenal, and Persius, Sallust, Cicero's Letters, Plutarch's Lives, Æschylus, Œdipus Tyrannus, Porson's Hecuba, Herodotus, Lempriere's Classical Dictionary, Science, Reid on the Mind, Burke on the Sublime and Beautiful, Josephus, Grotius de Veritate and translation of ditto, together with a large quantity of valuable books in addition to the above, too numerous to particularise.
Terms, cash. 1070

Pistols, Revolvers, Double and Single Barre Guns, Swords, &c., &c., &c.,
From the celebrated makers, Messrs. Williams and Powell.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, 24th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely,
M in diamond § 1 & 2 §.
Two cases, containing
Patent revolvers, officers' pistols, twisted barrels
Holster pistols, saddle pistols
Double guns, with rifle and shot barrels
Single rifle guns and extra fowling barrels
Saddle pistols, powder flasks
Swords, gun caps, pistol caps
Shot pouches, flasks, cleaning rods
Double guns, in mahogany cases
&c., &c., &c.
Terms, cash. 10901

Elegant and Saleable Assortment of FANCY STATIONERY, &c., &c., CHURCH SERVICES, PRAYERS, BIBLES, &c.
Now landing, ex Katherine Stewart Forbes.
☞ The shipment was selected by a gentleman thoroughly conversant with the real wants of the trade, and will be found on inspection to comprise the best and most elegant assortment of Fancy Stationery ever offered for sale by auction.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has received instructions from the importers to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 28th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
28 JLP§ 1 to 6)—Six cases, containing,
Ratcliff's inks, reader's companion, steel pens, holders
Thick bottle India rubber, mixed wafers, red and black wax
Sponge, cream laid bank, B. laid, B. wo. C, and Y. wove post
Note paper, demy drawing, medium, royal, and imperial
Students' cases, blotting paper, music paper
Solid sketch books, and blocks only, Bristol board
Envelopes, devices, cameo, initial, floral, &c.
Floral, cabinets, printers, blotting pads, albums
Black lines, quills, letter clips
Students' cases, wallets
Blue laid foolscap
Blue wove, and cream bank
Also,
Two cases containing,
Prayers, long primer, plain engraved clasps, rims and clasps, corners and clasps, &c.
Church Services, 18mo, 24mo, and 48mo, corners and clasps, corners and cross
Bibles, ruby 24mo, corners and clasps
Prayers, 48 and 32mo, ditto
Bibles and Apocrypha, morocco, and small pica
Bagster's Miniature Bibles, with maps, brevier polyglot
Poets' Words, coloured plates
Edinburgh School Atlas; diamond Edition Shakspeare
Angel's Songs, &c., &c., &c.
Terms—Cash. 10897

IRON BEDSTEADS.
Just landed, ex Katherine Stewart Forbes.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Six cases of iron bedsteads
Four-post, French, and stretcher.
Terms at sale. 10572

Cutlery, Jewellery, Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Chains, and Gold Alberts.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 24th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Table and pocket cutlery
Silver dessert and fruit knives
Corkscrews, boothooks, razors
Gold and plated brooches, bracelets, buckles
Gold and silver pencil cases, studs
Fine gold alberts and curb chains
Silver open and hunting horizontal and lever watches
Gold ditto ditto
Purse ornaments, &c., &c.
Terms, cash. 10704

To Boot Makers, Shippers to Port Phillip, and others.
GRAINED WATERTIGHTS.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock precisely,
200 pairs grained watertights.
Terms at sale. 10899

NOVELTIES WELL ADAPTED FOR JUVENILE PRESENTS.
To Fancy Stationers, Proprietors of Seminaries, and others.
Preceptive Illustrations of the Bible
Graphic Illustrations of Animals
&c., &c., &c.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
One case, containing
6 sets (52 prints each) Preceptive Illustrations of the Bible, in oak frames, coloured
6 sets (21 prints each) Graphic Illustrations of animals, coloured, in oak frames
3 sets (36 prints each) Domestic and Wild Animals
1 set each Grade Gospel History
1 set each Gradation Circle of Knowledge
Bible History, pictorial edition
Maps for Classes, Baker's Bible Class Book
Mimpriss' Manuals, Steps to Art
And a variety of Story Books
Terms, cash. 10898

Unexceptionable Securities for the Outlay of Capital.
ELEGANT SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, Two Verandah Cottages, And Four Building Allotments, Surry Hills.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL has been favoured with instructions from R. Read, Esq., (who is about leaving the colony), to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, on MONDAY, July 11, at 12 o'clock precisely,
The undermentioned truly valuable Properties, situated in Botany-street, Surry Hills—
Lot 1.
SOMERSET LODGE (49 feet frontage to Botany-street more or less) is an elegant family residence, substantially brick-built on a stone foundation, containing six rooms, with pantry, cellar, detached kitchen, wood shed, stable, coach house, hay loft, and a garden, with some choice fruit trees, and a never failing supply of pure water in the driest seasons — the whole securely fenced, and in thorough repair, and fitted up in a style of neatness not to be surpassed.
☞ This property will on inspection be found well worthy the attention of parties in search of a choice and convenient family residence within a few minutes' walk of the city, and would readily let for £150 per annum.
*** The whole or a portion of the furniture may be taken at a valuation.
Lot 2.
Adjoining the above, has a frontage to Botany-street of 31 feet, by a depth of 95 feet 6 in., more or less.
Lot 3.
Adjoining, and similar to Lot 2.
Lot 4.
Has a frontage to Botany-street of 34 feet 9 inches by a depth of 80 feet more or less.
Lot 5.
Adjoining and similar to Lot No. 4.
Lot 6.
Is a two-roomed Verandah Cottage, with detached kitchen, yard, &c., &c., situate in the rear of Lot No. 4.
Lot 7.
Is a two-roomed Cottage adjoining, and in every respect similar to, Lot No. 6.
These Cottages have an entrance by a private lane leading from Hutchinson-street, with a large piece of ground attached sufficient to build another cottage, on which there is a never failing well of pure water.
*** Parties purchasing Lot No. 6 will have the option of taking Lot No. 7 at the same price.
☞ Mr. Muriel feels no little degree of pleasure in having the opportunity of offering and confidently recommending to his friends and the public generally properties of such incalculable value as the above, faultless as regards healthiness of situation and general capabilities; therefore it is to be hoped that capitalists and others will not be so blind to their own interest as to allow these properties to escape especial notice, more particularly as the sale is an imperative one, on account of the departure of the proprietor from the colony.
*** A Plan of the Properties can be seen, and Cards to view the same obtainable at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.
Terms liberal—declared prior to the sale.

SATURDAY'S REGULAR HORSE SALE.
Established 1847.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Carrier's team
Draught horses
Gig and carriage ditto
Town and journey hacks
Also
Barouche phaeton
Mail ditto
Open one horse phaeton
Hooded gig
5-spring Dennett gig
3 dog carts
1 set plated double harness
2 ditto brass ditto
Brass and plated gig ditto
10830 Side saddle and hunting saddles

BAROUCHE PHAETON,
Just imported, ex Katherine Stuart Forbes.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock,
(From the well known London house of G. Palliser and Co.)
A new Barouche Phaeton, silver mounted, painted lake, picked out blue and fine lined white, lined with claret cloth, embroidered crimson and white silk lace, morocco seats trimmed couch fashion, hung on elliptic scroll and springs in front, and half elliptics with cross springs behind, patent axles, silver mounted cut plate glass lamps, pole pieces, pole, bar and shafts for either one or two horses, complete.
☞ The above is without exception the most highly finished carriage in Sydney, unexceptionably elegant in appearance, and replete with every requisite. 10824

CARRIAGE AND GIG HARNESS.
Ex K. S. Forbes, from London.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock,
1 set silver-mounted carriage harness
2 ditto brass ditto ditto
6 ditto ditto gig ditto
3 ditto silver ditto ditto
The above harness is from the well-known House of G. Palliser and Co., London, is in excellent condition, and of excellent quality. 10825

SCOTCH BUILT DOG CART.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A very strong box cart, lately imported from Glasgow, and suitable for a party proceeding up the country. 10831

FASHIONABLE DOG CART.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
An exceedingly well built dog cart, quite new, very strong, with shifting body, patent axles, and all the latest improvements. 10832

CARRIERS' TEAMS.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Saturdap, at 11 o'clock,
The following first rate Team, to be sold only in consequence of a dissolution of a partnership, viz.,
Nearly new carrier's dray
One set shaft and three sets leading harness (new)
And
Captain, Charley, Smiler, and Poppit, four really superb draught horses, 5, 6, 7, and 8 years old each, warranted, and subject to trial in either traces or shaft.
No reserve. 10826

MAITLAND HORSES.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A batch of very superior young horses, all thoroughly broken, and purposely selected by Mr. Joseph Eckford, of Maitland, to suit the present demand for draught horses. Amongst them are a very excellent team of four iron greys, suited for omnibus work; several weighty dray horses, and several capital hacks. 10828

IMPORTED STALLION.
MR. BURT is instructed to sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, July 9, at 11 o'clock,
The magnificent stallion DOVER, imported by the Messrs. Scott, of Glendon, in 1838. Got by Patron out of Maid of Kent, by Soothsayer out of Harriet by Sir Harry, her dam by Dorimant out of Muse by Herod. Dover is sire of Marchioness, and other good runners. His stock are noted for being gentle, kind, easily broken, and good workers in harness, and have always commanded the best prices.
Dover is sold only in consequence of having been used four seasons in the stud of his present owner. 10827

NOTICE.
MR. BURT begs to announce that the draft of young horses from the stud of Charles Tooth, Esq., Cookandoon, Wellington, will be at the Bazaar, for inspection, on Tuesday next, and sold by auction the day following, at 11 o'clock. Full particulars in Monday's paper.
Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, June 24. 10629

NOTICE.—It is the particular request of the undersigned that parties having purchased goods at the Australian Auction Mart, will please remove them this day, and Monday next, and those failing to do so are reminded of the conditions of sale at time of purchase, which will in all cases when practicable, be strictly enforced.
WILLIAM DEAN,
Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street. 10918

ORDER OF SALES by auction at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday,
At half-past 10 o'clock,
Kip and harness leather and welts, bridle buckles, &c.
At quarter to 11 o'clock,
5 tons compressed oaten hay
At 11 o'clock prompt,
10 bales three bushel bags, 430 heavy hides, tallow, bacon, hams, pork, cheese, butter, oats, barley, maize, Irish herrings, beef, &c., &c.
At 12 oclock precisely,
A wooden house complete, and fit for immediate shipment
Lot of scantling, &c.
This sale will take place in the yard at the rear of the Mart, to enable purchasers to receive the goods sold previously this week; and intending buyers are particularly requested to be punctual in attendance.
WILLIAM DEAN,
10919 427, George-street.

SATURDAY, half-past 10 o'clock.
Harness and Kip Leather, Welts, Calf Skins, &c., &c.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, THIS DAY, Saturday, 25th June, at half-past 10 o'clock prompt,
150 sides super kip leather
30 ditto ditto harness ditto
6 bridle butts
1 pigskin, dressed
6 gross welts
5 sides calf skins } dressed
9 calf skins }
Terms, cash. 10725

THIS DAY,
At a quarter to 11 o'clock.
OATEN HAY.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, THIS DAY, Saturday, at quarter to 11 o'clock precisely,
5 tons superior compressed oaten hay.
Terms, cash. 10920

THREE BUSHEL HEMP BAGS.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, June 25, at 11 o'clock precisely,
10 bales three-bushel hemp bags.
Terms at sale. 1059

IMPORTANT SALE OF PRODUCE.
Hides, Tallow, Wool, Maize, Oats, Bran, Barley, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Butter, Cheese, Ling Fish, Herrings, Tongues, Beef, &c., &c.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, 25th June, at 11 o'clock precisely,
430 Heavy salted hides, fit for shipment
15 Casks tallow
5 Bales wool
1672 Bushels New Zealand feed oats
375 Bushels seed oats
439 Bushels maize
5 Tons bran
120 English hams
3 Firkins Irish butter
7 Casks ling fish
28 Firkins white herrings
7 Casks beef
55 Casks Irish pork
34 Barrels mess pork
4½ Tons prime Camden bacon
75 Bathurst cheeses
3 Tons Goulburn butter
10 Kegs New Zealand butter
5 Ditto ditto lard
Terms, cash. 10726

WOODEN HOUSE COMPLETE, 24 x 16.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN will sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, 25th June, at 12 o'clock, precisely,
A superior wooden House, built of New Zealand kauri—1½ inch boards, grooved and tongued panelled posts, with a substantial verandah all round, and is divided with partitions into four rooms—with a passage in the centre,—and staircase leading to the attic above.
This house was built expressly to order, without regard to cost,—is now packed,—and fit for immediate shipment.
Also,
About 2000 feet scantling
A lot of cedar boards
Terms at sale. 10724

65 Packages of Homan and Co.'s Boots and Shoes.
Now landing ex Maitland.
MR. WILLIAM DEAN has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, in the long room, at the Australian Auction Mart, 427, George-street, on WEDNSDAY next, the 29th June, at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,
65 packages boots and shoes, all new goods, just landed, from the celebrated house of Homan and Co., London, consisting of
Gent's full dress Wellingtons
Ditto half ditto
Ditto calf Wellingtons
Ditto heavy Wellingtons
Ditto Clarence boots
Ditto Prince George ditto
Ditto calf Oxford, buttoned boots, welts
Ditto clamp sole Cossacks
Ditto Wellington lace shoes
Ditto grained leather riding boots
Ditto ditto Napoleon ditto
Men's water-tight leg boots
Ditto ditto team ditto
Ditto ditto lace ditto
Men's strong hob nailed lace boots
Mens' ditto ditto ditto, tipped heel and toe
Mens' high back blucher boots, hob nailed and sparrow bills
Mens' heavy walking shoes
Boys' and youths' boots and shoes, an excellent assortment
Ladies' black cloth and patent seal Adelaide boots, welts
Ladies' cachmere ditto ditto, ditto
Ladies' cloth and cachmere patent seal boots, welts, B.B.
Ladies' lasting boots, patent fronts, welts, B.B.
Ladies' patent seal slippers, pumps
Ladies' patent seal slippers, welts
Ladies' patent calf slippers, pumps
Ladies' ditto ditto ditto, welts
Ladies' ancle boots, elastic sides
Ladies' gutta percha goloshes
Maids' and women's strong memel boots, welts
Children's cloth boots, welts
Children's patent leather straps, welts, 10 to 13
Children's leather boots, welts, 6 to 9 and 10 to 13
Boys' memel top boots, welts
The whole of these goods are now landing, and intending purchasers are requested to inspect them previous to the sale.
Terms at sale. 10921

HUNTER RIVER—ABBEY GREEN.
Consisting of six thousand Acres.
MR. A. POLACK has received instructions to sell by public auction on an early day (if not previously sold by private contract)
ABBEY GREEN,
Containing six thousand acres of land, with a brick cottage, and many permanent buildings. It is situated about 1½ mile from that improving township, Singleton, having a large river frontage. The whole of this property is fenced in, and nearly cleared.
Title first-rate.
Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, Hunter-street. 10860

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.
35 Valuable Building Allotments, situated in Macquarie-street, adjoining Lyons-terrace. 2 Allotments in Macquarie and Goulburn-streets, opposite Government House entrance — Section 107. 2 Cottages at Bourke street, Woolloomooloo. O'Connell-street, an Allotment 30 feet frontage, and 146 depth. A Splendid Allotment situated in Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.
MR. POLACK has received instructions to sell by public auction, on an early day, the above properties. The plans and specifications are now ready for inspection. Also numerous other properties, the plans not being furnished, but particulars can be given previous to their being advertised, at his present office, Hunter-street. 10861

DARLING DOWNS.
The Three Stations of Halliford, Fleetwood, and Waar Waar, on the Darling Downs, with 8775 Sheep, and capable of carrying 18,000 to 20,000.
MR. POLACK has received instructions from Captain D. C. F. Scott to sell by public auction, on an early day, if not previously sold by private contract,
Those well-known sheep stations and stock in that favoured district, Darling Downs.
These sheep consist of the follow:—

Ewes, aged	1261
3 year off	1200
2 ditto ditto	770
By imported rams	180
1 year off	1110
Weaned	1100

Of these 4500 are put to the rams, and expected to lamb in August or September.

Wedders (aged)	250
2 year off	610
1 ditto ditto	1044
Weaned	1150

Total number of sheep last return, eight thousand seven hundred and seventy-five, and with horses, working bullocks, and stores to be given in.
These stations are situated near the Condamine: the two former are joined together, and are breeding stations, always having yielded a good crop of lambs. The latter is 16 miles distant, and is a fattening run.
These sheep are warranted sound, and never to have been diseased, being the produce of the original stock of Captain Scott, of Bengalla, Hunter River, with the benefit of imported blood. They run in large flocks, and the keeper is one of the most careful and trustworthy in the colony.
The improvements consist of a superintendent's cottage, shingled shearing shed, huts, hurdles.
Stores consist of every thing required for the next coming season, and will be given in.
Every particular required will be fully furnished by application to A. Polack, Hunter-street. 10862

SALTPETRE, BLUESTONE, SEEDS, CASTOR OIL, &c.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd), will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
60 Bags refined saltpetre
4 Kegs bluestone
6 Bags coriander seed
8 Ditto cummin seed
7 Cases castor oil
5 Bales fancy coloured mats
Terms at sale. 10435

Magnesia, Chutney, Curry, Mulligatawny, &c.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
18 bottles calcined magnesia
18 ditto curry paste
18 ditto ditto powder
12 ditto Bengal chutney
24 ditto mulligatawny paste.
100 ditto oil of lemon
Terms at sale. 10555

GLOSTER CHEESE
Mace.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock,
27 cases Glouster truckle cheeses
4 cases mace.
Terms at sale. 10558

To Ship Owners, Shippers of Stock, &c.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock,
1 fore and aft mainsail, for 150 ton schooner
1 square foresail, for ditto or brig
In working order
1 sheep net in four lengths, comprising about fifty fathoms—a most useful article to parties taking sheep overland, or shipping stock.
Terms at sale. 10689

Alum, Cayenne Pepper, Mustard, Muriatic Acid, Sulphur, Soda Carb., &c., &c.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock,
3 casks alum
10 cases West India cayenne pepper
25 ditto Durham mustard
6 carboys muriatic acid
10 cwt. sulphur
20 kegs carbonate soda
Cod liver oil, glycerine, pastile burners and glass tubes, toilet bottles assorted, ruby, opal, topaz
Floating lights, &c.
Terms at sale. 10441

TOBACCO STEMS.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock,
8 bales tobacco stems.
Terms at sale. 10557

MINERS' PICKS, SPADES, STRETCHERS, Money Chests, Dressing Cases, &c., &c.
On account of whom it may concern.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, Sydney, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock,
Ex Bulgersteyn, from Liverpool,
TT § 460, 461 } 2 Casks miners' picks
473—1 Bundle spades
483—1 Ditto iron stretchers
500-02—3 Iron money chests
503 { 1 Ditto ditto ditto; 9 Dressing cases and 1 writing desk
504-507—3 Iron money chests
508-509—2 Ditto ditto ditto
513—1 Cask, 50 hydrot syphon water purifiers
All more or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash. 10691

WEARING APPAREL, PICTURES, &c.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, Sydney, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at half-past 12 o'clock,
A quantity of wearing apparel and personal effects, comprising
3 superfine dress coats
9 blouses, jackets, waistcoats
Moleskin trousers, 1 macintosh, table cloths, &c.
1 Dutch clock complete, and in good order
Glass case, fender, fire irons, &c.
Terms, cash. 10850

HOPS.
On account of whom it may concern.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, Sydney, THIS DAY, Saturday, the 25th instant, at half-past 12 o'clock,
6 pockets hops, more or less damaged
2 bags ditto, ditto ditto
Terms, cash. 10851

FURNITURE, WEARING APPAREL, Jewellery, Boots and Shoes, &c.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, Sydney, on MONDAY next, the 27th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1 Sea couch, with mattress
2 Sets drawers, with secretary tops
1 Pier glass
1 Large D table
2 Toilet ditto
Wash-hand stands, half dozen chairs
5 Large looking glasses
Horsehair sofa
40 Pairs Wellington boots
40 Ditto women's elastics
Small assortment of jewellery
Terms at sale. 10690

WOOL LASHINGS.
On account of whom it may concern.
BOWDEN AND THRELKELD, (successors to George A. Lloyd) have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY next, the 29th instant, at 11 o'clock (on account of whom it may concern),
65 coils wool lashings, more or less damaged
1 bale 27 inch duck ditto ditto
The wool lashings can be examined at the Warehouse of Daniel Cooper, Jun., Esq., corner of Market and George streets, previous to the day of sale.
Terms, cash. 10840

CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Pollard's bonded stores, Queen's-place, on MONDAY, 27th June, at 11 o'clock,
10 cases No. 3 Manila cigars
20 kegs tobacco
40 cases shag tobacco
30 ditto cavendish tobacco, 16 to the lb.
12 boxes superior pound lump
10 half-tierces Kerr's honey dew.
Terms at sale. 10846

SIXTY-SEVEN TRUNKS AND CASES BOOTS AND SHOES.
Preliminary Notice.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, on an early day,
Sixty-seven trunks and cases boots and shoes, comprising
Ladies and gentlemen's boots and shoes, assorted
Thigh and watertight boots
Children's boots and shoes
Overshoes, &c., &c.
The above invoice, having been sent out expressly to order, comprises some of the choicest goods ever imported; and as the whole will be cleared off to the highest bidder, the attention of the trade is particularly requested.
Full particulars will appear in a future advertisement. 10846

WOOLPACKS, WOOLBAGGING, TWINE, &c.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 28th June, at 11 o'clock,
Twenty-four woolpacks
Five pieces woolbagging
One bale twine.
Terms, cash. 10844

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, &c.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 28th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Hardwood joists, boards, &c.
Cedar boards
Window sashes, sills
Office fixtures, &c., &c.
Terms, cash. 10841

BRONZED FENDERS, FIRE-IRONS.
To Ironmongers, General Dealers, &c.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 30th June, at eleven o'clock,
80 bronzed fenders and fire-irons, steel tops.
Terms at sale. 10843

THIRTY-THREE CRATES EARTHENWARE, GLASSWARE, &c., &c.
Just landed, ex Allandale.
MR. RISHWORTH has received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mr. Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 30th June, at 11 o'clock,
Thirty-three crates and casks earthenware and glassware, comprising
Flowing blue and printed bowls and saucers
Printed chambers
Willow plates and dishes
Drab bowls and saucers
Bath, London, and octagon tumblers
&c., &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 10842



THE A1 CLIPPER BRIG COURIER, 233 Tons register.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 1st July, at 12 o'clock precisely,
THE A1 CLIPPER BRIG COURIER, Register 233 tons. Carries 350 tons.
This vessel came out of dock at Greenock in August, 1852, being rebuilt there at a cost of £2800, and is in every respect a new vessel. She stands A1 at Lloyds for five years, and upon inspection (which is courted) will be found to be most substantially and faithfully built, and fastened in so superior a manner as is rarely to be met with. She is abundantly supplied in Sails, Gear, and Stores, everything on board being new.
She has 'Tween Decks fitted for 100 passengers: separate cabins, and every other convenience that can be desired.
She has on board 2 full Suits of Sails, besides extra sails, and an assortment of Stores too numerous to be advertised, a correct inventory of which will be printed, and can be procured at the Rooms of the Auctioneer. The following, however, may be enumerated—
2 Bower Anchors, stream and kedge
2 Cables, each 120 fathoms
2 new Stream Hawsers
1 new Warp
1 new Life Boat
1 Carvel-built Long Boat, with sails and oars
A large quantity of new Gear in coil
Double Winch, crab ditto, jack screws
New Galley and Round House
Patent Windlass
About 10 tons Kentledge
Awning, Flags, Cabin Furniture, Beds and Bedding, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, and a large number of other stores, all of which will be sold with the vessel
Together with
A superior Chronometer, Sympiesometer Compasses and Spyglass, &c.
The Auctioneer begs to call particular attention to the sale of this smart craft, so good an opportunity rarely occurring in the shipping line for the investment of money. It needs only inspection to satisfy the most fastidious that so fine a vessel, so complete in stores, is seldom in the market; and at a time like the present, when freights are abundant and command a high figure, a property like this must soon lead to an independence.
The brig is lying off the Flour Company's Wharf, where she can be inspected until the day of sale.
TERMS—One-third cash, one-third at three months, and the remainder at six months, by approved bills, the latter bill bearing bank interest. 10829

COMFORTABLE HOME,
Neat Cottage in Campbell's Lane, Sydney.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 5th July, at 11 o'clock,
A neat Four-roomed COTTAGE, in Campbell's Lane, close to Elizabeth-street South, with a frontage of 23 feet 6 inches, by a depth of 73 feet.
This Cottage is built of brick, with stone foundations, and the rooms are so arranged that it can be turned into two Cottages, with front and back doors, fire-places and yards complete. It is in first-rate order and condition, having been recently painted and furnished with eaves, guttering, and pipes. It is at present let at 20s. per week, but in the scarcity of residences of this description, a much higher rent might be obtained by subdividing the premises.
The whole has the advantage of a passage through the back yard.
Mr. Mort begs to call the attention of small capitalists to this lucrative investment, and recommends intending purchasers to inspect the premises.
N.B. Enquire for Cavanagh's cottage near the Cheshire Cheese.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale. 10822

Monthly Sales.
PARRAMATTA MARKET.
MR. S. P. DREW begs to inform the inhabitants of Parramatta and district that it is his intention to hold Monthly Sales for Horses, Cattle, Furniture, or any other property that may be placed in his hands, on the first Tuesday in every month.
Terms liberal.
N.B.—Cash advanced on goods for immediate sale. 10746

SALE BY AUCTION.
MR. S. P. DREW will sell by auction at Mr. J. W. Curran's, Glasgow Arms, Church street, Parramatta, on MONDAY, 27th June, at 11 o'clock,
Household Furniture, consisting of
Cane-bottom and other chairs, tables
Bedsteads, cheffoniers, sofas, stretchers
Crockery, glass, bar fixtures
Spirit fountain; table, bracket, and other lamps
Stock-in-trade
And sundry other articles too numerous to mention. 10744

GENERAL NOTICE.
THE Agents of this Journal in various parts of the colony are as follows:—
WESTERN.
Parramatta and Ryde—Mr. Hugh Taylor.
Windsor, Richmond, Wilberforce, Pitt Town, and Portland Head—Mr. Laban White.
Penrith, and St. Mary's, South Creek—Mr. Charles Cottrell.
Hartley, Bowenfells—Mr. M'Lennan.
Bathurst, Carcoar, Wellington, and O'Connell Plains—Mr. C. W. Croaker
Mudgee.—Mr. John Dickson.
Sofala, Turon—Mr. Jonathan Cram.
SOUTHERN.
Liverpool—Mr. Ernest Goertz
Campbelltown, Camden, Picton, and Appin—Mr. John Brown.
Berrima—Mr. Joseph Levy.
Goulburn, Marulan, and Bungonia—Mr. Robt. Craig.
Queanbeyan—Mr. James John Wright.
Yass—Mr. Thomas Laidlaw.
Gundagai, Aldbury, &c.—Robert Davison and Co.
Melbourne—Messrs. Mortimer and Son.
Illawarra district - Mr. Hewlett.
NORTHERN.
Maitland, Paterson, Gresford, Hinton, Hexham, Dungog, Newcastle, Morpeth, and Wollombi—Mr. Alexander Dodds.
Raymond Terrace—Mr. W. P. Peek.
Singleton and Jerry's Plains—Mr. John Lumley.
Muswellbrook—Mr. George Denshire.
Murrurundi, Tamworth, and Armidale—Mr. Alexander Brodie.
THE COAST.
Port Fairy, Belfast.—Mr. Alexander Monteith
Clarence River—Henry Alderson, Postmaster, South Grafton
Wide Bay, Gayndah.—Mr. Alexander Walker, Postmaster.
Brisbane, Moreton Bay—Mr. Samuel Stevens,
Port Macquarie and M'Leay River—Mr. H. Tozer.
Hobart Town and Launceston—Mr. Cozens.
Eden, Pambula, and Bombalo, Cooma—Mr. Henry Kesterton.
The agents are furnished with the usual *yellow* receipts, signed by the proprietors, KEMP AND FAIRFAX, and none others are acknowledged as genuine.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—
TERMS:
SUBSCRIPTION—£3 per annum.
ADVERTISEMENTS—Four lines, 3s. eight lines. 4s.; every additional eight lines, 1s. 4d.

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